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# **pyglotaran Documentation**

***Release 0.3.0***

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## **CONTENTS:**

<b>1</b>	<b>Introduction</b>	<b>1</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>Installation</b>	<b>3</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>Quickstart/Cheat-Sheet</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>History</b>	<b>15</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>Authors</b>	<b>17</b>
<b>6</b>	<b>Overview</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>7</b>	<b>Data IO</b>	<b>21</b>
<b>8</b>	<b>Plotting</b>	<b>23</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>Modelling</b>	<b>25</b>
<b>10</b>	<b>Parameter</b>	<b>27</b>
<b>11</b>	<b>Optimizing</b>	<b>29</b>
<b>12</b>	<b>API Documentation</b>	<b>31</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>Contributing</b>	<b>223</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>Indices and tables</b>	<b>227</b>
	<b>Bibliography</b>	<b>229</b>
	<b>Python Module Index</b>	<b>231</b>
	<b>Index</b>	<b>233</b>



## **INTRODUCTION**

Pyglotaran is a python library for global analysis of time-resolved spectroscopy data. It is designed to provide a state of the art modeling toolbox to researchers, in a user-friendly manner.

Its features are:

- user-friendly modeling with a custom YAML (\*.yml) based modeling language
- parameter optimization using variable projection and non-negative least-squares algorithms
- easy to extend modeling framework
- battle-hardened model and algorithms for fluorescence dynamics
- build upon and fully integrated in the standard Python science stack (NumPy, SciPy, Jupyter)

### **1.1 A Note To Glotaran Users**

Although closely related and developed in the same lab, pyglotaran is not a replacement for Glotaran - A GUI For TIMP. Pyglotaran only aims to provide the modeling and optimization framework and algorithms. It is of course possible to develop a new GUI which leverages the power of pyglotaran (contributions welcome).

The current ‘user-interface’ for pyglotaran is Jupyter Notebook. It is designed to seamlessly integrate in this environment and be compatible with all major visualization and data analysis tools in the scientific python environment.

If you are a non-technical user, you should give these tools a try, there are numerous tutorials how to use them. You don’t need to really learn to program. If you can use e.g. Matlab or Mathematica, you can use Jupyter and Python.



## INSTALLATION

### 2.1 Prerequisites

- Python 3.6 or later

#### 2.1.1 Windows

The easiest way of getting Python (and some basic tools to work with it) in Windows is to use [Anaconda](#), which provides python.

You will need a terminal for the installation. One is provided by *Anaconda* and is called *Anaconda Console*. You can find it in the start menu.

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**Note:** If you use a Windows Shell like cmd.exe or PowerShell, you might have to prefix '\$PATH\_TO\_ANACONDA/' to all commands (e.g. *C:/Anaconda/pip.exe* instead of *pip*)

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### 2.2 Stable release

**Warning:** pyglotaran is early development, so for the moment stable releases are sparse and outdated. We try to keep the master code stable, so please install from source for now.

This is the preferred method to install pyglotaran, as it will always install the most recent stable release.

To install pyglotaran, run this command in your terminal:

```
$ pip install pyglotaran
```

If you don't have `pip` installed, this [Python installation guide](#) can guide you through the process.

If you want to install it via `conda`, you can run the following command:

```
$ conda install -c conda-forge pyglotaran
```

## 2.3 From sources

First you have to install or update some dependencies.

Within a terminal:

```
$ pip install -U numpy scipy Cython
```

Alternatively, for Anaconda users:

```
$ conda install numpy scipy Cython
```

Afterwards you can simply use `pip` to install it directly from [Github](#).

```
$ pip install git+https://github.com/glotaran/pyglotaran.git
```

For updating pyglotaran, just re-run the command above.

If you prefer to manually download the source files, you can find them on [Github](#). Alternatively you can clone them with `git` (preferred):

```
$ git clone https://github.com/glotaran/pyglotaran.git
```

Within a terminal, navigate to directory where you have unpacked or cloned the code and enter

```
$ pip install -e .
```

For updating, simply download and unpack the newest version (or run `$ git pull` in pyglotaran directory if you used `git`) and re-run the command above.

---

## CHAPTER THREE

---

### QUICKSTART/CHEAT-SHEET

**Warning:** pyglotaran is in very early stage of development. You should not use it for actual science at the moment.

To start using pyglotaran in your project, you have to import it first. In addition we need to import some extra components for later use.

```
In [1]: import glotaran as gta
In [2]: from glotaran.analysis.optimize import optimize
In [3]: from glotaran.analysis.scheme import Scheme
```

Let us get some data to analyze:

```
In [4]: from glotaran.examples.sequential import dataset
In [5]: dataset
Out[5]:
<xarray.Dataset>
Dimensions:  (spectral: 72, time: 2100)
Coordinates:
 * time      (time) float64 -1.0 -0.99 -0.98 -0.97 ... 19.96 19.97 19.98 19.99
   * spectral  (spectral) float64 600.0 601.4 602.8 604.2 ... 696.6 698.0 699.4
Data variables:
    data      (time, spectral) float64 0.004229 0.03016 0.004733 ... 1.714 1.543
```

Like all data in pyglotaran, the dataset is a `xarray.Dataset`. You can find more information about the `xarray` library the [xarray homepage](#).

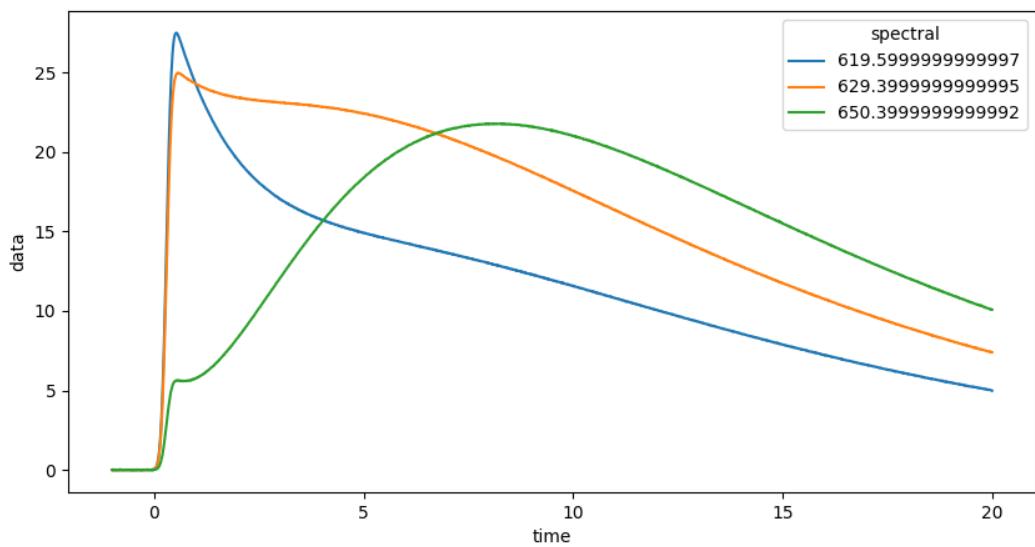
The loaded dataset is a simulated sequential model.

To plot our data, we must first import matplotlib.

```
In [6]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

Now we can plot some time traces.

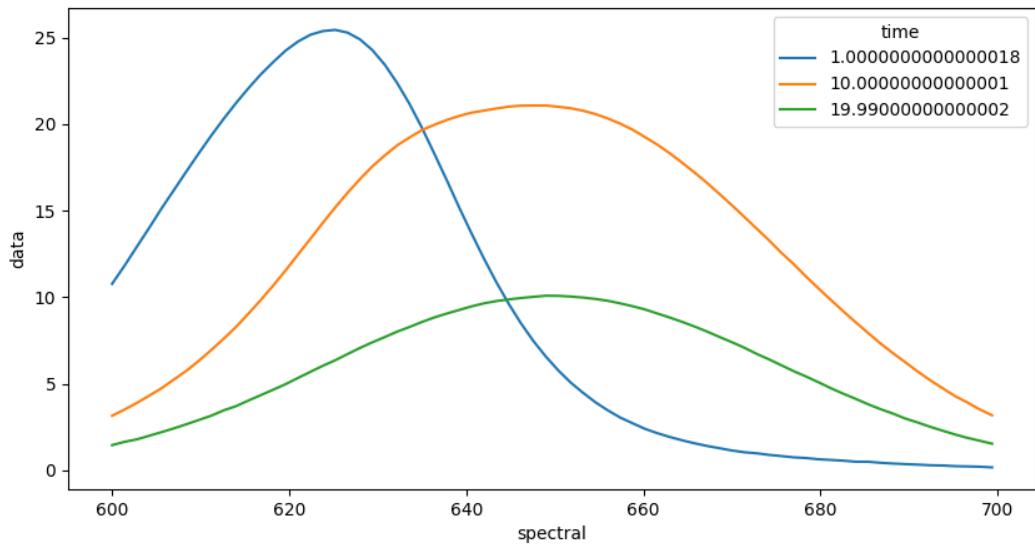
```
In [7]: plot_data = dataset.data.sel(spectral=[620, 630, 650], method='nearest')
In [8]: plot_data.plot.line(x='time', aspect=2, size=5);
```



We can also plot spectra at different times.

```
In [9]: plot_data = dataset.data.sel(time=[1, 10, 20], method='nearest')
```

```
In [10]: plot_data.plot.line(x='spectral', aspect=2, size=5);
```



To get an idea about how to model your data, you should inspect the singular value decomposition. Pyglotaran has a function to calculate it (among other things).

```
In [11]: dataset = gta.io.prepare_time_trace_dataset(dataset)
```

```
In [12]: dataset
```

```
Out[12]:
```

```
<xarray.Dataset>
```

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```

Dimensions:                                (left_singular_value_index: 2100, right_singular_
    ↪value_index: 72, singular_value_index: 72, spectral: 72, time: 2100)
Coordinates:
  * time                               (time) float64 -1.0 -0.99 -0.98 ... 19.98 19.99
  * spectral                            (spectral) float64 600.0 601.4 ... 698.0 699.4
Dimensions without coordinates: left_singular_value_index, right_singular_value_index,
    ↪ singular_value_index
Data variables:
  data                               (time, spectral) float64 0.004229 ... 1.543
  data_left_singular_vectors          (time, left_singular_value_index) float64 -1...
  data_singular_values                (singular_value_index) float64 4.62e+03 ... ...
  data_right_singular_vectors        (right_singular_value_index, spectral) float64 ...

```

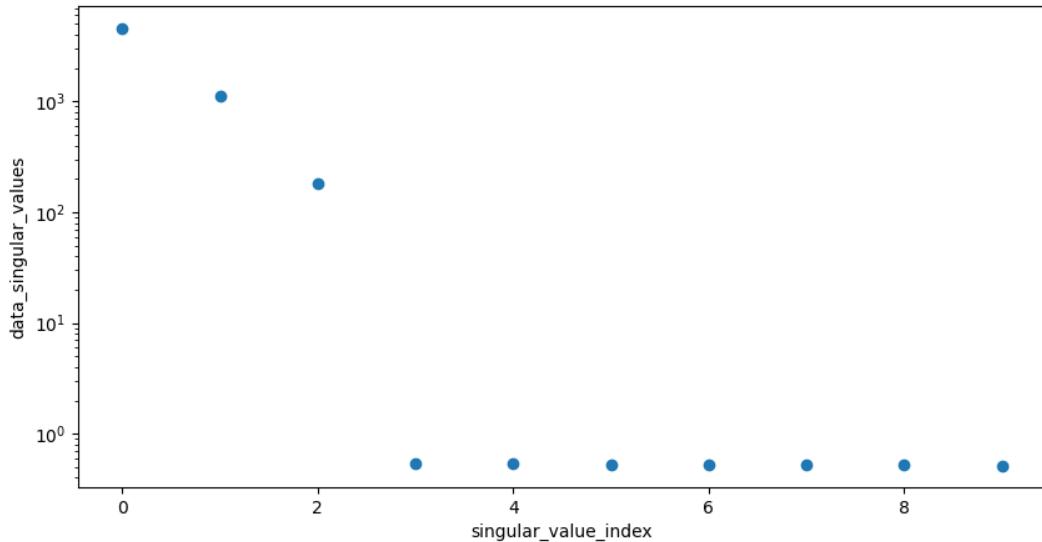
First, take a look at the first 10 singular values:

```

In [13]: plot_data = dataset.data_singular_values.sel(singular_value_index=range(0,_
    ↪10))

In [14]: plot_data.plot(yscale='log', marker='o', linewidth=0, aspect=2, size=5);

```



To analyze our data, we need to create a model. Create a file called `model.py` in your working directory and fill it with the following:

```

type: kinetic-spectrum

initial_concentration:
  input:
    compartments: [s1, s2, s3]
    parameters: [input.1, input.0, input.0]

k_matrix:
  k1:
    matrix:
      (s2, s1): kinetic.1

```

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```

(s3, s2): kinetic.2
(s3, s3): kinetic.3

megacomplex:
    m1:
        k_matrix: [k1]

irf:
    irf1:
        type: gaussian
        center: irf.center
        width: irf.width

dataset:
    dataset1:
        initial_concentration: input
        megacomplex: [m1]
        irf: irf1

```

Now you can load the model file.

```
In [15]: model = gta.read_model_from_yaml_file('model.yml')
```

You can check your model for problems with `model.validate`.

```
In [16]: print(model.validate())
Your model is valid.
```

Now define some starting parameters. Create a file called `parameters.yml` with the following content.

```

input:
    - ['1', 1, {'vary': False, 'non-negative': False}]
    - ['0', 0, {'vary': False, 'non-negative': False}]

kinetic:
    [
        0.5,
        0.3,
        0.1,
    ]

irf:
    - ['center', 0.3]
    - ['width', 0.1]

```

```
In [17]: parameters = gta.read_parameters_from_yaml_file('parameters.yml')
```

You can `model.validate` also to check for missing parameters.

```
In [18]: print(model.validate(parameters=parameters))
Your model is valid.
```

Since not all problems in the model can be detected automatically it is wise to visually inspect the model. For this purpose, you can just print the model.

```
In [19]: print(model)
# Model
```

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```

_Type_: kinetic-spectrum

## Initial Concentration

* **input**:
  * *Label*: input
  * *Compartments*: ['s1', 's2', 's3']
  * *Parameters*: [input.1, input.0, input.0]
  * *Exclude From Normalize*: []

## K Matrix

* **k1**:
  * *Label*: k1
  * *Matrix*:
    * *('s2', 's1')*: kinetic.1
    * *('s3', 's2')*: kinetic.2
    * *('s3', 's3')*: kinetic.3

## Irf

* **irf1** (gaussian):
  * *Label*: irf1
  * *Type*: gaussian
  * *Center*: irf.center
  * *Width*: irf.width
  * *Normalize*: False
  * *Backsweep*: False

## Dataset

* **dataset1**:
  * *Label*: dataset1
  * *Megacomplex*: ['m1']
  * *Initial Concentration*: input
  * *Irf*: irf1

## Megacomplex

* **m1**:
  * *Label*: m1
  * *K Matrix*: ['k1']

```

The same way you should inspect your parameters.

```
In [20]: print(parameters)
* __None__:
* __input__:
  * __1__: _Value_: 1.0, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: False, _
  ↵Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
  * __0__: _Value_: 0.0, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: False, _
  ↵Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
* __kinetic__:
  * __1__: _Value_: 0.5, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-
  ↵Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
```

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```
* __2__: _Value_: 0.3, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-
→Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
* __3__: _Value_: 0.1, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-
→Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
* __irf__:
  * __center__: _Value_: 0.3, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-
→Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
  * __width__: _Value_: 0.1, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-
→Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
```

Now we have everything together to optimize our parameters. First we import optimize.

```
In [21]: scheme = Scheme(model, parameters, {'dataset1': dataset})

In [22]: result = optimize(scheme)
          Iteration      Total nfev        Cost      Cost reduction      Step norm
→Optimality
          0                  1      7.5908e+00
→72e+01
          1                  2      7.5907e+00      1.35e-04      1.07e-04      1.57e-
→01
          2                  3      7.5907e+00      2.24e-10      1.92e-08      6.62e-
→06
`ftol` termination condition is satisfied.
Function evaluations 3, initial cost 7.5908e+00, final cost 7.5907e+00, first-order
→optimality 6.62e-06.

In [23]: print(result)
Optimization Result           |
-----|-----|
Number of residual evaluation |      3 |
      Number of variables |      5 |
      Number of datapoints | 151200 |
      Degrees of freedom | 151195 |
      Chi Square | 1.52e+01 |
      Reduced Chi Square | 1.00e-04 |
Root Mean Square Error (RMSE) | 1.00e-02 |
```

```
In [24]: print(result.optimized_parameters)
* __None__:
  * __input__:
    * __1__: _Value_: 1.0, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: False, _Non-
→Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
    * __0__: _Value_: 0.0, _StdErr_: 0.0, _Min_: -inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: False, _Non-
→Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
  * __kinetic__:
    * __1__: _Value_: 0.49990170497213715, _StdErr_: 0.0072604315075739745, _Min_:
→-inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
    * __2__: _Value_: 0.3000421579328798, _StdErr_: 0.004195787756618939, _Min_:
→-inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
    * __3__: _Value_: 0.09999809513191878, _StdErr_: 0.0004780267028974973, _Min_:
→-inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
  * __irf__:
    * __center__: _Value_: 0.29999401098904216, _StdErr_: 0.0005010840353728522, _Min_:
→-inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
    * __width__: _Value_: 0.0999983570632427, _StdErr_: 0.0006703827938132203, _Min_:
→-inf, _Max_: inf, _Vary_: True, _Non-Negative_: False, _Expr_: None
```

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You can get the resulting data for your dataset with `result.get_dataset`.

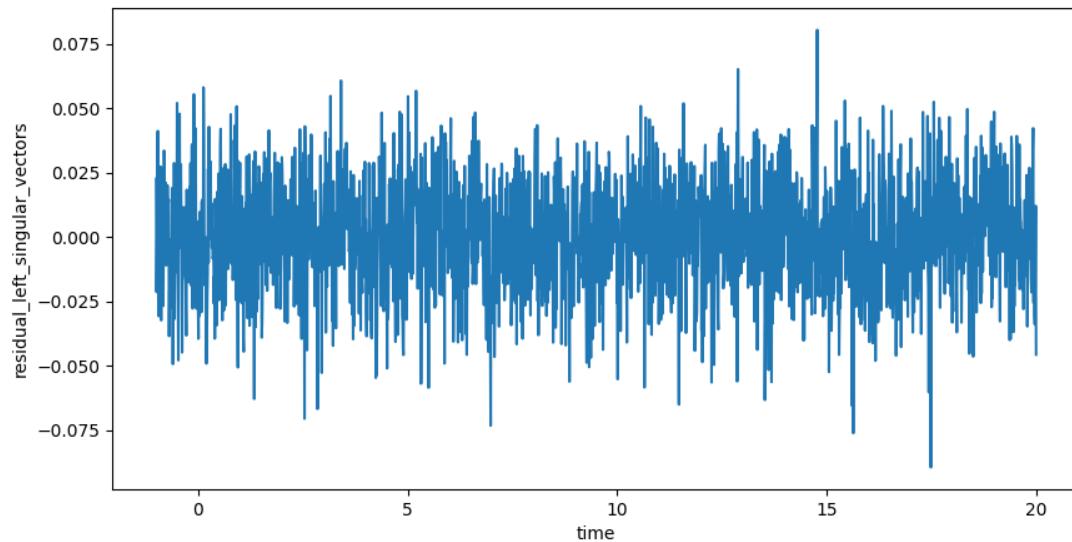
```
In [25]: result_dataset = result.get_dataset('dataset1')

In [26]: result_dataset
Out[26]:
<xarray.Dataset>
Dimensions:                               (clp_label: 3, component: 3, from_
                                         species: 3, left_singular_value_index: 2100, right_singular_value_index: 72,_
                                         singular_value_index: 72, species: 3, spectral: 72, time: 2100, to_species: 3)
Coordinates:
* time                                (time) float64 -1.0 ... 19.99
* spectral                            (spectral) float64 600.0 ... 699.4
* clp_label                           (clp_label) <U2 's1' 's2' 's3'
* species                            (species) <U2 's1' 's2' 's3'
    rate                                (component) float64 -0.4999 .....
    lifetime                            (component) float64 -2.0 ... -10.0
* to_species                          (to_species) <U2 's1' 's2' 's3'
* from_species                       (from_species) <U2 's1' 's2' 's3'
Dimensions without coordinates: component, left_singular_value_index, right_singular_
                                 value_index, singular_value_index
Data variables:
    data                                (time, spectral) float64 0.0042...
    data_left_singular_vectors          (time, left_singular_value_index) ...
                                         <float64 ...
                                         (singular_value_index) float64 ...
                                         (spectral, right_singular_value_index) ...
                                         <float64 ...
                                         (time, clp_label) float64 6.082...
                                         (spectral, clp_label) float64 1...
                                         (time, spectral) float64 0.0042...
                                         (time, spectral) float64 0.0042...
                                         (time, left_singular_value_index) ...
                                         <float64 ...
                                         (right_singular_value_index, spectral) ...
                                         (singular_value_index) float64 ...
                                         (time, left_singular_value_index) ...
                                         <float64 ...
                                         (right_singular_value_index, spectral) ...
                                         (singular_value_index) float64 ...
                                         (time, left_singular_value_index) ...
                                         <float64 ...
                                         (right_singular_value_index, spectral) ...
                                         (singular_value_index) float64 ...
                                         (time, spectral) float64 -4.416...
                                         (spectral, species) float64 15....
                                         (time, species) float64 6.082e...
                                         (spectral, component) float64 2...
                                         (component, species) float64 1....
                                         (to_species, from_species) float64 ...
                                         (to_species, from_species) float64 ...
                                         float64 0.3
                                         float64 0.1
                                         (time) float64 2.001e-37 ... 0.0
Attributes:
    root_mean_square_error:           0.010020292428676811
    weighted_root_mean_square_error:  0.010020292428676811
```

The resulting data can be visualized the same way as the dataset. To judge the quality of the fit, you should look at first left and right singular vectors of the residual.

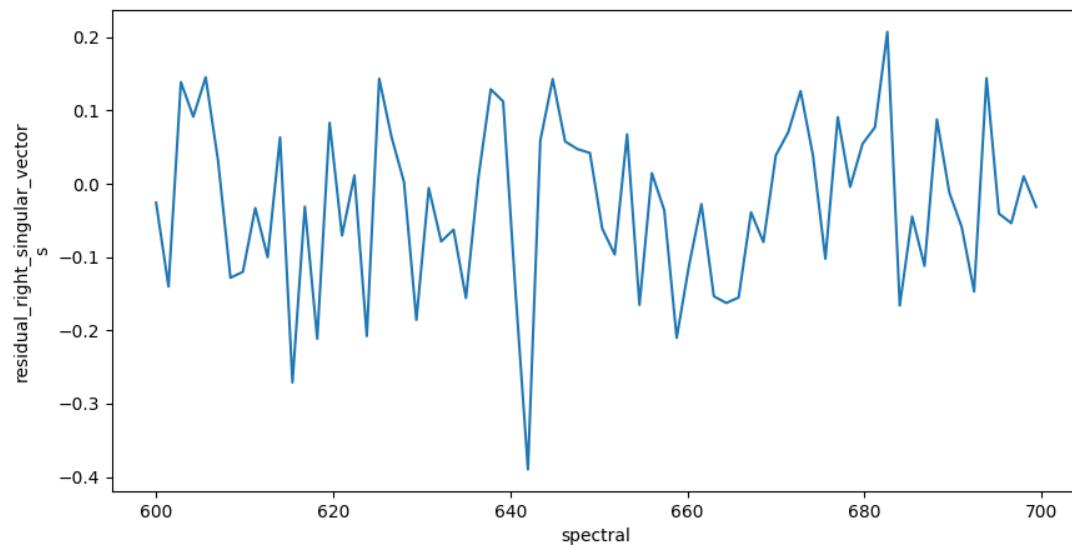
```
In [27]: plot_data = result_dataset.residual_left_singular_vectors.sel(left_singular_
˓→value_index=0)
```

```
In [28]: plot_data.plot.line(x='time', aspect=2, size=5);
```



```
In [29]: plot_data = result_dataset.residual_right_singular_vectors.sel(right_
˓→singular_value_index=0)
```

```
In [30]: plot_data.plot.line(x='spectral', aspect=2, size=5);
```



Finally, you can save your result.

```
In [31]: result_dataset.to_netcdf('dataset1.nc')
```



---

**CHAPTER  
FOUR**

---

**HISTORY**

## **4.1 0.3.0 (2021-02-11)**

- Significant code refactor with small API changes to parameter relation specification (see docs)
- Replaced lmfit with scipy.optimize

## **4.2 0.2.0 (2020-12-02)**

- Large refactor with significant improvements but also small API changes (see docs)
- Removed doas plugin

## **4.3 0.1.0 (2020-07-14)**

- Package was renamed to pyglotaran on PyPi

## **4.4 0.0.8 (2018-08-07)**

- Changed nan\_policy to omit

## **4.5 0.0.7 (2018-08-07)**

- Added support for multiple shapes per compartment.

## **4.6 0.0.6 (2018-08-07)**

- First release on PyPI, support for Windows installs added.
- Pre-Alpha Development

## 5.1 Development Lead

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## 5.3 Special Thanks

- Stefan Schuetz
- Sergey P. Laptenok

## 5.4 Supervision

- dr. Ivo H.M. van Stokkum <[i.h.m.van.stokkum@vu.nl](mailto:i.h.m.van.stokkum@vu.nl)> ([VU University profile](#), [personal homepage](#))

## 5.5 Original publications

1. Snellenburg JJ, Laptenok SP, Seger R, Mullen KM, van Stokkum IHM (2012). “Glotaran: A Java-Based Graphical User Interface for the R Package TIMP.” *Journal of Statistical Software*, 49(3), 1–22. URL <http://www.jstatsoft.org/v49/i03/>.
2. Mullen, Katharine, & Ivo H. M. van Stokkum. “TIMP: An R Package for Modeling Multi-way Spectroscopic Measurements.” *Journal of Statistical Software [Online]*, 18.3 (2007): 1 - 46. Web. 25 Jul. URL <https://www.jstatsoft.org/article/view/v018i03>
3. van Stokkum, IHM, Delmar S. Larsen, and Rienk van Grondelle. “Global and target analysis of time-resolved spectra.” *Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (BBA)-Bioenergetics* 1657.2-3 (2004): 82-104. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bbabi.2004.04.011>



---

**CHAPTER  
SIX**

---

**OVERVIEW**



---

**CHAPTER  
SEVEN**

---

**DATA IO**



---

**CHAPTER  
EIGHT**

---

**PLOTTING**



---

**CHAPTER  
NINE**

---

**MODELLING**



---

**CHAPTER**

**TEN**

---

**PARAMETER**



---

CHAPTER  
**ELEVEN**

---

**OPTIMIZING**



---

CHAPTER  
TWELVE

---

## API DOCUMENTATION

The API Documentation for pyglotaran is automatically created from its docstrings.

---

*glotaran*

---

Glotaran package `__init__.py`

---

### 12.1 glotaran

Glotaran package `__init__.py`

#### Modules

---

*glotaran.analysis*

---

This package contains functions for model simulation and fitting.

---

*glotaran.builtin*

---

*glotaran.cli*

---

*glotaran.examples*

---

*glotaran.io*

---

Functions for data IO

---

*glotaran.model*

---

Glotaran Model Package

---

*glotaran.parameter*

---

*glotaran.parse*

---

Glotarans parsing package

---

#### 12.1.1 analysis

This package contains functions for model simulation and fitting.

## Modules

<code>glotaran.analysis.nnls</code>	Functions for calculating conditionally linear parameters and residual with the non-negative least-squares method.
<code>glotaran.analysis.optimize</code>	
<code>glotaran.analysis.problem</code>	
<code>glotaran.analysis.result</code>	The result class for global analysis.
<code>glotaran.analysis.scheme</code>	
<code>glotaran.analysis.simulation</code>	Functions for simulating a global analysis model.
<code>glotaran.analysis.variable_projection</code>	Functions for calculating conditionally linear parameters and residual with the variable projection method.

### nnls

Functions for calculating conditionally linear parameters and residual with the non-negative least-squares method.

#### Functions

##### Summary

<code>residual_nnls</code>	Calculate the conditionally linear parameters and residual with the nnls method.
----------------------------	--

##### residual\_nnls

```
glotaran.analysis.nnls.residual_nnls(matrix: numpy.ndarray, data:  
                                         numpy.ndarray) → Tuple[List[str],  
                                         numpy.ndarray]
```

Calculate the conditionally linear parameters and residual with the nnls method.

nnls stands for ‘non-negative least-squares’.

##### Parameters

- **matrix** – The model matrix.
- **data** (`np.ndarray`) – The data to analyze.

## optimize

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`optimize`

---

`optimize_problem`

---

#### optimize

```
glotaran.analysis.optimize.optimize(scheme: glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme,  
                                verbose: bool = True) →  
                                glotaran.analysis.result.Result
```

#### optimize\_problem

```
glotaran.analysis.optimize.optimize_problem(problem:  
                                              glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem,  
                                              verbose: bool = True) →  
                                              glotaran.analysis.result.Result
```

## problem

### Classes

#### Summary

---

`GroupedProblem`

---

`GroupedProblemDescriptor`

---

`LabelAndMatrix`

---

<code>Problem</code>	A Problem class
<code>ProblemDescriptor</code>	

---

## GroupedProblem

```
class glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem(data, weight, has_scaling,
                                                group, data_sizes, descriptor)
```

Bases: `tuple`

Create new instance of GroupedProblem(data, weight, has\_scaling, group, data\_sizes, descriptor)

### Attributes Summary

<code>data</code>	Alias for field number 0
<code>data_sizes</code>	Holds the sizes of the concatenated datasets.
<code>descriptor</code>	Alias for field number 5
<code>group</code>	The concatenated labels of the involved datasets.
<code>has_scaling</code>	Indicates if at least one dataset in the group needs scaling.
<code>weight</code>	Alias for field number 1

#### `data`

GroupedProblem.`data`: `numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 0

#### `data_sizes`

GroupedProblem.`data_sizes`: `List[int]`  
Holds the sizes of the concatenated datasets.

#### `descriptor`

GroupedProblem.`descriptor`: `glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor`  
Alias for field number 5

#### `group`

GroupedProblem.`group`: `str`  
The concatenated labels of the involved datasets.

**has\_scaling**GroupedProblem.**has\_scaling**: bool

Indicates if at least one dataset in the group needs scaling.

**weight**GroupedProblem.**weight**: numpy.ndarray

Alias for field number 1

**Methods Summary**

<code>count</code>	Return number of occurrences of value.
<code>index</code>	Return first index of value.

**count**GroupedProblem.**count** (value, /)

Return number of occurrences of value.

**index**GroupedProblem.**index** (value, start=0, stop=sys.maxsize, /)

Return first index of value.

Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

**Methods Documentation****count** (value, /)

Return number of occurrences of value.

**data**: numpy.ndarray

Alias for field number 0

**data\_sizes**: List[int]

Holds the sizes of the concatenated datasets.

**descriptor**: glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor

Alias for field number 5

**group**: str

The concatenated labels of the involved datasets.

**has\_scaling**: bool

Indicates if at least one dataset in the group needs scaling.

**index** (value, start=0, stop=sys.maxsize, /)

Return first index of value.

Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

**weight:** `numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 1

### GroupedProblemDescriptor

**class** `glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor(label, index, axis)`  
Bases: `tuple`  
Create new instance of GroupedProblemDescriptor(label, index, axis)

#### Attributes Summary

<code>axis</code>	Alias for field number 2
<code>index</code>	Alias for field number 1
<code>label</code>	Alias for field number 0

#### axis

`GroupedProblemDescriptor.axis:` `numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 2

#### index

`GroupedProblemDescriptor.index:` `Any`  
Alias for field number 1

#### label

`GroupedProblemDescriptor.label:` `str`  
Alias for field number 0

#### Methods Summary

<code>count</code>	Return number of occurrences of value.
--------------------	--

**count**

GroupedProblemDescriptor.**count** (*value*, /)  
Return number of occurrences of value.

**Methods Documentation**

**axis:** `numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 2

**count** (*value*, /)  
Return number of occurrences of value.

**index:** `Any`  
Alias for field number 1

**label:** `str`  
Alias for field number 0

**LabelAndMatrix**

**class** glotaran.analysis.problem.**LabelAndMatrix** (*clp\_label*, *matrix*)

Bases: `tuple`

Create new instance of LabelAndMatrix(*clp\_label*, *matrix*)

**Attributes Summary**

<code>clp_label</code>	Alias for field number 0
<code>matrix</code>	Alias for field number 1

**clp\_label**

LabelAndMatrix.**clp\_label**: `List[str]`  
Alias for field number 0

## matrix

`LabelAndMatrix.matrix: numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 1

### Methods Summary

<code>count</code>	Return number of occurrences of value.
<code>index</code>	Return first index of value.

#### count

`LabelAndMatrix.count (value, /)`  
Return number of occurrences of value.

#### index

`LabelAndMatrix.index (value, start=0, stop=sys.maxsize, /)`  
Return first index of value.  
Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

### Methods Documentation

`clp_label: List[str]`  
Alias for field number 0

`count (value, /)`  
Return number of occurrences of value.

`index (value, start=0, stop=sys.maxsize, /)`  
Return first index of value.  
Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

`matrix: numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 1

## Problem

`class glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem(scheme:`  
`glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme)`

Bases: `object`

A Problem class

Initializes the Problem class from a scheme (`glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme`)

#### Args:

**scheme (Scheme):** An instance of `glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme` which defines your model, parameters, and data

## Attributes Summary

---

`additional_penalty`

---

`bag`

---

`clp_labels`

---

`clps`

---

`data`

---

`filled_dataset_descriptors`

---

`full_penalty`

---

`grouped`

---

`groups`

---

`index_dependent`

---

`matrices`

---

`model` Property providing access to the used model

---

`parameters`

---

`reduced_clp_labels`

---

`reduced_clps`

---

`reduced_matrices`

---

`residuals`

---

`scheme` Property providing access to the used scheme

---

`weighted_residuals`

---

### **additional\_penalty**

`Problem.additional_penalty`

**bag**

`Problem.bag`

**clp\_labels**

`Problem.clp_labels`

**clps**

`Problem.clps`

**data**

`Problem.data`

**filled\_dataset\_descriptors**

`Problem.filled_dataset_descriptors`

**full\_penalty**

`Problem.full_penalty`

**grouped**

`Problem.grouped`

**groups**

`Problem.groups`

**index\_dependent**

`Problem.index_dependent`

## matrices

Problem.matrices

## model

Problem.model

Property providing access to the used model

The model is a subclass of `glotaran.model.Model` decorated with the `@model` decorator `glotaran.model.model_decorator.model`. For an example implementation see e.g. `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum`

Returns:

**Model: A subclass of `glotaran.model.Model`** The model must be decorated with the `@model` decorator `glotaran.model.model_decorator.model`

## parameters

Problem.parameters

## reduced\_clp\_labels

Problem.reduced\_clp\_labels

## reduced\_clps

Problem.reduced\_clps

## reduced\_matrices

Problem.reduced\_matrices

## residuals

Problem.residuals

## scheme

Problem.scheme

Property providing access to the used scheme

Returns:

**Scheme: An instance of `glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme`** Provides access to data, model, parameters and optimization arguments.

## weighted\_residuals

Problem.**weighted\_residuals**

### Methods Summary

<code>calculate_additional_penalty</code>	Calculates additional penalties by calling the model.additional_penalty function.
<code>calculate_index_dependent_grouped_matrices</code>	
<code>calculate_index_dependent_grouped_residual</code>	
<code>calculate_index_dependent_ungrouped_matrices</code>	
<code>calculate_index_dependent_ungrouped_residual</code>	
<code>calculate_index_independent_grouped_matrices</code>	
<code>calculate_index_independent_grouped_residual</code>	
<code>calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_matrices</code>	
<code>calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_residual</code>	
<code>calculate_matrices</code>	
<code>calculate_residual</code>	
<code>create_result_data</code>	
<code>reset</code>	Resets all results and <i>DatasetDescriptors</i> .

### calculate\_additional\_penalty

Problem.**calculate\_additional\_penalty**() → Union[numpy.ndarray, Dict[str, numpy.ndarray]]

Calculates additional penalties by calling the model.additional\_penalty function.

### calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_matrices

Problem.**calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_matrices**() → Tuple[Dict[str, List[List[str]]], Dict[str, List[numpy.ndarray]], List[List[str]], List[numpy.ndarray]]

**calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_residual**

```
Problem.calculate_index_dependent_grouped_residual()    →    Tu-
                                                       ple[List[numpy.ndarray],
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray],
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray],
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]]
```

**calculate\_index\_dependent\_ungrouped\_matrices**

```
Problem.calculate_index_dependent_ungrouped_matrices()    →    Tu-
                                                       ple[Dict[str,
                                                       List[List[str]]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[str]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]]]
```

**calculate\_index\_dependent\_ungrouped\_residual**

```
Problem.calculate_index_dependent_ungrouped_residual()    →    Tu-
                                                       ple[Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       List[numpy.ndarray]]]
```

**calculate\_index\_independent\_grouped\_matrices**

```
Problem.calculate_index_independent_grouped_matrices()    →    Tu-
                                                       ple[Dict[str,
                                                       List[str]],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       numpy.ndarray],
                                                       Dict[str,
                                                       glotaran.analysis.problem.LabelAndMatrix]]
```

### `calculate_index_independent_grouped_residual`

```
Problem.calculate_index_independent_grouped_residual() → Tu-
ple[List[numpy.ndarray],
List[numpy.ndarray],
List[numpy.ndarray],
List[numpy.ndarray]]
```

### `calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_matrices`

```
Problem.calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_matrices() → Tu-
ple[Dict[str,
List[str]],
Dict[str,
numpy.ndarray],
Dict[str,
List[str]],
Dict[str,
numpy.ndarray]]
```

### `calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_residual`

```
Problem.calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_residual() → Tu-
ple[Dict[str,
List[numpy.ndarray]],
Dict[str,
List[numpy.ndarray]],
Dict[str,
List[numpy.ndarray]],
Dict[str,
List[numpy.ndarray]]]
```

### `calculate_matrices`

```
Problem.calculate_matrices()
```

### `calculate_residual`

```
Problem.calculate_residual()
```

**create\_result\_data**

```
Problem.create_result_data(copy: bool = True) → Dict[str, xr-
ray.core.dataset.Dataset]
```

**reset**

```
Problem.reset()
```

Resets all results and *DatasetDescriptors*. Use after updating parameters.

**Methods Documentation**

```
property additional_penalty
```

```
property bag
```

```
calculate_additional_penalty() → Union[numpy.ndarray, Dict[str,
numpy.ndarray]]
```

Calculates additional penalties by calling the model.additional\_penalty function.

```
calculate_index_dependent_grouped_matrices() → Tuple[Dict[str,
List[List[str]]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[List[str]]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]]]
```

```
calculate_index_dependent_grouped_residual() → Tuple[Dict[str,
List[List[numumpy.ndarray]]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]]]
```

```
calculate_index_dependent_ungrouped_matrices() → Tuple[Dict[str,
List[List[str]]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[List[str]]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]]]
```

```
calculate_index_dependent_ungrouped_residual() → Tuple[Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]]]
```

```
calculate_index_independent_grouped_matrices() → Tuple[Dict[str,
List[str]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
glotaran.analysis.problem.LabelAndMatrix]]
```

```
calculate_index_independent_grouped_residual() → Tuple[Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]], Dict[str,
List[numumpy.ndarray]]]
```

```
calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_matrices() → Tuple[Dict[str,
    List[str]], Dict[str,
    numpy.ndarray],
    Dict[str,
    List[str]], Dict[str,
    numpy.ndarray]]]

calculate_index_independent_ungrouped_residual() → Tuple[Dict[str,
    List[numpy.ndarray]],
    Dict[str,
    List[numpy.ndarray]],
    Dict[str,
    List[numpy.ndarray]],
    Dict[str,
    List[numpy.ndarray]],
    Dict[str,
    List[numpy.ndarray]]]

calculate_matrices()

calculate_residual()

property clp_labels

property clps

create_result_data(copy: bool = True) → Dict[str, xarray.core.dataset.Dataset]

property data

property filled_dataset_descriptors

property full_penalty

property grouped

property groups

property index_dependent

property matrices

property model
    Property providing access to the used model

    The model is a subclass of glotaran.model.Model decorated with the @model decorator
    glotaran.model.model_decorator.model For an example implementation see e.g.
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum

Returns:
    Model: A subclass of glotaran.model.Model The model must be decorated with
    the @model decorator glotaran.model.model_decorator.model

property parameters

property reduced_clp_labels

property reduced_clps

property reduced_matrices

reset()
    Resets all results and DatasetDescriptors. Use after updating parameters.

property residuals

property scheme
    Property providing access to the used scheme
```

**Returns:**

**Scheme:** An instance of `glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme` Provides access to data, model, parameters and optimization arguments.

**property weighted\_residuals**

**ProblemDescriptor**

```
class glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor(dataset,           data,
                                                 model_axis,
                                                 global_axis, weight)
```

Bases: `tuple`

Create new instance of ProblemDescriptor(dataset, data, model\_axis, global\_axis, weight)

**Attributes Summary**

<code>data</code>	Alias for field number 1
<code>dataset</code>	Alias for field number 0
<code>global_axis</code>	Alias for field number 3
<code>model_axis</code>	Alias for field number 2
<code>weight</code>	Alias for field number 4

**data**

`ProblemDescriptor.data: xarray.core.dataarray.DataArray`  
Alias for field number 1

**dataset**

`ProblemDescriptor.dataset: glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor`  
Alias for field number 0

**global\_axis**

`ProblemDescriptor.global_axis: numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 3

**model\_axis**

`ProblemDescriptor.model_axis: numpy.ndarray`  
Alias for field number 2

### weight

ProblemDescriptor.**weight**: `xarray.core.dataarray.DataArray`  
Alias for field number 4

## Methods Summary

<code>count</code>	Return number of occurrences of value.
<code>index</code>	Return first index of value.

### count

ProblemDescriptor.**count** (*value*, /)  
Return number of occurrences of value.

### index

ProblemDescriptor.**index** (*value*, *start*=0, *stop*=`sys.maxsize`, /)  
Return first index of value.

Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

## Methods Documentation

### count (*value*, /)

Return number of occurrences of value.

### data: `xarray.core.dataarray.DataArray`

Alias for field number 1

### dataset: `glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor`

Alias for field number 0

### global\_axis: `numpy.ndarray`

Alias for field number 3

### index (*value*, *start*=0, *stop*=`sys.maxsize`, /)

Return first index of value.

Raises ValueError if the value is not present.

### model\_axis: `numpy.ndarray`

Alias for field number 2

### weight: `xarray.core.dataarray.DataArray`

Alias for field number 4

## Exceptions

### Exception Summary

---

ParameterError

---

### ParameterError

```
exception glotaran.analysis.problem.ParameterError
```

### result

The result class for global analysis.

## Classes

### Summary

---

<i>Result</i>	The result of a global analysis
---------------	---------------------------------

---

### Result

```
class glotaran.analysis.result.Result(scheme: Scheme, data: dict[str, xr.Dataset], optimized_parameters: ParameterGroup, additional_penalty: np.ndarray | None, least_squares_result: OptimizeResult, free_parameter_labels: list[str], termination_reason: str)
```

Bases: `object`

The result of a global analysis

#### Parameters

- **scheme** (Scheme) – An analysis scheme
- **data** (Dict [str, xr.Dataset]) – A dictionary containing all datasets with their labels as keys.
- **optimized\_parameters** (ParameterGroup) – The optimized parameters, organized in a ParameterGroup
- **additional\_penalty** (Union [np.ndarray, None]) – A vector with the value for each additional penalty, or None
- **least\_squares\_result** (OptimizeResult) – See `scipy.optimize.OptimizeResult()` `scipy.optimize.least_squares()`
- **free\_parameter\_labels** (List [str]) – The text labels of the free parameters that were optimized

- **termination\_reason** (*str*) – The reason (message when) the optimizer terminated

## Attributes Summary

<code>additional_penalty</code>	The additional penalty vector.
<code>chi_square</code>	The chi-square of the optimization.
<code>covariance_matrix</code>	Covariance matrix.
<code>data</code>	The resulting data as a dictionary of <code>xarray.Dataset</code> .
<code>degrees_of_freedom</code>	Degrees of freedom in optimization $N - N_{vars}$ .
<code>free_parameter_labels</code>	List of labels of the free parameters used in optimization.
<code>initial_parameters</code>	The initial parameters.
<code>jacobian</code>	Modified Jacobian matrix at the solution. See also: <code>scipy.optimize.least_squares()</code>
<code>model</code>	The model for analysis.
<code>nnls</code>	If <i>True</i> non-negative least squares optimization is used instead of the default variable projection.
<code>number_of_data_points</code>	Number of data points $N$ .
<code>number_of_function_evaluations</code>	The number of function evaluations.
<code>number_of_jacobian_evaluations</code>	The number of jacobian evaluations.
<code>number_of_variables</code>	Number of variables in optimization $N_{vars}$
<code>optimized_parameters</code>	The optimized parameters.
<code>reduced_chi_square</code>	The reduced chi-square of the optimization.
<code>root_mean_square_error</code>	The root mean square error the optimization.
<code>scheme</code>	The scheme for analysis.
<code>success</code>	Indicates if the optimization was successful.
<code>termination_reason</code>	The reason of the termination of the process.

### `additional_penalty`

`Result.additional_penalty`

The additional penalty vector.

### `chi_square`

`Result.chi_square`

The chi-square of the optimization.

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i^N [Residual_i]^2.$$

## covariance\_matrix

`Result.covariance_matrix`  
Covariance matrix.

The rows and columns are corresponding to `free_parameter_labels`.

## data

`Result.data`  
The resulting data as a dictionary of `xarray.Dataset`.

### Notes

The actual content of the data depends on the actual model and can be found in the documentation for the model.

## degrees\_of\_freedom

`Result.degrees_of_freedom`  
Degrees of freedom in optimization  $N - N_{vars}$ .

## free\_parameter\_labels

`Result.free_parameter_labels`  
List of labels of the free parameters used in optimization.

## initial\_parameters

`Result.initial_parameters`  
The initital parameters.

## jacobian

`Result.jacobian`  
Modified Jacobian matrix at the solution See also: `scipy.optimize.least_squares()`  
**Returns** Numpy array  
**Return type** np.ndarray

## model

`Result.model`

The model for analysis.

## nnls

`Result.nnls`

If *True* non-negative least squares optimization is used instead of the default variable projection.

## number\_of\_data\_points

`Result.number_of_data_points`

Number of data points  $N$ .

## number\_of\_function\_evaluations

`Result.number_of_function_evaluations`

The number of function evaluations.

## number\_of\_jacobian\_evaluations

`Result.number_of_jacobian_evaluations`

The number of jacobian evaluations.

## number\_of\_variables

`Result.number_of_variables`

Number of variables in optimization  $N_{vars}$

## optimized\_parameters

`Result.optimized_parameters`

The optimized parameters.

## reduced\_chi\_square

`Result.reduced_chi_square`

The reduced chi-square of the optimization.

$$\chi^2_{red} = \chi^2 / (N - N_{vars}).$$

**root\_mean\_square\_error**`Result.root_mean_square_error`

The root mean square error the optimization.

$$rms = \sqrt{\chi_{red}^2}$$

**scheme**`Result.scheme`

The scheme for analysis.

**success**`Result.success`

Indicates if the optimization was successful.

**termination\_reason**`Result.termination_reason`

The reason of the termination of the process.

**Methods Summary**

<code>get_dataset</code>	Returns the result dataset for the given dataset label.
<code>get_scheme</code>	Return a new scheme from the Result object with optimized parameters.
<code>markdown</code>	Formats the model as a markdown text.
<code>save</code>	Saves the result to given folder.

**get\_dataset**`Result.get_dataset (dataset_label: str) → xarray.core.dataset.Dataset`

Returns the result dataset for the given dataset label.

**Parameters** `dataset_label` – The label of the dataset.

**get\_scheme**`Result.get_scheme () → glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme`

Return a new scheme from the Result object with optimized parameters.

**Returns** A new scheme with the parameters set to the optimized values. For the dataset weights the (precomputed) weights from the original scheme are used.

**Return type** `Scheme`

## markdown

`Result.markdown (with_model=True) → str`

Formats the model as a markdown text.

**Parameters** `with_model` – If *True*, the model will be printed with initial and optimized parameters filled in.

## save

`Result.save (path: str) → list[str]`

Saves the result to given folder.

Returns a list with paths of all saved items.

The following files are saved:

- *result.md*: The result with the model formatted as markdown text.
- *optimized\_parameters.csv*: The optimized parameter as csv file.
- *{dataset\_label}.nc*: The result data for each dataset as NetCDF file.

**Parameters** `path` – The path to the folder in which to save the result.

## Methods Documentation

### `property additional_penalty`

The additional penalty vector.

### `property chi_square`

The chi-square of the optimization.

$$\chi^2 = \sum_i^N [Residual_i]^2.$$

### `property covariance_matrix`

Covariance matrix.

The rows and columns are corresponding to `free_parameter_labels`.

### `property data`

The resulting data as a dictionary of `xarray.Dataset`.

## Notes

The actual content of the data depends on the actual model and can be found in the documentation for the model.

### `property degrees_of_freedom`

Degrees of freedom in optimization  $N - N_{vars}$ .

### `property free_parameter_labels`

List of labels of the free parameters used in optimization.

### `get_dataset (dataset_label: str) → xarray.core.dataset.Dataset`

Returns the result dataset for the given dataset label.

**Parameters** `dataset_label` – The label of the dataset.

### `get_scheme () → glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme`

Return a new scheme from the Result object with optimized parameters.

**Returns** A new scheme with the parameters set to the optimized values. For the dataset weights the (precomputed) weights from the original scheme are used.

**Return type** *Scheme*

**property initial\_parameters**

The initial parameters.

**property jacobian**

Modified Jacobian matrix at the solution See also: `scipy.optimize.least_squares()`

**Returns** Numpy array

**Return type** np.ndarray

**markdown (with\_model=True) → str**

Formats the model as a markdown text.

**Parameters** `with_model` – If *True*, the model will be printed with initial and optimized parameters filled in.

**property model**

The model for analysis.

**property nnls**

If *True* non-negative least squares optimization is used instead of the default variable projection.

**property number\_of\_data\_points**

Number of data points  $N$ .

**property number\_of\_function\_evaluations**

The number of function evaluations.

**property number\_of\_jacobian\_evaluations**

The number of jacobian evaluations.

**property number\_of\_variables**

Number of variables in optimization  $N_{vars}$

**property optimized\_parameters**

The optimized parameters.

**property reduced\_chi\_square**

The reduced chi-square of the optimization.

$$\chi_{red}^2 = \chi^2 / (N - N_{vars}).$$

**property root\_mean\_square\_error**

The root mean square error of the optimization.

$$rms = \sqrt{\chi_{red}^2}$$

**save (path: str) → list[str]**

Saves the result to given folder.

Returns a list with paths of all saved items.

The following files are saved:

- `result.md`: The result with the model formatted as markdown text.
- `optimized_parameters.csv`: The optimized parameter as csv file.
- `{dataset_label}.nc`: The result data for each dataset as NetCDF file.

**Parameters** `path` – The path to the folder in which to save the result.

**property scheme**

The scheme for analysis.

**property success**

Indicates if the optimization was successful.

**property termination\_reason**

The reason of the termination of the process.

**scheme**

**Classes**

**Summary**

---

*Scheme*

---

**Scheme**

```
class glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme(model: Model = None, parameters: ParameterGroup = None, data: dict[str, xr.DataArray | xr.Dataset] = None, group_tolerance: float = 0.0, non_negative_least_squares: bool = False, maximum_number_function_evaluations: int = None, ftol: float = 1e-08, gtol: float = 1e-08, xtol: float = 1e-08, optimization_method: Literal[TrustRegionReflection, Dogbox, Levenberg-Marquardt] = 'TrustRegionReflection')
```

Bases: `object`

**Attributes Summary**

---

*data*

---

---

*ftol*

---

---

*group\_tolerance*

---

---

*gtol*

---

---

*maximum\_number\_function\_evaluations*

---

---

*model*

---

---

*non\_negative\_least\_squares*

---

continues on next page

Table 22 – continued from previous page

---

*optimization\_method*

---

*parameters*

---

*xtol*

---

**data**Scheme.**data****ftol**Scheme.**ftol****group\_tolerance**Scheme.**group\_tolerance****gtol**Scheme.**gtol****maximum\_number\_function\_evaluations**Scheme.**maximum\_number\_function\_evaluations****model**Scheme.**model****non\_negative\_least\_squares**Scheme.**non\_negative\_least\_squares****optimization\_method**Scheme.**optimization\_method**

## parameters

`Scheme.parameters`

## xtol

`Scheme.xtol`

## Methods Summary

---

`from_yaml_file`

---

`markdown`

<code>problem_list</code>	Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters.
<code>valid</code>	Returns <code>True</code> if there are no problems with the model or the parameters, else <code>False</code> .
<code>validate</code>	Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters.

---

## from\_yaml\_file

**classmethod** `Scheme.from_yaml_file(filename: str) → glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme`

## markdown

`Scheme.markdown()`

## problem\_list

`Scheme.problem_list() → list[str]`

Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters.

## valid

`Scheme.valid(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool`

Returns `True` if there are no problems with the model or the parameters, else `False`.

## validate

`Scheme.validate() → str`

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters.

## Methods Documentation

`property data`

`classmethod from_yaml_file(filename: str) → glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme`

`property ftol`

`property group_tolerance`

`property gtol`

`markdown()`

`property maximum_number_function_evaluations`

`property model`

`property non_negative_least_squares`

`property optimization_method`

`property parameters`

`problem_list() → list[str]`

Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters.

`valid(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool`

Returns *True* if there are no problems with the model or the parameters, else *False*.

`validate() → str`

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters.

`property xtol`

## simulation

Functions for simulating a global analysis model.

## Functions

### Summary

---

`simulate`

Simulates a model.

---

## simulate

```
glotaran.analysis.simulation.simulate(model: Model, dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, axes: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None, clp: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, noise=False, noise_std_dev=1.0, noise_seed=None)
```

Simulates a model.

### Parameters

- **model** – The model to simulate.
- **parameter** – The parameters for the simulation.
- **dataset** – Label of the dataset to simulate
- **axes** – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
- **clp** – Conditionally linear parameters. Will be used instead of `model.global_matrix` if given.
- **noise** – Add noise to the simulation.
- **noise\_std\_dev** – The standard deviation for noise simulation.
- **noise\_seed** – The seed for the noise simulation.

## variable\_projection

Functions for calculating conditionally linear parameters and residual with the variable projection method.

### Functions

#### Summary

<code>residual_variable_projection</code>	Calculates the conditionally linear parameters and residual with the variable projection method.
---	--

#### residual\_variable\_projection

```
glotaran.analysis.variable_projection.residual_variable_projection(matrix: numpy.ndarray, data: numpy.ndarray) → Tuple[List[str], numpy.ndarray]
```

Calculates the conditionally linear parameters and residual with the variable projection method.

### Parameters

- **matrix** – The model matrix.
- **data** (`np.ndarray`) – The data to analyze.

## 12.1.2 builtin

### Modules

---

`glotaran.builtin.file_formats`

---

`glotaran.builtin.models`

Glotaran Models Package

---

### file\_formats

#### Modules

---

`glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii`

---

`glotaran.builtin.file_formats.sdt`

---

### ascii

#### Modules

---

`glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.`  
`wavelength_time_explicit_file`

---

### wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file

#### Functions

##### Summary

---

`get_data_file_format`

---

`get_interval_number`

---

`read_ascii_time_trace`

Reads an ascii file in wavelength- or time-explicit format.

---

`write_ascii_time_trace`

---

### get\_data\_file\_format

```
glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.get_data_file_format
```

### get\_interval\_number

```
glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.get_interval_number()
```

### read\_ascii\_time\_trace

```
glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.read_ascii_time_trace
```

Reads an ascii file in wavelength- or time-explicit format.

See [1] for documentation of this format.

**Parameters** `fname` (`str`) – Name of the ascii file.

**Returns** dataset

**Return type** `xr.Dataset`

### Notes

### write\_ascii\_time\_trace

```
glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.write_ascii_time_trace
```

## Classes

### Summary

<code>DataFileType</code>	An enumeration.
<code>ExplicitFile</code>	Abstract class representing either a time- or wavelength-explicit file.
<code>TimeExplicitFile</code>	Represents a time explicit file
<code>WavelengthExplicitFile</code>	Represents a wavelength explicit file

### DataFileType

```
class glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.DataFileType(wav...  
Bases: enum.Enum  
An enumeration.
```

#### Attributes Summary

---

`time_explicit`

---

`wavelength_explicit`

---

#### `time_explicit`

```
DataFileType.time_explicit = 'Time explicit'
```

#### `wavelength_explicit`

```
DataFileType.wavelength_explicit = 'Wavelength explicit'  
time_explicit = 'Time explicit'  
wavelength_explicit = 'Wavelength explicit'
```

## ExplicitFile

```
class glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.ExplicitFile(fit
```

```
O  
ti  
= N  
da  
O  
ti  
= N
```

Bases: `object`

Abstract class representing either a time- or wavelength-explicit file.

### Methods Summary

---

`dataset`

---

`get_data_row`

---

`get_explicit_axis`

---

`get_format_name`

---

`get_observations`

---

`get_secondary_axis`

---

`read`

---

`set_explicit_axis`

---

`write`

---

#### `dataset`

`ExplicitFile.dataset (prepare: bool = True) → xr.Dataset | xr.DataArray`

**get\_data\_row**

```
ExplicitFile.get_data_row(index)
```

**get\_explicit\_axis**

```
ExplicitFile.get_explicit_axis()
```

**get\_format\_name**

```
ExplicitFile.get_format_name()
```

**get\_observations**

```
ExplicitFile.get_observations(index)
```

**get\_secondary\_axis**

```
ExplicitFile.get_secondary_axis()
```

**read**

```
ExplicitFile.read(prepare: bool = True)
```

**set\_explicit\_axis**

```
ExplicitFile.set_explicit_axis(axis)
```

**write**

```
ExplicitFile.write(overwrite=False, comment='', file_format=<DataFileType.time_explicit:  
'Time explicit'>, number_format='%.10e')
```

## Methods Documentation

**dataset** (prepare: *bool* = *True*) → xr.Dataset | xr.DataArray

**get\_data\_row** (*index*)

**get\_explicit\_axis** ()

**get\_format\_name** ()

**get\_observations** (*index*)

**get\_secondary\_axis** ()

**read** (prepare: *bool* = *True*)

**set\_explicit\_axis** (*axis*)

```
write(overwrite=False, comment='', file_format=<DataFileType.time_explicit: 'Time explicit'>, number_format='%.10e')
```

### TimeExplicitFile

```
class glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.TimeExplicitFi
```

**Bases:** `glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.ExplicitFile`

Represents a time explicit file

### Methods Summary

---

```
add_data_row
```

---

```
dataset
```

---

```
get_data_row
```

---

```
get_explicit_axis
```

---

```
get_format_name
```

---

```
get_observations
```

---

```
get_secondary_axis
```

---

```
read
```

---

```
set_explicit_axis
```

---

```
write
```

---

**add\_data\_row**

```
TimeExplicitFile.add_data_row(row)
```

**dataset**

```
TimeExplicitFile.dataset (prepare: bool = True) → xr.Dataset | xr.DataArray
```

**get\_data\_row**

```
TimeExplicitFile.get_data_row(index)
```

**get\_explicit\_axis**

```
TimeExplicitFile.get_explicit_axis()
```

**get\_format\_name**

```
TimeExplicitFile.get_format_name()
```

**get\_observations**

```
TimeExplicitFile.get_observations(index)
```

**get\_secondary\_axis**

```
TimeExplicitFile.get_secondary_axis()
```

**read**

```
TimeExplicitFile.read (prepare: bool = True)
```

**set\_explicit\_axis**

```
TimeExplicitFile.set_explicit_axis(axes)
```

## write

```
TimeExplicitFile.write(overwrite=False, comment='',  
                      file_format=<DataFileType.time_explicit: 'Time explicit'>,  
                      number_format='%.10e')
```

## Methods Documentation

```
add_data_row(row)  
dataset(prepare: bool = True) → xr.Dataset | xr.DataArray  
get_data_row(index)  
get_explicit_axis()  
get_format_name()  
get_observations(index)  
get_secondary_axis()  
read(prepare: bool = True)  
set_explicit_axis(axies)  
write(overwrite=False, comment='', file_format=<DataFileType.time_explicit: 'Time explicit'>, number_format='%.10e')
```

## WavelengthExplicitFile

```
class glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.WavelengthExplicitFile
```

Bases: *glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.ExplicitFile*

Represents a wavelength explicit file

## Methods Summary

---

*add\_data\_row*

---

*dataset*

---

*get\_data\_row*

---

continues on next page

Table 34 – continued from previous page

---

`get_explicit_axis`

---

`get_format_name`

---

`get_observations`

---

`get_secondary_axis`

---

`read`

---

`set_explicit_axis`

---

`times`

---

`wavelengths`

---

`write`

---

---

**add\_data\_row**`WavelengthExplicitFile.add_data_row(row)`**dataset**`WavelengthExplicitFile.dataset (prepare: bool = True) → xr.Dataset | xr.DataArray`**get\_data\_row**`WavelengthExplicitFile.get_data_row(index)`**get\_explicit\_axis**`WavelengthExplicitFile.get_explicit_axis()`**get\_format\_name**`WavelengthExplicitFile.get_format_name()`

### get\_observations

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.get_observations(index)
```

### get\_secondary\_axis

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.get_secondary_axis()
```

### read

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.read(prepare: bool = True)
```

### set\_explicit\_axis

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.set_explicit_axis(axis)
```

### times

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.times()
```

### wavelengths

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.wavelengths()
```

### write

```
WavelengthExplicitFile.write(overwrite=False, comment='',  
                           file_format=<DataFileType.time_explicit: 'Time  
                           explicit'>, number_format='%.10e')
```

## Methods Documentation

`add_data_row(row)`

`dataset(prepare: bool = True) → xr.Dataset | xr.DataArray`

`get_data_row(index)`

`get_explicit_axis()`

`get_format_name()`

`get_observations(index)`

`get_secondary_axis()`

`read(prepare: bool = True)`

`set_explicit_axis(axis)`

`times()`

---

```
wavelengths()

write(overwrite=False, comment='', file_format=<DataFileType.time_explicit: 'Time explicit'>, number_format='%.10e')
```

**sdt****Modules**


---

<code>glotaran.builtin.file_formats.sdt.</code>	Glotarans module to read files
<code>sdt_file_reader</code>	

---

**sdt\_file\_reader**

Glotarans module to read files

**Functions****Summary**


---

<code>read_sdt</code>	Reads a *.sdt file and returns a pd.DataFrame ( <code>return_dataframe==True</code> ), a SpectralTemporalDataset ( <code>type_of_data=='st'</code> ) or a FLIMDataset ( <code>type_of_data=='flim'</code> ).
-----------------------	--

---

**read\_sdt**

`glotaran.builtin.file_formats.sdt.sdt_file_reader.read_sdt(file_path: str, index: Optional[int] = None, flim: bool = False, dataset_index: Optional[int] = None, swap_axis: bool = False, orig_time_axis_index: int = 2) → xarray.core.dataset.Dataset`

Reads a \*.sdt file and returns a pd.DataFrame (`return_dataframe==True`), a SpectralTemporalDataset (`type_of_data=='st'`) or a FLIMDataset (`type_of_data=='flim'`).

**Parameters**

- **file\_path** (`str`) – Path to the sdt file which should be read.
- **index** (`list, np.ndarray`) – This is only needed if `type_of_data=="st"`, since \*.sdt files, which only contain spectral temporal data, lack the spectral information. Thus for the spectral axis data need to be given by the user.
- **flim** – Set true if reading a result from a FLIM measurement.
- **dataset\_index** (`int: default 0`) – If the \*.sdt file contains multiple datasets the index will used to select the wanted one
- **swap\_axis** (`bool, default False`) – Flag to switch a wavelength explicit `input_df` to time explicit `input_df`, before generating the SpectralTemporalDataset.
- **orig\_time\_axis\_index** (`int`) – Index of the axis which corresponds to the time axis. I.e. for data of shape (64, 64, 256), which are a 64x64 pixel map with 256 time steps, `orig_time_axis_index=2`.

**Raises IndexError:** – If the length of the index array is incompatible with the data.

## models

Glotaran Models Package

### Modules

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image`

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.`  
`kinetic_spectrum`

---

## kinetic\_image

### Modules

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.` `kinetic_image.initial_concentration` This package contains the initial concentration item.

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.` `kinetic_image.irf` This package contains irf items.

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.` `kinetic_image.k_matrix` K-Matrix

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.` Kinetic Image Dataset Descriptor

---

`kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor`

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.` Glotaran Kinetic Matrix

---

`kinetic_image.kinetic_image_matrix`

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.` This package contains the kinetic megacomplex item.

---

`models.kinetic_image.`

---

`kinetic_image_megacomplex`

---

`glotaran.builtin.models.`

---

`kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model`

---

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Table 38 – continued from previous page

---

*glotaran.builtin.models.*  
*kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_result*

---

## initial\_concentration

This package contains the initial concentration item.

### Classes

#### Summary

---

<i>InitialConcentration</i>	An initial concentration describes the population of the compartments at the beginning of an experiment.
-----------------------------	--

---

#### InitialConcentration

**class** `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration`  
Bases: `object`

An initial concentration describes the population of the compartments at the beginning of an experiment.

#### Attributes Summary

---

*compartments*

---

*exclude\_from\_normalize*

---

*label*

---

*parameters*

---

#### compartments

`InitialConcentration.compartments`

### exclude\_from\_normalize

InitialConcentration.**exclude\_from\_normalize**

### label

InitialConcentration.**label**

### parameters

InitialConcentration.**parameters**

## Methods Summary

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

*mprint*

---

*normalized*

---

*validate*

---

### fill

InitialConcentration.**fill** (*model*: Model, *parameters*: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

#### Parameters

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

```
classmethod InitialConcentration.from_dict (values: dict) → cls
```

**from\_list**

```
classmethod InitialConcentration.from_list (values: list) → cls
```

**mprint**

```
InitialConcentration.mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

**normalized**

```
InitialConcentration.normalized (dataset: glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration
```

**validate**

```
InitialConcentration.validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

**Methods Documentation****property compartments****property exclude\_from\_normalize**

```
fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

```
classmethod from_dict (values: dict) → cls
```

```
classmethod from_list (values: list) → cls
```

**property label**

```
mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

```
normalized (dataset: glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration
```

**property parameters**

```
validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

## irf

This package contains irf items.

### Classes

#### Summary

<i>Irf</i>	Represents an IRF.
<i>IrfGaussian</i>	
<i>IrfMeasured</i>	A measured IRF.
<i>IrfMultiGaussian</i>	Represents a gaussian IRF.

#### Irf

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf
Bases: object
Represents an IRF.
```

#### Methods Summary

---

```
add_type
```

---

#### add\_type

```
classmethod Irf.add_type(type_name: str, attribute_type: type)
```

#### Methods Documentation

```
classmethod add_type(type_name: str, attribute_type: type)
```

#### IrfGaussian

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfGaussian
Bases: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
```

## Attributes Summary

---

`backsweep`

---

`backsweep_period`

---

`center`

---

`label`

---

`normalize`

---

`scale`

---

`type`

---

`width`

---

### **backsweep**

`IrfGaussian.backsweep`

### **backsweep\_period**

`IrfGaussian.backsweep_period`

### **center**

`IrfGaussian.center`

### **label**

`IrfGaussian.label`

### **normalize**

`IrfGaussian.normalize`

## scale

IrfGaussian.**scale**

## type

IrfGaussian.**type**

## width

IrfGaussian.**width**

## Methods Summary

---

*calculate*

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

*mprint*

---

*parameter*

---

*validate*

---

## calculate

IrfGaussian.**calculate**(*index, axis*)

## fill

IrfGaussian.**fill**(*model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup*) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

### Parameters

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict****classmethod** IrfGaussian.**from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → cls**from\_list****classmethod** IrfGaussian.**from\_list** (*values: list*) → cls**mprint**IrfGaussian.**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → str**parameter**IrfGaussian.**parameter** (*index*)**validate**IrfGaussian.**validate** (*model: Model, parameters=None*) → list[str]

## Methods Documentation

**property backsweep****property backsweep\_period****calculate** (*index, axis*)**property center****fill** (*model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup*) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → cls**classmethod from\_list** (*values: list*) → cls**property label****mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → str**property normalize****parameter** (*index*)**property scale****property type****validate** (*model: Model, parameters=None*) → list[str]

**property width**

### IrfMeasured

**class** glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.**IrfMeasured**

Bases: `object`

A measured IRF. The data must be supplied by the dataset.

### Attributes Summary

---

`label`

---

`type`

---

### label

`IrfMeasured.label`

### type

`IrfMeasured.type`

### Methods Summary

---

`fill`

---

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

`from_dict`

---

---

`from_list`

---

---

`mprint`

---

---

`validate`

---

**fill**`IrfMeasured.fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**`classmethod IrfMeasured.from_dict (values: dict) → cls`**from\_list**`classmethod IrfMeasured.from_list (values: list) → cls`**mprint**`IrfMeasured.mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str`**validate**`IrfMeasured.validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]`**Methods Documentation**`fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

`classmethod from_dict (values: dict) → cls``classmethod from_list (values: list) → cls`**property label**`mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str`**property type**`validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]`

## IrfMultiGaussian

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
Bases: object
```

Represents a gaussian IRF.

One width and one center is a single gauss.

One center and multiple widths is a multiple gaussian.

Multiple center and multiple widths is Double-, Triple- , etc. Gaussian.

### Parameters

- **label** – label of the irf
- **center** – one or more center of the irf as parameter indices
- **width** – one or more widths of the gaussian as parameter index
- **center\_dispersion** – polynomial coefficients for the dispersion of the center as list of parameter indices. None for no dispersion.
- **width\_dispersion** – polynomial coefficients for the dispersion of the width as parameter indices. None for no dispersion.

### Attributes Summary

---

*backsweep*

---

*backsweep\_period*

---

*center*

---

*label*

---

*normalize*

---

*scale*

---

*type*

---

*width*

---

**backsweep**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.backsweep
```

**backsweep\_period**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.backsweep_period
```

**center**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.center
```

**label**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.label
```

**normalize**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.normalize
```

**scale**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.scale
```

**type**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.type
```

**width**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.width
```

**Methods Summary**

---

*calculate*

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

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Table 49 – continued from previous page

<code>mprint</code>
<code>parameter</code>
<code>validate</code>
<b>calculate</b>
<code>IrfMultiGaussian.calculate(index, axis)</code>
<b>fill</b>
<code>IrfMultiGaussian.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls</code>
Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
<b>Parameters</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <code>model</code> – A glotaran model.</li><li>• <code>parameter</code> (<code>ParameterGroup</code>) – The parameter group to fill from.</li></ul>
<b>from_dict</b>
<code>classmethod IrfMultiGaussian.from_dict(values: dict) → cls</code>
<b>from_list</b>
<code>classmethod IrfMultiGaussian.from_list(values: list) → cls</code>
<b>mprint</b>
<code>IrfMultiGaussian.mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str</code>
<b>parameter</b>
<code>IrfMultiGaussian.parameter(index)</code>

**validate**

```
IrfMultiGaussian.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

**Methods Documentation**

**property backsweep**

**property backsweep\_period**

**calculate**(index, axis)

**property center**

**fill**(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter**(ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict**(values: dict) → cls

**classmethod from\_list**(values: list) → cls

**property label**

**mprint**(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str

**property normalize**

**parameter**(index)

**property scale**

**property type**

**validate**(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]

**property width**

**k\_matrix**

K-Matrix

**Classes****Summary**


---

<i>KMatrix</i>	A K-Matrix represents a first order differential system.
----------------	--

---

## KMatrix

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
Bases: object
```

A K-Matrix represents a first order differential system.

### Attributes Summary

---

`label`

---

`matrix`

---

### label

```
KMatrix.label
```

### matrix

```
KMatrix.matrix
```

### Methods Summary

<code>a_matrix</code>	The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix.
<code>a_matrix_as_markdown</code>	Returns the A Matrix as markdown formatted table.
<code>a_matrix_non_unibranch</code>	The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix for a non-unibranched model.
<code>a_matrix_unibranch</code>	The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix for an unibranched model.
<code>combine</code>	Creates a combined matrix.
<code>eigen</code>	Returns the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the k matrix.
<code>empty</code>	Creates an empty K-Matrix.
<code>fill</code>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
<code>from_dict</code>	
<code>from_list</code>	
<code>full</code>	The full representation of the KMatrix as numpy array.
<code>involved_compartments</code>	A list of all compartments in the Matrix.
<code>is_unibranch</code>	Returns true in the KMatrix represents an unibranched model.

continues on next page

Table 52 – continued from previous page

<code>matrix_as_markdown</code>	Returns the KMatrix as markdown formatted table.
<code>mprint</code>	
<code>rates</code>	The resulting rates of the matrix.
<code>reduced</code>	The reduced representation of the KMatrix as numpy array.
<code>validate</code>	

### a\_matrix

KMatrix.**a\_matrix**(*initial\_concentration*: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration  
  → `numpy.ndarray`)

The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix.

**Parameters** `initial_concentration` – The initial concentration.

### a\_matrix\_as\_markdown

KMatrix.**a\_matrix\_as\_markdown**(*initial\_concentration*:

glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration

→ `str`)

Returns the A Matrix as markdown formatted table.

**Parameters** `initial_concentration` – The initial concentration.

### a\_matrix\_non\_unibranch

KMatrix.**a\_matrix\_non\_unibranch**(*initial\_concentration*:

glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration

→ `numpy.ndarray`)

The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix for a non-unibranched model.

**Parameters** `initial_concentration` – The initial concentration.

### a\_matrix\_unibranch

KMatrix.**a\_matrix\_unibranch**(*initial\_concentration*:

glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration)

→ `numpy.array`)

The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix for an unibranched model.

**Parameters** `initial_concentration` – The initial concentration.

## combine

```
KMatrix.combine(k_matrix: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix)
    → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
```

Creates a combined matrix.

**Parameters** `k_matrix` – KMatrix to combine with.

**Returns** The combined KMatrix.

**Return type** combined

## eigen

```
KMatrix.eigen(compartments: list[str]) → tuple[np.ndarray, np.ndarray]
```

Returns the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the k matrix.

**Parameters** `compartments` – The compartment order.

## empty

```
classmethod KMatrix.empty(label: str, compartments: list[str]) → KMatrix
```

Creates an empty K-Matrix. Useful for combining.

**Parameters**

- `label` – Label of the K-Matrix
- `compartments` – A list of all compartments in the model.

## fill

```
KMatrix.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.
- `parameter` (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

## from\_dict

```
classmethod KMatrix.from_dict(values: dict) → cls
```

## from\_list

```
classmethod KMatrix.from_list(values: list) → cls
```

**full**

KMatrix.**full** (*compartments*: *list[str]*) → np.ndarray

The full representation of the KMatrix as numpy array.

**Parameters** `compartments` – The compartment order.

**involved\_compartments**

KMatrix.**involved\_compartments** () → list[str]

A list of all compartments in the Matrix.

**is\_unibranched**

KMatrix.**is\_unibranched** (*initial\_concentration*: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration) → bool

Returns true in the KMatrix represents an unibranched model.

**Parameters** `initial_concentration` – The initial concentration.

**matrix\_as\_markdown**

KMatrix.**matrix\_as\_markdown** (*compartments*: *list[str]* = None, *fill\_parameters*: bool = False) → str

Returns the KMatrix as markdown formatted table.

**Parameters**

- `compartments` – (default = None) An optional list defining the desired order of compartments.
- `fill_parameters` (bool) – (default = False) If true, the entries will be filled with the actual parameter values instead of labels.

**mprint**

KMatrix.**mprint** (*parameters*: ParameterGroup = None, *initial\_parameters*: ParameterGroup = None) → str

**rates**

KMatrix.**rates** (*initial\_concentration*: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration) → numpy.ndarray

The resulting rates of the matrix.

**Parameters** `initial_concentration` – The initial concentration.

**reduced**

KMatrix.**reduced**(compartments: *list[str]*) → np.ndarray

The reduced representation of the KMatrix as numpy array.

**Parameters** compartments – The compartment order.

**validate**

KMatrix.**validate**(model: Model, parameters=None) → *list[str]*

**Methods Documentation**

**a\_matrix**(initial\_concentration: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration) → numpy.ndarray

The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix.

**Parameters** initial\_concentration – The initial concentration.

**a\_matrix\_as\_markdown**(initial\_concentration: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration) → str

Returns the A Matrix as markdown formatted table.

**Parameters** initial\_concentration – The initial concentration.

**a\_matrix\_non\_unibranch**(initial\_concentration: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration) → numpy.ndarray

The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix for a non-unibranched model.

**Parameters** initial\_concentration – The initial concentration.

**a\_matrix\_unibranch**(initial\_concentration: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration) → numpy.array

The resulting A matrix of the KMatrix for an unibranched model.

**Parameters** initial\_concentration – The initial concentration.

**combine**(k\_matrix: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k\_matrix.KMatrix) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k\_matrix.KMatrix

Creates a combined matrix.

**Parameters** k\_matrix – KMatrix to combine with.

**Returns** The combined KMatrix.

**Return type** combined

**eigen**(compartments: *list[str]*) → tuple[np.ndarray, np.ndarray]

Returns the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the k matrix.

**Parameters** compartments – The compartment order.

**classmethod empty**(label: str, compartments: *list[str]*) → KMatrix

Creates an empty K-Matrix. Useful for combining.

**Parameters**

- **label** – Label of the K-Matrix
- **compartments** – A list of all compartments in the model.

**fill**(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict**(values: dict) → cls

---

```

classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls

full(compartments: list[str]) → np.ndarray
    The full representation of the KMatrix as numpy array.
    Parameters compartments – The compartment order.

involved_compartments() → list[str]
    A list of all compartments in the Matrix.

is_unibranched(initial_concentration: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration) → bool
    Returns true in the KMatrix represents an unibranched model.
    Parameters initial_concentration – The initial concentration.

property label

property matrix

matrix_as_markdown(compartments: list[str] = None, fill_parameters: bool = False) → str
    Returns the KMatrix as markdown formatted table.
    Parameters
        • compartments – (default = None) An optional list defining the desired order of compartments.
        • fill_parameters (bool) – (default = False) If true, the entries will be filled with the actual parameter values instead of labels.

mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str

rates(initial_concentration: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration) → numpy.ndarray
    The resulting rates of the matrix.
    Parameters initial_concentration – The initial concentration.

reduced(compartments: list[str]) → np.ndarray
    The reduced representation of the KMatrix as numpy array.
    Parameters compartments – The compartment order.

validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]

```

## kinetic\_image\_dataset\_descriptor

Kinetic Image Dataset Descriptor

### Classes

#### Summary

---

*KineticImageDatasetDescriptor*

---

## KineticImageDatasetDescriptor

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor.KineticImageDatasetDescriptor
Bases: glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor
```

### Attributes Summary

---

*baseline*

---

*initial\_concentration*

---

*irf*

---

*label*

---

*megacomplex*

---

*scale*

---

#### **baseline**

KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.**baseline**

#### **initial\_concentration**

KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.**initial\_concentration**

#### **irf**

KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.**irf**

#### **label**

KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.**label**

#### **megacomplex**

KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.**megacomplex**

**scale**

```
KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.scale
```

**Methods Summary**


---

*compartments*

<i>fill</i>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
-------------	---

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

*get\_k\_matrices*

---

*mprint*

---

*validate*

---

**compartments**

```
KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.compartments()
```

**fill**

```
KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

```
classmethod KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.from_dict(values: dict) → cls
```

`from_list`

`classmethod` `KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.from_list` (`values: list`) →  
    `cls`

`get_k_matrices`

`KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.get_k_matrices()`

`mprint`

`KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.mprint` (`parameters: ParameterGroup = None`,  
    `initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None`) → `str`

`validate`

`KineticImageDatasetDescriptor.validate` (`model: Model, parameters=None`)  
    → `list[str]`

## Methods Documentation

`property baseline`

`compartments()`

`fill` (`model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup`) → `cls`

Returns a copy of the `{cls._name}` instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced  
by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

`Parameters`

- `model` – A glotaran model.
- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

`classmethod from_dict` (`values: dict`) → `cls`

`classmethod from_list` (`values: list`) → `cls`

`get_k_matrices()`

`property initial_concentration`

`property irf`

`property label`

`property megacomplex`

`mprint` (`parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None`) → `str`

`property scale`

`validate` (`model: Model, parameters=None`) → `list[str]`

## kinetic\_image\_matrix

Glotaran Kinetic Matrix

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`calculate_kinetic_matrix_gaussian_irf` Calculates a kinetic matrix with a gaussian irf.  
`calculate_kinetic_matrix_no_irf`

---

`kinetic_image_matrix_implementation`

---

`kinetic_matrix`

---

#### calculate\_kinetic\_matrix\_gaussian\_irf

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_matrix.calculate_kinetic_matrix_gaussian_irf`

Calculates a kinetic matrix with a gaussian irf.

#### calculate\_kinetic\_matrix\_no\_irf

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_matrix.calculate_kinetic_matrix_no_irf`

#### kinetic\_image\_matrix\_implementation

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_matrix.kinetic_image_matrix_implementation`

## kinetic\_matrix

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_matrix.kinetic_matrix(dataset_descriptor,
axis=None,
in-
dex=None,
irf=None,
ma-
trix_implementatio
```

## kinetic\_image\_megacomplex

This package contains the kinetic megacomplex item.

### Classes

#### Summary

---

<i>KineticImageMegacomplex</i>	A Megacomplex with one or more K-Matrices.
--------------------------------	--

---

#### KineticImageMegacomplex

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.KineticImageMega-
Bases: object
A Megacomplex with one or more K-Matrices.
```

#### Attributes Summary

---

*involved\_compartments*

---

*k\_matrix*

---

*label*

---

*scale*

---

**involved\_compartments**

```
KineticImageMegacomplex.involved_compartments
```

**k\_matrix**

```
KineticImageMegacomplex.k_matrix
```

**label**

```
KineticImageMegacomplex.label
```

**scale**

```
KineticImageMegacomplex.scale
```

**Methods Summary**


---

<i>fill</i>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
-------------	---

---

*from\_dict*

*from\_list*

*full\_k\_matrix*

*mprint*

*validate*

**fill**

```
KineticImageMegacomplex.fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) →  
cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

**classmethod** KineticImageMegacomplex.**from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → *cls*

**from\_list**

**classmethod** KineticImageMegacomplex.**from\_list** (*values: list*) → *cls*

**full\_k\_matrix**

KineticImageMegacomplex.**full\_k\_matrix** (*model=None*)

**mprint**

KineticImageMegacomplex.**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None*, *initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → *str*

**validate**

KineticImageMegacomplex.**validate** (*model: Model*, *parameters=None*) → *list[str]*

## Methods Documentation

**fill** (*model: Model*, *parameters: ParameterGroup*) → *cls*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → *cls*

**classmethod from\_list** (*values: list*) → *cls*

**full\_k\_matrix** (*model=None*)

**property involved\_compartments**

**property k\_matrix**

**property label**

**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None*, *initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → *str*

**property scale**

**validate** (*model: Model*, *parameters=None*) → *list[str]*

## kinetic\_image\_model

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`kinetic_image_matrix`

---

#### kinetic\_image\_matrix

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.kinetic_image_matrix(dataset_de  
axis=None  
in-  
dex=None,  
irf=None)
```

### Classes

#### Summary

---

`KineticImageModel`

---

#### KineticImageModel

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.KineticImageModel  
Bases: glotaran.model.base_model.Model
```

#### Attributes Summary

---

`additional_penalty_function`

---

---

`constrain_matrix_function`

---

---

`dataset`

---

---

`global_dimension`

---

---

`global_matrix`

---

---

`has_additional_penalty_function`

---

---

`has_matrix_constraints_function`

---

continues on next page

Table 62 – continued from previous page

<i>index_dependent_matrix</i>	
<i>initial_concentration</i>	
<i>irf</i>	
<i>k_matrix</i>	
<i>megacomplex</i>	
<i>model_dimension</i>	
<i>model_type</i>	The type of the model as human readable string.
<i>retrieve_clp_function</i>	
<i>weights</i>	

### **additional\_penalty\_function**

```
KineticImageModel.additional_penalty_function = None
```

### **constrain\_matrix\_function**

```
KineticImageModel.constrain_matrix_function = None
```

### **dataset**

```
KineticImageModel.dataset
```

### **global\_dimension**

```
KineticImageModel.global_dimension = 'pixel'
```

### **global\_matrix**

```
KineticImageModel.global_matrix = None
```

**has\_additional\_penalty\_function**

```
KineticImageModel.has_additional_penalty_function = None
```

**has\_matrix\_constraints\_function**

```
KineticImageModel.has_matrix_constraints_function = None
```

**index\_dependent\_matrix**

```
KineticImageModel.index_dependent_matrix
```

**initial\_concentration**

```
KineticImageModel.initial_concentration
```

**irf**

```
KineticImageModel.irf
```

**k\_matrix**

```
KineticImageModel.k_matrix
```

**megacomplex**

```
KineticImageModel.megacomplex
```

**model\_dimension**

```
KineticImageModel.model_dimension = 'time'
```

**model\_type**

```
KineticImageModel.model_type
```

The type of the model as human readable string.

### retrieve\_clp\_function

```
KineticImageModel.retrieve_clp_function = None
```

### weights

```
KineticImageModel.weights
```

### Methods Summary

---

```
add_weights
```

---

```
finalize_data
```

---

```
from_dict
```

 Creates a model from a dictionary.

---

```
get_dataset
```

---

```
get_initial_concentration
```

---

```
get_irf
```

---

```
get_k_matrix
```

---

```
get_megacomplex
```

---

```
grouped
```

---

```
index_dependent
```

---

```
markdown
```

 Formats the model as Markdown string.

---

```
matrix
```

---

```
problem_list
```

 Returns a list with all problems in the model  
and missing parameters if specified.

---

```
set_dataset
```

---

```
set_initial_concentration
```

---

```
set_irf
```

---

```
set_k_matrix
```

---

```
set_megacomplex
```

---

```
simulate
```

 Simulates the model.

---

```
valid
```

 Returns *True* if the number problems in the  
model is 0, else *False*

---

```
validate
```

 Returns a string listing all problems in the  
model and missing parameters if specified.

**add\_weights**

```
KineticImageModel.add_weights (item: glotaran.model.weight.Weight)
```

**finalize\_data**

```
KineticImageModel.finalize_data (problem: Problem, data: dict[str, xr.Dataset])
```

**from\_dict**

```
classmethod KineticImageModel.from_dict (model_dict_ref: dict) → glotaran.model.base_model.Model
```

Creates a model from a dictionary.

**Parameters** `model_dict` – Dictionary containing the model.

**get\_dataset**

```
KineticImageModel.get_dataset (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor.Kinetic
```

**get\_initial\_concentration**

```
KineticImageModel.get_initial_concentration (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentrati
```

**get\_irf**

```
KineticImageModel.get_irf (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf
```

**get\_k\_matrix**

```
KineticImageModel.get_k_matrix (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image.KMatrix
```

**get\_megacomplex**

```
KineticImageModel.get_megacomplex (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.Kine
```

## grouped

```
KineticImageModel.grouped()
```

## index\_dependent

```
KineticImageModel.index_dependent()
```

## markdown

```
KineticImageModel.markdown(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None, initial_parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
```

Formats the model as Markdown string.

Parameters will be included if specified.

### Parameters

- **parameter** – Parameter to include.
- **initial** – Initial values for the parameters.

## matrix

```
static KineticImageModel.matrix(dataset_descriptor=None, axis=None, index=None, irf=None)
```

## problem\_list

```
KineticImageModel.problem_list(parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → list[str]
```

Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

Parameters **parameter** – The parameter to validate.

## set\_dataset

```
KineticImageModel.set_dataset(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor.KineticImageDatasetDescriptor)
```

## set\_initial\_concentration

```
KineticImageModel.set_initial_concentration(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration)
```

**set\_irf**

```
KineticImageModel.set_irf(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf)
```

**set\_k\_matrix**

```
KineticImageModel.set_k_matrix(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KMatrix)
```

**set\_megacomplex**

```
KineticImageModel.set_megacomplex(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.KineticImageMegacomplex)
```

**simulate**

```
KineticImageModel.simulate(dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, axes: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None, clp: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, noise: bool = False, noise_std_dev: float = 1.0, noise_seed: int = None) → xr.Dataset
```

Simulates the model.

**Parameters**

- **dataset** – Label of the dataset to simulate.
- **parameter** – The parameters for the simulation.
- **axes** – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
- **clp** – Conditionally linear parameters. Used instead of *model.global\_matrix* if provided.
- **noise** – If *True* noise is added to the simulated data.
- **noise\_std\_dev** – The standard deviation of the noise.
- **noise\_seed** – Seed for the noise.

**valid**

```
KineticImageModel.valid(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool
```

Returns *True* if the number problems in the model is 0, else *False*

**Parameters** **parameter** – The parameter to validate.

**validate**

```
KineticImageModel.validate(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
```

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters** **parameter** – The parameter to validate.

## Methods Documentation

```
add_weights (item: glotaran.model.weight.Weight)
additional_penalty_function = None
constrain_matrix_function = None
property dataset
finalize_data (problem: Problem, data: dict[str, xr.Dataset])
classmethod from_dict (model_dict_ref: dict) → glotaran.model.base_model.Model
    Creates a model from a dictionary.
    Parameters model_dict – Dictionary containing the model.

get_dataset (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor.KineticImageData
get_initial_concentration (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration
get_irf (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf
get_k_matrix (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
get_megacomplex (label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.KineticImageMegacomplex
global_dimension = 'pixel'
global_matrix = None
grouped()
has_additional_penalty_function = None
has_matrix_constraints_function = None
index_dependent()
property index_dependent_matrix
property initial_concentration
property irf
property k_matrix
markdown (parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None, initial_parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
    Formats the model as Markdown string.
    Parameters will be included if specified.
    Parameters
        • parameter – Parameter to include.
        • initial – Initial values for the parameters.

static matrix (dataset_descriptor=None, axis=None, index=None, irf=None)
property megacomplex
model_dimension = 'time'
property model_type
    The type of the model as human readable string.

problem_list (parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → list[str]
    Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.
    Parameters parameter – The parameter to validate.
```

```

retrieve_clp_function = None

set_dataset(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor.KineticImageDataset)
set_initial_concentration(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration)
set_irf(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf)
set_k_matrix(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix)
set_megacomplex(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.KineticImageMegacomplex)
simulate(dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, axes: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None,
           clp: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, noise: bool = False, noise_std_dev: float = 1.0, noise_seed: int = None) → xr.Dataset
    Simulates the model.

    Parameters
    • dataset – Label of the dataset to simulate.
    • parameter – The parameters for the simulation.
    • axes – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
    • clp – Conditionally linear parameters. Used instead of model.global_matrix if provided.
    • noise – If True noise is added to the simulated data.
    • noise_std_dev – The standard deviation of the noise.
    • noise_seed – Seed for the noise.

valid(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool
    Returns True if the number problems in the model is 0, else False
    Parameters parameter – The parameter to validate.

validate(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
    Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.
    Parameters parameter – The parameter to validate.

property weights

```

## kinetic\_image\_result

### Functions

#### Summary

---

*finalize\_kinetic\_image\_result*

---

*retrieve\_decay\_associated\_data*

---

*retrieve\_irf*

---

*retrieve\_species\_associated\_data*

---

### **finalize\_kinetic\_image\_result**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result.finalize_kinetic_image_resu
```

### **retrieve\_decay\_associated\_data**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result.retrieve_decay_associated
```

### **retrieve\_irf**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result.retrieve_irf(model,  
dataset,  
dataset_descriptor,  
name)
```

### **retrieve\_species\_associated\_data**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result.retrieve_species_associat
```

## **kinetic\_spectrum**

### **Modules**

---

```
glotaran.builtin.models.  
kinetic_spectrum.  
kinetic_spectrum_dataset_descriptor  
glotaran.builtin.models.          Glotaran kinetic spectrum Matrix  
kinetic_spectrum.  
kinetic_spectrum_matrix  
glotaran.builtin.models.  
kinetic_spectrum.  
kinetic_spectrum_model  
glotaran.builtin.models.  
kinetic_spectrum.  
kinetic_spectrum_result
```

---

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Table 65 – continued from previous page

<code>glotaran.builtin.models.</code>	This package contains compartment constraint items.
<code>kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints</code>	
<code>glotaran.builtin.models.</code>	
<code>kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf</code>	
<code>glotaran.builtin.models.</code>	Glotaran Spectral Matrix
<code>kinetic_spectrum.spectral_matrix</code>	
<code>glotaran.builtin.models.</code>	This package contains compartment constraint items.
<code>kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties</code>	
<code>glotaran.builtin.models.</code>	Glotaran Spectral Relation
<code>kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations</code>	
<code>glotaran.builtin.models.</code>	This package contains the spectral shape item.
<code>kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape</code>	

## kinetic\_spectrum\_dataset\_descriptor

### Classes

#### Summary

---

`KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor`

---

#### KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_dataset_descriptor.KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor:
    Bases:                                     glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.
                                                kinetic_image_dataset_descriptor.KineticImageDatasetDescriptor
```

#### Attributes Summary

---

`baseline`

---



---

`initial_concentration`

---



---

`irf`

---



---

`label`

---



---

`megacomplex`

---



---

`scale`

---



---

`shape`

---

## baseline

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.baseline
```

## initial\_concentration

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.initial_concentration
```

## irf

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.irf
```

## label

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.label
```

## megacomplex

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.megacomplex
```

## scale

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.scale
```

## shape

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.shape
```

## Methods Summary

---

*compartments*

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

*get\_k\_matrices*

---

*mprint*

---

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Table 68 – continued from previous page

---

*validate*

---

**compartments**KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.**compartments**()**fill**KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.**fill**(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict****classmethod** KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.**from\_dict**(values: dict) → cls**from\_list****classmethod** KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.**from\_list**(values: list) → cls**get\_k\_matrices**KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.**get\_k\_matrices**()**mprint**KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.**mprint**(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str

## validate

```
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

## Methods Documentation

**property baseline**

**compartments()**

**fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup)** → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict(values: dict)** → cls

**classmethod from\_list(values: list)** → cls

**get\_k\_matrices()**

**property initial\_concentration**

**property irf**

**property label**

**property megacomplex**

**mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None)** → str

**property scale**

**property shape**

**validate(model: Model, parameters=None)** → list[str]

## kinetic\_spectrum\_matrix

Glotaran kinetic spectrum Matrix

## kinetic\_spectrum\_model

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`apply_kinetic_model_constraints`

---

`apply_spectral_penalties`

---

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Table 69 – continued from previous page

---

<i>grouped</i>	
<i>has_kinetic_model_constraints</i>	
<i>has_spectral_penalties</i>	
<i>index_dependent</i>	
<i>kinetic_spectrum_matrix</i>	
<i>retrieve_spectral_clps</i>	
<i>spectral_matrix</i>	Calculates the matrix.

---

**apply\_kinetic\_model\_constraints**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.apply_kinetic_model_constraints
```

## apply\_spectral\_penalties

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.apply_spectral_penalties
```

### grouped

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.grouped(model:  
                                     glotaran.builtin.mode
```

### has\_kinetic\_model\_constraints

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.has_kinetic_model_cons
```

### has\_spectral\_penalties

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.has_spectral_penalties
```

### index\_dependent

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.index_dependent(model:  
                                     glotaran.builtin.mode  
                                     →  
                                     bool)
```

### kinetic\_spectrum\_matrix

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.kinetic_spectrum_matri
```

## **retrieve\_spectral\_clips**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.retrieve_spectral_clips
```

## **spectral\_matrix**

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.spectral_matrix(dataset,  
axis)
```

Calculates the matrix.

### Parameters

- **matrix** (`np.array`) – The preallocated matrix.
- **compartment\_order** (`list(str)`) – A list of compartment labels to map compartments to indices in the matrix.
- **parameter** (`glotaran.model.ParameterGroup`) –

---

## Classes

### Summary

---

*KineticSpectrumModel*

---

### **KineticSpectrumModel**

**class** glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_model.**KineticSpectrumModel**  
Bases: *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model.KineticImageModel*

### Attributes Summary

---

*dataset*

---

---

*equal\_area\_penalties*

---

---

*global\_dimension*

---

---

*index\_dependent\_matrix*

---

---

*initial\_concentration*

---

---

*irf*

---

---

*k\_matrix*

---

---

*megacomplex*

---

---

*model\_dimension*

---

*model\_type* The type of the model as human readable string.

---

*shape*

---

---

*spectral\_constraints*

---

---

*spectral\_relations*

---

---

*weights*

---

**dataset**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.dataset
```

**equal\_area\_penalties**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.equal_area_penalties
```

**global\_dimension**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.global_dimension = 'spectral'
```

**index\_dependent\_matrix**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.index_dependent_matrix
```

**initial\_concentration**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.initial_concentration
```

**irf**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.irf
```

**k\_matrix**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.k_matrix
```

**megacomplex**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.megacomplex
```

**model\_dimension**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.model_dimension = 'time'
```

**model\_type**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.model_type
```

The type of the model as human readable string.

**shape**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.shape
```

**spectral\_constraints**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.spectral_constraints
```

**spectral\_relations**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.spectral_relations
```

**weights**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.weights
```

**Methods Summary**

---

```
add_equal_area_penalties
```

---

```
add_spectral_constraints
```

---

```
add_spectral_relations
```

---

```
add_weights
```

---

```
additional_penalty_function
```

---

```
constrain_matrix_function
```

---

```
finalize_data
```

---

```
from_dict
```

Creates a model from a dictionary.

---

```
get_dataset
```

---

```
get_initial_concentration
```

---

```
get_irf
```

---

```
get_k_matrix
```

---

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Table 72 – continued from previous page

<code>get_megacomplex</code>	
<code>get_shape</code>	
<code>global_matrix</code>	Calculates the matrix.
<code>grouped</code>	
<code>has_additional_penalty_function</code>	
<code>has_matrix_constraints_function</code>	
<code>index_dependent</code>	
<code>markdown</code>	Formats the model as Markdown string.
<code>matrix</code>	
<code>problem_list</code>	Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.
<code>retrieve_clp_function</code>	
<code>set_dataset</code>	
<code>set_initial_concentration</code>	
<code>set_irf</code>	
<code>set_k_matrix</code>	
<code>set_megacomplex</code>	
<code>set_shape</code>	
<code>simulate</code>	Simulates the model.
<code>valid</code>	Returns <code>True</code> if the number problems in the model is 0, else <code>False</code>
<code>validate</code>	Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

### `add_equal_area_penalties`

`KineticSpectrumModel.add_equal_area_penalties(item:`

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral pena`

**add\_spectral\_constraints**KineticSpectrumModel.**add\_spectral\_constraints**(item:

glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_cons

**add\_spectral\_relations**KineticSpectrumModel.**add\_spectral\_relations**(item:

glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_relatio

**add\_weights**KineticSpectrumModel.**add\_weights**(item: glotaran.model.weight.Weight)**additional\_penalty\_function**KineticSpectrumModel.**additional\_penalty\_function**(parameters: ParameterGroup,  
clp\_labels: dict[str, list[str] | list[list[str]]],  
cls: dict[str, list[np.ndarray]],  
matrices: dict[str, np.ndarray | list[np.ndarray]],  
data: dict[str, xr.Dataset],  
group\_tolerance: float) → np.ndarray**constrain\_matrix\_function**KineticSpectrumModel.**constrain\_matrix\_function**(dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup,  
clp\_labels: list[str], matrix: np.ndarray, index: float) → tuple[list[str], np.ndarray]

### `finalize_data`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.finalize_data(problem: Problem, data: dict[str,  
xr.Dataset])
```

### `from_dict`

```
classmethod KineticSpectrumModel.from_dict(model_dict_ref: dict) →  
glotaran.model.base_model.Model
```

Creates a model from a dictionary.

**Parameters** `model_dict` – Dictionary containing the model.

### `get_dataset`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.get_dataset(label: str) →  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_dataset_descri
```

### `get_initial_concentration`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.get_initial_concentration(label: str) →  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concen
```

### `get_irf`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.get_irf(label: str) →  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf
```

### `get_k_matrix`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.get_k_matrix(label: str) →  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
```

### `get_megacomplex`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.get_megacomplex(label: str) →  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.
```

### `get_shape`

```
KineticSpectrumModel.get_shape(label: str) →  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape
```

## global\_matrix

```
static KineticSpectrumModel.global_matrix(dataset, axis)
```

Calculates the matrix.

### Parameters

- **matrix** (`np.array`) – The preallocated matrix.
- **compartment\_order** (`list(str)`) – A list of compartment labels to map compartments to indices in the matrix.
- **parameter** (`glotaran.model.ParameterGroup`) –

## grouped

```
KineticSpectrumModel.grouped()
```

## has\_additional\_penalty\_function

```
KineticSpectrumModel.has_additional_penalty_function() → bool
```

## has\_matrix\_constraints\_function

```
KineticSpectrumModel.has_matrix_constraints_function() → bool
```

## index\_dependent

```
KineticSpectrumModel.index_dependent() → bool
```

## markdown

```
KineticSpectrumModel.markdown(parameters: Op-  
                                optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup]  
                                = None, initial_parameters: Op-  
                                tional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup]  
                                = None) → str
```

Formats the model as Markdown string.

Parameters will be included if specified.

### Parameters

- **parameter** – Parameter to include.
- **initial** – Initial values for the parameters.

## matrix

```
static KineticSpectrumModel.matrix(dataset_descriptor=None, axis=None, index=None, irf=None)
```

## problem\_list

```
KineticSpectrumModel.problem_list(parameters: ParameterGroup = None) →  
    list[str]
```

Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

## retrieve\_clp\_function

```
KineticSpectrumModel.retrieve_clp_function(parameters: ParameterGroup,  
    clp_labels: dict[str,  
        list[str] | list[list[str]]], reduced_clp_labels: dict[str,  
        list[str] | list[list[str]]], reduced_clps: dict[str,  
        list[np.ndarray]], data: dict[str, xr.Dataset]) →  
    dict[str, list[np.ndarray]]
```

## set\_dataset

```
KineticSpectrumModel.set_dataset(label: str, item:  
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_dataset_descri
```

## set\_initial\_concentration

```
KineticSpectrumModel.set_initial_concentration(label: str, item:  
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concent
```

## set\_irf

```
KineticSpectrumModel.set_irf(label: str, item:  
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf)
```

**set\_k\_matrix**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.set_k_matrix(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix)
```

**set\_megacomplex**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.set_megacomplex(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex)
```

**set\_shape**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.set_shape(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape)
```

**simulate**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.simulate(dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, axes: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None, clp: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, noise: bool = False, noise_std_dev: float = 1.0, noise_seed: int = None) → xr.Dataset
```

Simulates the model.

**Parameters**

- **dataset** – Label of the dataset to simulate.
- **parameter** – The parameters for the simulation.
- **axes** – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
- **clp** – Conditionally linear parameters. Used instead of `model.global_matrix` if provided.
- **noise** – If `True` noise is added to the simulated data.
- **noise\_std\_dev** – The standard deviation of the noise.
- **noise\_seed** – Seed for the noise.

**valid**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.valid(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool
```

Returns `True` if the number problems in the model is 0, else `False`

**Parameters** **parameter** – The parameter to validate.

**validate**

```
KineticSpectrumModel.validate(parameters:          O-
                               optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup]
                               = None) → str
```

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

**Methods Documentation**

```
add_equal_area_penalties(item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.EqualAreaPenalty)
add_spectral_constraints(item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.SpectralConstraint)
add_spectral_relations(item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.SpectralRelation)
add_weights(item: glotaran.model.weight.Weight)

additional_penalty_function(parameters: ParameterGroup, clp_labels:
                           dict[str, list[str] | list[list[str]]], clps: dict[str,
                           list[np.ndarray]], matrices: dict[str, np.ndarray
                           | list[np.ndarray]], data: dict[str, xr.Dataset],
                           group_tolerance: float) → np.ndarray

constrain_matrix_function(dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, clp_labels:
                           list[str], matrix: np.ndarray, index: float) → tuple[list[str], np.ndarray]

property dataset
property equal_area_penalties
finalize_data(problem: Problem, data: dict[str, xr.Dataset])

classmethod from_dict(model_dict_ref: dict) → glotaran.model.base_model.Model
Creates a model from a dictionary.

Parameters model_dict – Dictionary containing the model.

get_dataset(label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_dataset_descriptor.KineticSpect
get_initial_concentration(label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialCon
get_irf(label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf
get_k_matrix(label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
get_megacomplex(label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.KineticImageMeg
get_shape(label: str) → glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape
global_dimension = 'spectral'
static global_matrix(dataset, axis)
Calculates the matrix.

Parameters
• matrix(np.array) – The preallocated matrix.
• compartment_order(list(str)) – A list of compartment labels to map compartments to indices in the matrix.
• parameter(glotaran.model.ParameterGroup) –
grouped()
has_additional_penalty_function() → bool
```

```

has_matrix_constraints_function() → bool
index_dependent() → bool
property index_dependent_matrix
property initial_concentration
property irf
property k_matrix
markdown(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None, initial_parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
    Formats the model as Markdown string.

    Parameters will be included if specified.

    Parameters
        • parameter – Parameter to include.
        • initial – Initial values for the parameters.

static matrix(dataset_descriptor=None, axis=None, index=None, irf=None)
property megacomplex
model_dimension = 'time'
property model_type
    The type of the model as human readable string.

problem_list(parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → list[str]
    Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

    Parameters parameter – The parameter to validate.

retrieve_clp_function(parameters: ParameterGroup, clp_labels: dict[str, list[str] | list[list[str]]], reduced_clp_labels: dict[str, list[str] | list[list[str]]], reduced_clps: dict[str, list[np.ndarray]], data: dict[str, xr.Dataset]) → dict[str, list[np.ndarray]]

set_dataset(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_dataset_descriptor.KineticSpectrumDataset)
set_initial_concentration(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.InitialConcentration)
set_irf(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.Irf)
set_k_matrix(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix)
set_megacomplex(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacomplex.KineticImageMegacomplex)
set_shape(label: str, item: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape)
property shape
simulate(dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, axes: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None, clp: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, noise: bool = False, noise_std_dev: float = 1.0, noise_seed: int = None) → xr.Dataset
    Simulates the model.

    Parameters
        • dataset – Label of the dataset to simulate.
        • parameter – The parameters for the simulation.
        • axes – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
        • clp – Conditionally linear parameters. Used instead of model.global_matrix if provided.
        • noise – If True noise is added to the simulated data.

```

- `noise_std_dev` – The standard deviation of the noise.
- `noise_seed` – Seed for the noise.

`property spectral_constraints`

`property spectral_relations`

`valid(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool`

Returns `True` if the number problems in the model is 0, else `False`

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

`validate(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str`

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

`property weights`

## kinetic\_spectrum\_result

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`finalize_kinetic_spectrum_result`

---

#### finalize\_kinetic\_spectrum\_result

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_result.finalize_kinetic_spec`

## spectral\_constraints

This package contains compartment constraint items.

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`apply_spectral_constraints`

---

#### apply\_spectral\_constraints

`glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.apply_spectral_constraints`

### Classes

#### Summary

---

<code>OnlyConstraint</code>	A only constraint sets the calculated matrix row of a compartment to 0 outside the given intervals.
<code>SpectralConstraint</code>	A compartment constraint is applied on one compartment on one or many intervals on the estimated axis type.
<code>ZeroConstraint</code>	A zero constraint sets the calculated matrix row of a compartment to 0 in the given intervals.

---

## OnlyConstraint

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.OnlyConstraint  
Bases: object
```

A only constraint sets the calculated matrix row of a compartment to 0 outside the given intervals.

### Attributes Summary

---

*compartment*

---

*interval*

---

*type*

---

#### compartment

OnlyConstraint.**compartment**

#### interval

OnlyConstraint.**interval**

#### type

OnlyConstraint.**type**

### Methods Summary

---

*applies*

---

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

---

*fill*

---

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

---

*from\_list*

---

---

*mprint*

---

---

*validate*

---

## applies

OnlyConstraint.**applies** (index: Any) → bool

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** `index` –

**Returns** `applies`

**Return type** bool

## fill

OnlyConstraint.**fill** (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- `parameter` (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

## from\_dict

**classmethod** OnlyConstraint.**from\_dict** (values: dict) → cls

## from\_list

**classmethod** OnlyConstraint.**from\_list** (values: list) → cls

## mprint

OnlyConstraint.**mprint** (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str

## validate

OnlyConstraint.**validate** (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]

## Methods Documentation

**applies** (index: Any) → bool

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** `index` –

**Returns** `applies`

**Return type** bool

## property compartment

**fill** (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

```
classmethod from_dict(values: dict) → cls
```

```
classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls
```

```
property interval
```

```
mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

```
property type
```

```
validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

## SpectralConstraint

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.SpectralConstraint  
Bases: object
```

A compartment constraint is applied on one compartment on one or many intervals on the estimated axis type.

There are three types: zero, equal and equal area. See the documentation of the respective classes for details.

### Methods Summary

---

```
add_type
```

---

#### add\_type

```
classmethod SpectralConstraint.add_type(type_name: str, attribute_type: type)
```

### Methods Documentation

```
classmethod add_type(type_name: str, attribute_type: type)
```

## ZeroConstraint

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.ZeroConstraint  
Bases: object
```

A zero constraint sets the calculated matrix row of a compartment to 0 in the given intervals.

## Attributes Summary

---

`compartment`

---

`interval`

---

`type`

---

### **compartment**

`ZeroConstraint.compartment`

### **interval**

`ZeroConstraint.interval`

### **type**

`ZeroConstraint.type`

## Methods Summary

---

`applies` Returns true if the indexx is in one of the intervals.

---

`fill` Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

`from_dict`

---

`from_list`

---

`mprint`

---

`validate`

---

## applies

`ZeroConstraint.applies(index: Any) → bool`

Returns true if the indexx is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** `index` –

**Returns** `applies`

**Return type** `bool`

## fill

`ZeroConstraint.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

## from\_dict

**classmethod** `ZeroConstraint.from_dict(values: dict) → cls`

## from\_list

**classmethod** `ZeroConstraint.from_list(values: list) → cls`

## mprint

`ZeroConstraint.mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str`

## validate

`ZeroConstraint.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]`

## Methods Documentation

**applies** (`index: Any`) → `bool`

Returns true if the indexx is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** `index` –

**Returns** `applies`

**Return type** `bool`

## property compartment

**fill** (`model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup`) → `cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

`classmethod from_dict(values: dict) → cls`

`classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls`

`property interval`

`mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str`

`property type`

`validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]`

## spectral\_irf

### Classes

#### Summary

---

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact`

---

`IrfSpectralGaussian`

---

`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian`      Represents a gaussian IRF.

---

#### IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact

`class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact`  
Bases: `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralGaussian`

#### Attributes Summary

---

`backsweep`

---

`backsweep_period`

---

`center`

---

`center_dispersion`

---

`coherent_artifact_order`

---

`coherent_artifact_width`

---

`dispersion_center`

---

`label`

---

continues on next page

Table 82 – continued from previous page

---

*model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber*

---

*normalize*

---

*scale*

---

*type*

---

*width*

---

*width\_dispersion*

---

## **backsweep**

IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.**backsweep**

## **backsweep\_period**

IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.**backsweep\_period**

## **center**

IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.**center**

## **center\_dispersion**

IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.**center\_dispersion**

## **coherent\_artifact\_order**

IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.**coherent\_artifact\_order**

## **coherent\_artifact\_width**

IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.**coherent\_artifact\_width**

**dispersion\_center**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.dispersion_center
```

**label**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.label
```

**model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.model_dispersion_with_wavenumber
```

**normalize**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.normalize
```

**scale**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.scale
```

**type**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.type
```

**width**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.width
```

**width\_dispersion**

```
IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.width_dispersion
```

**Methods Summary**

---

*calculate*

---

*calculate\_coherent\_artifact*

---

*calculate\_dispersion*

---

*clp\_labels*

---

continues on next page

Table 83 – continued from previous page

<code>fill</code>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
<code>from_dict</code>	
<code>from_list</code>	
<code>mprint</code>	
<code>parameter</code>	
<code>validate</code>	

## calculate

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.calculate(index, axis)`

## calculate\_coherent\_artifact

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.calculate_coherent_artifact(axis)`

## calculate\_dispersion

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.calculate_dispersion(axis)`

## clp\_labels

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.clp_labels()`

## fill

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

### Parameters

- `model` – A glotaran model.
- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

`from_dict`

`classmethod` `IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.from_dict` (`values: dict`) → `cls`

`from_list`

`classmethod` `IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.from_list` (`values: list`) → `cls`

`mprint`

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.mprint` (`parameters: ParameterGroup = None,`  
`initial_parameters: ParameterGroup =`  
`None`) → `str`

`parameter`

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.parameter` (`index`)

`validate`

`IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact.validate` (`model: Model, parameters=None`) →  
`list[str]`

## Methods Documentation

`property backsweep`

`property backsweep_period`

`calculate(index, axis)`

`calculate_coherent_artifact(axis)`

`calculate_dispersion(axis)`

`property center`

`property center_dispersion`

`clp_labels()`

`property coherent_artifact_order`

`property coherent_artifact_width`

`property dispersion_center`

`fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

`Parameters`

- `model` – A glotaran model.
- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

`classmethod from_dict(values: dict) → cls`

```
classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls
property label
property model_dispersion_with_wavenumber
mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup =
        None) → str
property normalize
parameter(index)
property scale
property type
validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
property width
property width_dispersion
```

## IrfSpectralGaussian

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralGaussian
Bases: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian
```

### Attributes Summary

---

*backsweep*

---

*backsweep\_period*

---

*center*

---

*center\_dispersion*

---

*dispersion\_center*

---

*label*

---

*model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber*

---

*normalize*

---

*scale*

---

*type*

---

*width*

---

*width\_dispersion*

---

**backsweep**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.backsweep
```

**backsweep\_period**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.backsweep_period
```

**center**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.center
```

**center\_dispersion**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.center_dispersion
```

**dispersion\_center**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.dispersion_center
```

**label**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.label
```

**model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.model_dispersion_with_wavenumber
```

**normalize**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.normalize
```

**scale**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.scale
```

**type**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.type
```

**width**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.width
```

**width\_dispersion**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.width_dispersion
```

**Methods Summary**

---

*calculate*

---

*calculate\_dispersion*

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

*mprint*

---

*parameter*

---

*validate*

---

**calculate**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.calculate(index, axis)
```

**calculate\_dispersion**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.calculate_dispersion(axis)
```

**fill**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

```
classmethod IrfSpectralGaussian.from_dict(values: dict) → cls
```

**from\_list**

```
classmethod IrfSpectralGaussian.from_list(values: list) → cls
```

**mprint**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

**parameter**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.parameter(index)
```

**validate**

```
IrfSpectralGaussian.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

**Methods Documentation**

```
property backsweep
property backsweep_period
calculate(index, axis)
calculate_dispersion(axis)
property center
property center_dispersion
property dispersion_center
```

```
fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
    Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced
    by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

Parameters
    • model – A glotaran model.
    • parameter (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

classmethod from_dict (values: dict) → cls

classmethod from_list (values: list) → cls

property label

property model_dispersion_with_wavenumber

mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup =
    None) → str

property normalize

parameter (index)

property scale

property type

validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]

property width

property width_dispersion
```

## IrfSpectralMultiGaussian

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussian
    Bases: glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
```

Represents a gaussian IRF.

One width and one center is a single gauss.

One center and multiple widths is a multiple gaussian.

Multiple center and multiple widths is Double-, Triple-, etc. Gaussian.

### Parameters

- **label** – label of the irf
- **center** – one or more center of the irf as parameter indices
- **width** – one or more widths of the gaussian as parameter index
- **center\_dispersion** – polynomial coefficients for the dispersion of the center as list of parameter indices. None for no dispersion.
- **width\_dispersion** – polynomial coefficients for the dispersion of the width as parameter indices. None for no dispersion.

## Attributes Summary

---

`backsweep`

---

`backsweep_period`

---

`center`

---

`center_dispersion`

---

`dispersion_center`

---

`label`

---

`model_dispersion_with_wavenumber`

---

`normalize`

---

`scale`

---

`type`

---

`width`

---

`width_dispersion`

---

### **backsweep**

`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.backsweep`

### **backsweep\_period**

`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.backsweep_period`

### **center**

`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.center`

### **center\_dispersion**

`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.center_dispersion`

### dispersion\_center

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.dispersion_center
```

### label

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.label
```

### model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.model_dispersion_with_wavenumber
```

### normalize

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.normalize
```

### scale

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.scale
```

### type

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.type
```

### width

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.width
```

### width\_dispersion

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.width_dispersion
```

## Methods Summary

---

*calculate*

---

*calculate\_dispersion*

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

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Table 87 – continued from previous page

---

<code>from_list</code>
<code>mprint</code>
<code>parameter</code>
<code>validate</code>

---

**calculate**`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.calculate(index, axis)`**calculate\_dispersion**`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.calculate_dispersion(axis)`**fill**`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**`classmethod IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.from_dict(values: dict) → cls`**from\_list**`classmethod IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.from_list(values: list) → cls`**mprint**`IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str`

**parameter**

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.parameter(index)
```

**validate**

```
IrfSpectralMultiGaussian.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) →  
list[str]
```

**Methods Documentation**

```
property backsweep
```

```
property backsweep_period
```

```
calculate(index, axis)
```

```
calculate_dispersion(axis)
```

```
property center
```

```
property center_dispersion
```

```
property dispersion_center
```

```
fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

```
classmethod from_dict(values: dict) → cls
```

```
classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls
```

```
property label
```

```
property model_dispersion_with_wavenumber
```

```
mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup =  
None) → str
```

```
property normalize
```

```
parameter(index)
```

```
property scale
```

```
property type
```

```
validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

```
property width
```

```
property width_dispersion
```

## spectral\_matrix

Glotaran Spectral Matrix

## spectral\_penalties

This package contains compartment constraint items.

### Classes

#### Summary

---

##### `EqualAreaPenalty`

An equal area constraint adds a the differenc of the sum of a compartments in the e matrix in one ore more intervals to the scaled sum of the e matrix of one or more target compartments to resid- ual.

---

#### `EqualAreaPenalty`

**class** `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.EqualAreaPenalty`  
Bases: `object`

An equal area constraint adds a the differenc of the sum of a compartments in the e matrix in one ore more intervals to the scaled sum of the e matrix of one or more target compartments to residual. The additional residual is scaled with the weight.

#### Attributes Summary

---

`parameter`

---

`source`

---

`source_intervals`

---

`target`

---

`target_intervals`

---

`weight`

---

### parameter

```
EqualAreaPenalty.parameter
```

### source

```
EqualAreaPenalty.source
```

### source\_intervals

```
EqualAreaPenalty.source_intervals
```

### target

```
EqualAreaPenalty.target
```

### target\_intervals

```
EqualAreaPenalty.target_intervals
```

### weight

```
EqualAreaPenalty.weight
```

## Methods Summary

---

*applies*

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

---

*fill*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

*from\_dict*

---

*from\_list*

---

*mprint*

---

*validate*

---

## applies

```
EqualAreaPenalty.applies(index: Any) → bool
```

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** `index` –

**Returns** `applies`

**Return type** `bool`

## fill

```
EqualAreaPenalty.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

## from\_dict

```
classmethod EqualAreaPenalty.from_dict(values: dict) → cls
```

## from\_list

```
classmethod EqualAreaPenalty.from_list(values: list) → cls
```

## mprint

```
EqualAreaPenalty.mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

## validate

```
EqualAreaPenalty.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

## Methods Documentation

```
applies(index: Any) → bool
```

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** `index` –

**Returns** `applies`

**Return type** `bool`

```
fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

```
classmethod from_dict(values: dict) → cls
classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls
mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup =
        None) → str
property parameter
property source
property source_intervals
property target
property target_intervals
validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
property weight
```

## spectral\_relations

Glotaran Spectral Relation

### Functions

#### Summary

---

```
apply_spectral_relations
create_spectral_relation_matrix
retrieve_related_clps
```

---

## apply\_spectral\_relations

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.apply_spectral_relations(m  
K  
ne  
ic  
Sp  
tr  
M  
da  
st  
po  
ra  
e-  
te  
Pe  
ra  
e-  
te  
G  
cl  
lis  
m  
tr  
np  
in  
de  
fla  
tu  
pl  
np
```

### `create_spectral_relation_matrix`

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.create_spectral_relation_m
```

## retrieve\_related\_clps

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.retrieve_related_clps(model  
Ki-  
net-  
ic-  
Spec-  
trum-  
Model  
pa-  
ram-  
e-  
ters:  
Pa-  
ram-  
e-  
ter-  
Group  
clp_la  
dict[st  
list[str  
|  
list[lis  
clps:  
dict[st  
list[np  
data:  
dict[st  
xr.Dat  
→  
dict[st  
list[np
```

## Classes

### Summary

---

*SpectralRelation*

---

## SpectralRelation

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.SpectralRelation
Bases: object
```

### Attributes Summary

---

`compartment`

---

`interval`

---

`parameter`

---

`target`

---

#### **compartment**

`SpectralRelation.compartment`

#### **interval**

`SpectralRelation.interval`

#### **parameter**

`SpectralRelation.parameter`

#### **target**

`SpectralRelation.target`

### Methods Summary

---

`applies` Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

---

`fill` Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

`from_dict`

---

`from_list`

---

continues on next page

Table 94 – continued from previous page

---

*mprint*

---

*validate*

---

**applies**SpectralRelation.**applies** (*index*: Any) → bool

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

**Parameters** **index** –**Returns** **applies****Return type** bool**fill**SpectralRelation.**fill** (*model*: Model, *parameters*: ParameterGroup) → cls

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**• **model** – A glotaran model.• **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.**from\_dict****classmethod** SpectralRelation.**from\_dict** (*values*: dict) → cls**from\_list****classmethod** SpectralRelation.**from\_list** (*values*: list) → cls**mprint**SpectralRelation.**mprint** (*parameters*: ParameterGroup = None, *initial\_parameters*: ParameterGroup = None) → str**validate**SpectralRelation.**validate** (*model*: Model, *parameters*=None) → list[str]

## Methods Documentation

**applies** (*index: Any*) → *bool*

Returns true if the index is in one of the intervals.

Parameters **index** –

Returns **applies**

Return type *bool*

**property compartment**

**fill** (*model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup*) → *cls*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

Parameters

- **model** – A glotaran model.

- **parameter** (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → *cls*

**classmethod from\_list** (*values: list*) → *cls*

**property interval**

**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → *str*

**property parameter**

**property target**

**validate** (*model: Model, parameters=None*) → *list[str]*

## spectral\_shape

This package contains the spectral shape item.

## Classes

### Summary

<i>SpectralShape</i>	Base class for spectral shapes
<i>SpectralShapeGaussian</i>	A gaussian spectral shape
<i>SpectralShapeOne</i>	A gaussian spectral shape
<i>SpectralShapeZero</i>	A gaussian spectral shape

## SpectralShape

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape
```

Bases: `object`

Base class for spectral shapes

### Methods Summary

---

`add_type`

---

#### `add_type`

```
classmethod SpectralShape.add_type(type_name: str, attribute_type: type)
```

### Methods Documentation

```
classmethod add_type(type_name: str, attribute_type: type)
```

## SpectralShapeGaussian

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShapeGaussian
```

Bases: `object`

A gaussian spectral shape

### Attributes Summary

---

`amplitude`

---

`label`

---

`location`

---

`type`

---

`width`

---

### amplitude

```
SpectralShapeGaussian.amplitude
```

### label

```
SpectralShapeGaussian.label
```

### location

```
SpectralShapeGaussian.location
```

### type

```
SpectralShapeGaussian.type
```

### width

```
SpectralShapeGaussian.width
```

## Methods Summary

<code>calculate</code>	calculate calculates the shape.
<code>fill</code>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
<code>from_dict</code>	
<code>from_list</code>	
<code>mprint</code>	
<code>validate</code>	

## calculate

SpectralShapeGaussian.**calculate** (axis: `numpy.ndarray`) → `numpy.ndarray`  
calculate calculates the shape.

**Parameters** `axis` (`np.ndarray`) – The axes to calculate the shape on.

**Returns** `shape`

**Return type** `numpy.ndarray`

## fill

SpectralShapeGaussian.**fill** (model: `Model`, parameters: `ParameterGroup`) → `cls`  
Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

## from\_dict

**classmethod** SpectralShapeGaussian.**from\_dict** (values: `dict`) → `cls`

## from\_list

**classmethod** SpectralShapeGaussian.**from\_list** (values: `list`) → `cls`

## mprint

SpectralShapeGaussian.**mprint** (parameters: `ParameterGroup` = `None`, initial\_parameters: `ParameterGroup` = `None`) → `str`

## validate

SpectralShapeGaussian.**validate** (model: `Model`, parameters=`None`) → `list[str]`

## Methods Documentation

### property amplitude

**calculate** (axis: `numpy.ndarray`) → `numpy.ndarray`

calculate calculates the shape.

**Parameters** `axis` (`np.ndarray`) – The axes to calculate the shape on.

**Returns** `shape`

**Return type** `numpy.ndarray`

**fill** (model: `Model`, parameters: `ParameterGroup`) → `cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.

- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

```
classmethod from_dict(values: dict) → cls
classmethod from_list(values: list) → cls
property label
property location
mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup =
       None) → str
property type
validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
property width
```

## SpectralShapeOne

```
class glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShapeOne
Bases: object
A gaussian spectral shape
```

### Attributes Summary

---

`label`

---

`type`

---

#### `label`

`SpectralShapeOne.label`

#### `type`

`SpectralShapeOne.type`

### Methods Summary

<code>calculate</code>	calculate calculates the shape.
<code>fill</code>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

`from_dict`

---

`from_list`

---

continues on next page

Table 100 – continued from previous page

---

`mprint`

---

`validate`

---

**calculate**

SpectralShapeOne.**calculate**(axis: *numpy.ndarray*) → *numpy.ndarray*  
 calculate calculates the shape.

**Parameters** `axis` (*np.ndarray*) – The axes to calculate the shape on.

**Returns** `shape`

**Return type** *numpy.ndarray*

**fill**

SpectralShapeOne.**fill**(model: *Model*, parameters: *ParameterGroup*) → *cls*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.
- `parameter` (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

**classmethod** SpectralShapeOne.**from\_dict**(values: *dict*) → *cls*

**from\_list**

**classmethod** SpectralShapeOne.**from\_list**(values: *list*) → *cls*

**mprint**

SpectralShapeOne.**mprint**(parameters: *ParameterGroup* = *None*, initial\_parameters: *ParameterGroup* = *None*) → *str*

**validate**

SpectralShapeOne.**validate**(model: *Model*, parameters=*None*) → *list[str]*

## Methods Documentation

**calculate** (*axis: numpy.ndarray*) → *numpy.ndarray*

calculate calculates the shape.

**Parameters** **axis** (*np.ndarray*) – The axes to calculate the shape on.

**Returns** **shape**

**Return type** *numpy.ndarray*

**fill** (*model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup*) → *cls*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.

- **parameter** (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → *cls*

**classmethod from\_list** (*values: list*) → *cls*

**property label**

**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → *str*

**property type**

**validate** (*model: Model, parameters=None*) → *list[str]*

## SpectralShapeZero

**class** *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeZero*  
Bases: *object*

A gaussian spectral shape

### Attributes Summary

---

*label*

---

*type*

---

**label**

*SpectralShapeZero.label*

**type**

```
SpectralShapeZero.type
```

**Methods Summary**

<code>calculate</code>	calculate calculates the shape.
<code>fill</code>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
<code>from_dict</code>	
<code>from_list</code>	
<code>mprint</code>	
<code>validate</code>	

**calculate**

`SpectralShapeZero.calculate(axis: numpy.ndarray) → numpy.ndarray`  
 calculate calculates the shape.

Only works after calling calling ‘fill’.

**Parameters** `axis` (`np.ndarray`) – The axes to calculate the shape on.  
**Returns** `shape`  
**Return type** `numpy.ndarray`

**fill**

`SpectralShapeZero.fill(model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls`  
 Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- `model` – A glotaran model.
- `parameter` (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

**classmethod** `SpectralShapeZero.from_dict(values: dict) → cls`

### from\_list

**classmethod** SpectralShapeZero.**from\_list** (*values: list*) → *cls*

### mprint

SpectralShapeZero.**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → *str*

### validate

SpectralShapeZero.**validate** (*model: Model, parameters=None*) → *list[str]*

## Methods Documentation

**calculate** (*axis: numpy.ndarray*) → *numpy.ndarray*

calculate calculates the shape.

Only works after calling calling ‘fill’.

**Parameters** **axis** (*np.ndarray*) – The axes to calculate the shape on.

**Returns** **shape**

**Return type** *numpy.ndarray*

**fill** (*model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup*) → *cls*

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (*ParameterGroup*) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod** **from\_dict** (*values: dict*) → *cls*

**classmethod** **from\_list** (*values: list*) → *cls*

### property label

**mprint** (*parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial\_parameters: ParameterGroup = None*) → *str*

### property type

**validate** (*model: Model, parameters=None*) → *list[str]*

## 12.1.3 cli

### Modules

---

*glotaran.cli.commands*

---

---

*glotaran.cli.main*

---

## commands

### Modules

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.explore*

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.export*

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.optimize*

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist*

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.print*

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.util*

---

*glotaran.cli.commands.validate*

---

## explore

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`export` Exports data from netCDF4 to ascii.

---

#### export

`glotaran.cli.commands.explore.export` (*filename*: str, *select*, *out*: str, *name*: str)

Exports data from netCDF4 to ascii.

#### optimize

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`optimize_cmd` Optimizes a model.

---

## optimize\_cmd

```
glotaran.cli.commands.optimize.optimize_cmd(dataformat: str, data: List[str],  
out: str, nfev: int, nnls: bool,  
yes: bool, parameters_file: str,  
model_file: str, scheme_file: str)
```

Optimizes a model. e.g.: glotaran optimize –

## pluginlist

### Functions

#### Summary

---

<code>plugin_list_cmd</code>	Prints a list of installed plugins.
------------------------------	-------------------------------------

---

## plugin\_list\_cmd

```
glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist.plugin_list_cmd()  
Prints a list of installed plugins.
```

## print

### Functions

#### Summary

---

<code>print_cmd</code>	Parses scheme, a model or a parameter file and prints the result as a Markdown formatted string.
------------------------	---

---

## print\_cmd

```
glotaran.cli.commands.print.print_cmd(parameters_file: str, model_file: str,  
scheme_file: str)  
Parses scheme, a model or a parameter file and prints the result as a Markdown formatted string.
```

## util

### Functions

#### Summary

---

<code>load_dataset_file</code>
--------------------------------

---

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Table 109 – continued from previous page

---

`load_model_file`

---

`load_parameter_file`

---

`load_scheme_file`

---

`select_data`

---

`select_name`

---

`signature_analysis`

---

`write_data`

---

---

**load\_dataset\_file**

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.load_dataset_file(filename, fmt=None, verbose=False)
```

**load\_model\_file**

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.load_model_file(filename, verbose=False)
```

**load\_parameter\_file**

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.load_parameter_file(filename, fmt=None, verbose=False)
```

**load\_scheme\_file**

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.load_scheme_file(filename, verbose=False)
```

**select\_data**

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.select_data(data, dim, selection)
```

**select\_name**

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.select_name(filename, dataset)
```

## signature\_analysis

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.signature_analysis(cmd)
```

## write\_data

```
glotaran.cli.commands.util.write_data(data, out)
```

## Classes

### Summary

---

*ValOrRangeOrList*

---

### ValOrRangeOrList

```
class glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList
Bases: click.types.ParamType
```

#### Attributes Summary

---

*envvar\_list\_splitter* if a list of this type is expected and the value is pulled from a string environment variable, this is what splits it up.

---

*is\_composite*

---

*name* the descriptive name of this type

#### envvar\_list\_splitter

`ValOrRangeOrList.envvar_list_splitter = None`

if a list of this type is expected and the value is pulled from a string environment variable, this is what splits it up. *None* means any whitespace. For all parameters the general rule is that whitespace splits them up. The exception are paths and files which are split by `os.path.pathsep` by default (“`:`” on Unix and “`;`” on Windows).

**is\_composite**

```
ValOrRangeOrList.is_composite = False
```

**name**

```
ValOrRangeOrList.name = 'number or range or list'  
the descriptive name of this type
```

**Methods Summary**

<code>convert</code>	Converts the value.
<code>fail</code>	Helper method to fail with an invalid value message.
<code>get metavar</code>	Returns the metavar default for this param if it provides one.
<code>get_missing_message</code>	Optionally might return extra information about a missing parameter.
<code>split_envvar_value</code>	Given a value from an environment variable this splits it up into small chunks depending on the defined envvar list splitter.

**convert**

```
ValOrRangeOrList.convert(value, param, ctx)
```

Converts the value. This is not invoked for values that are *None* (the missing value).

**fail**

```
ValOrRangeOrList.fail(message, param=None, ctx=None)
```

Helper method to fail with an invalid value message.

**get metavar**

```
ValOrRangeOrList.get_metavar(param)
```

Returns the metavar default for this param if it provides one.

**get\_missing\_message**

```
ValOrRangeOrList.get_missing_message(param)
```

Optionally might return extra information about a missing parameter.

New in version 2.0.

## split\_envvar\_value

`ValOrRangeOrList.split_envvar_value(rv)`

Given a value from an environment variable this splits it up into small chunks depending on the defined envvar list splitter.

If the splitter is set to *None*, which means that whitespace splits, then leading and trailing whitespace is ignored. Otherwise, leading and trailing splitters usually lead to empty items being included.

## Methods Documentation

**convert** (*value, param, ctx*)

Converts the value. This is not invoked for values that are *None* (the missing value).

**envvar\_list\_splitter = None**

if a list of this type is expected and the value is pulled from a string environment variable, this is what splits it up. *None* means any whitespace. For all parameters the general rule is that whitespace splits them up. The exception are paths and files which are split by `os.path.pathsep` by default (“`:`” on Unix and “`;`” on Windows).

**fail** (*message, param=None, ctx=None*)

Helper method to fail with an invalid value message.

**get metavar** (*param*)

Returns the metavar default for this param if it provides one.

**get\_missing\_message** (*param*)

Optionally might return extra information about a missing parameter.

New in version 2.0.

**is\_composite = False**

**name = 'number or range or list'**

the descriptive name of this type

**split\_envvar\_value** (*rv*)

Given a value from an environment variable this splits it up into small chunks depending on the defined envvar list splitter.

If the splitter is set to *None*, which means that whitespace splits, then leading and trailing whitespace is ignored. Otherwise, leading and trailing splitters usually lead to empty items being included.

## validate

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`validate_cmd`

Validates a model file and optionally a parameter file.

---

## validate\_cmd

```
glotaran.cli.commands.validate.validate_cmd(parameters_file: str, model_file:  
                          str, scheme_file: str)
```

Validates a model file and optionally a parameter file.

## main

### Classes

#### Summary

---

*Cli*

---

#### Cli

```
class glotaran.cli.main.Cli(*args, **kwargs)  
Bases: click.core.Group
```

#### Attributes Summary

<i>allow_extra_args</i>	the default for the Context. allow_extra_args flag.
<i>allow_interspersed_args</i>	the default for the Context. allow_interspersed_args flag.
<i>ignore_unknown_options</i>	the default for the Context. ignore_unknown_options flag.

---

#### allow\_extra\_args

```
Cli.allow_extra_args = True  
the default for the Context.allow_extra_args flag.
```

### allow\_interspersed\_args

`Cli.allow_interspersed_args = False`  
the default for the Context.allow\_interspersed\_args flag.

### ignore\_unknown\_options

`Cli.ignore_unknown_options = False`  
the default for the Context.ignore\_unknown\_options flag.

## Methods Summary

<code>add_command</code>	Registers another Command with this group.
<code>collect_usage_pieces</code>	Returns all the pieces that go into the usage line and returns it as a list of strings.
<code>command</code>	Behaves the same as <code>click.Group.command()</code> except capture a priority for listing command names in help.
<code>format_commands</code>	Extra format methods for multi methods that adds all the commands after the options.
<code>format_epilog</code>	Writes the epilog into the formatter if it exists.
<code>format_help</code>	Writes the help into the formatter if it exists.
<code>format_help_text</code>	Writes the help text to the formatter if it exists.
<code>format_options</code>	Writes all the options into the formatter if they exist.
<code>format_usage</code>	Writes the usage line into the formatter.
<code>get_command</code>	Given a context and a command name, this returns a Command object if it exists or returns <code>None</code> .
<code>get_help</code>	Formats the help into a string and returns it.
<code>get_help_option</code>	Returns the help option object.
<code>get_help_option_names</code>	Returns the names for the help option.
<code>get_params</code>	
<code>get_short_help_str</code>	Gets short help for the command or makes it by shortening the long help string.
<code>get_usage</code>	Formats the usage line into a string and returns it.
<code>group</code>	A shortcut decorator for declaring and attaching a group to the group.
<code>invoke</code>	Given a context, this invokes the attached callback (if it exists) in the right way.
<code>list_commands</code>	Returns a list of subcommand names in the order they should appear.
<code>list_commands_for_help</code>	reorder the list of commands when listing the help
<code>main</code>	This is the way to invoke a script with all the bells and whistles as a command line application.

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Table 116 – continued from previous page

<code>make_context</code>	This function when given an info name and arguments will kick off the parsing and create a new Context.
<code>make_parser</code>	Creates the underlying option parser for this command.
<code>parse_args</code>	Given a context and a list of arguments this creates the parser and parses the arguments, then modifies the context as necessary.
<code>resolve_command</code>	
<code>resultcallback</code>	Adds a result callback to the chain command.

**add\_command**`Cli.add_command(cmd, name=None)`

Registers another Command with this group. If the name is not provided, the name of the command is used.

**collect\_usage\_pieces**`Cli.collect_usage_pieces(ctx)`

Returns all the pieces that go into the usage line and returns it as a list of strings.

**command**`Cli.command(*args, **kwargs)`

Behaves the same as `click.Group.command()` except capture a priority for listing command names in help.

**format\_commands**`Cli.format_commands(ctx, formatter)`

Extra format methods for multi methods that adds all the commands after the options.

**format\_epilog**`Cli.format_epilog(ctx, formatter)`

Writes the epilog into the formatter if it exists.

## format\_help

`cli.format_help(ctx, formatter)`

Writes the help into the formatter if it exists.

This is a low-level method called by `get_help()`.

This calls the following methods:

- `format_usage()`
- `format_help_text()`
- `format_options()`
- `format_epilog()`

## format\_help\_text

`cli.format_help_text(ctx, formatter)`

Writes the help text to the formatter if it exists.

## format\_options

`cli.format_options(ctx, formatter)`

Writes all the options into the formatter if they exist.

## format\_usage

`cli.format_usage(ctx, formatter)`

Writes the usage line into the formatter.

This is a low-level method called by `get_usage()`.

## get\_command

`cli.get_command(ctx, cmd_name)`

Given a context and a command name, this returns a `Command` object if it exists or returns `None`.

## get\_help

`cli.get_help(ctx)`

Formats the help into a string and returns it.

Calls `format_help()` internally.

## get\_help\_option

```
Cli.get_help_option(ctx)
```

Returns the help option object.

## get\_help\_option\_names

```
Cli.get_help_option_names(ctx)
```

Returns the names for the help option.

## get\_params

```
Cli.get_params(ctx)
```

## get\_short\_help\_str

```
Cli.get_short_help_str(limit=45)
```

Gets short help for the command or makes it by shortening the long help string.

## get\_usage

```
Cli.get_usage(ctx)
```

Formats the usage line into a string and returns it.  
Calls `format_usage()` internally.

## group

```
Cli.group(*args, **kwargs)
```

A shortcut decorator for declaring and attaching a group to the group. This takes the same arguments as `group()` but immediately registers the created command with this instance by calling into `add_command()`.

## invoke

```
Cli.invoke(ctx)
```

Given a context, this invokes the attached callback (if it exists) in the right way.

## list\_commands

`Cli.list_commands(ctx)`

Returns a list of subcommand names in the order they should appear.

## list\_commands\_for\_help

`Cli.list_commands_for_help(ctx)`

reorder the list of commands when listing the help

## main

`Cli.main(args=None, prog_name=None, complete_var=None, standalone_mode=True, **extra)`

This is the way to invoke a script with all the bells and whistles as a command line application. This will always terminate the application after a call. If this is not wanted, `SystemExit` needs to be caught.

This method is also available by directly calling the instance of a `Command`.

New in version 3.0: Added the `standalone_mode` flag to control the standalone mode.

### Parameters

- **args** – the arguments that should be used for parsing. If not provided, `sys.argv[1:]` is used.
- **prog\_name** – the program name that should be used. By default the program name is constructed by taking the file name from `sys.argv[0]`.
- **complete\_var** – the environment variable that controls the bash completion support. The default is "`_<prog_name>_COMPLETE`" with `prog_name` in uppercase.
- **standalone\_mode** – the default behavior is to invoke the script in standalone mode. Click will then handle exceptions and convert them into error messages and the function will never return but shut down the interpreter. If this is set to `False` they will be propagated to the caller and the return value of `invoke()`.
- **extra** – extra keyword arguments are forwarded to the context constructor. See `Context` for more information.

## make\_context

`Cli.make_context(info_name, args, parent=None, **extra)`

This function when given an info name and arguments will kick off the parsing and create a new `Context`. It does not invoke the actual command callback though.

### Parameters

- **info\_name** – the info name for this invocation. Generally this is the most descriptive name for the script or command. For the toplevel script it's usually the name of the script, for commands below it it's the name of the script.
- **args** – the arguments to parse as list of strings.
- **parent** – the parent context if available.
- **extra** – extra keyword arguments forwarded to the context constructor.

**make\_parser**`Cli.make_parser(ctx)`

Creates the underlying option parser for this command.

**parse\_args**`Cli.parse_args(ctx, args)`

Given a context and a list of arguments this creates the parser and parses the arguments, then modifies the context as necessary. This is automatically invoked by `make_context()`.

**resolve\_command**`Cli.resolve_command(ctx, args)`**resultcallback**`Cli.resultcallback(replace=False)`

Adds a result callback to the chain command. By default if a result callback is already registered this will chain them but this can be disabled with the `replace` parameter. The result callback is invoked with the return value of the subcommand (or the list of return values from all subcommands if chaining is enabled) as well as the parameters as they would be passed to the main callback.

Example:

```
@click.group()
@click.option('-i', '--input', default=23)
def cli(input):
    return 42

@cli.resultcallback()
def process_result(result, input):
    return result + input
```

New in version 3.0.

**Parameters** `replace` – if set to `True` an already existing result callback will be removed.

**Methods Documentation****add\_command(cmd, name=None)**

Registers another Command with this group. If the name is not provided, the name of the command is used.

**allow\_extra\_args = True**

the default for the Context.allow\_extra\_args flag.

**allow\_interspersed\_args = False**

the default for the Context.allow\_interspersed\_args flag.

**callback**

the callback to execute when the command fires. This might be *None* in which case nothing happens.

**collect\_usage\_pieces (ctx)**

Returns all the pieces that go into the usage line and returns it as a list of strings.

**command (\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Behaves the same as *click.Group.command()* except capture a priority for listing command names in help.

**commands**

the registered subcommands by their exported names.

**context\_settings**

an optional dictionary with defaults passed to the context.

**format\_commands (ctx, formatter)**

Extra format methods for multi methods that adds all the commands after the options.

**format\_epilog (ctx, formatter)**

Writes the epilog into the formatter if it exists.

**format\_help (ctx, formatter)**

Writes the help into the formatter if it exists.

This is a low-level method called by [get\\_help \(\)](#).

This calls the following methods:

- [format\\_usage \(\)](#)
- [format\\_help\\_text \(\)](#)
- [format\\_options \(\)](#)
- [format\\_epilog \(\)](#)

**format\_help\_text (ctx, formatter)**

Writes the help text to the formatter if it exists.

**format\_options (ctx, formatter)**

Writes all the options into the formatter if they exist.

**format\_usage (ctx, formatter)**

Writes the usage line into the formatter.

This is a low-level method called by [get\\_usage \(\)](#).

**get\_command (ctx, cmd\_name)**

Given a context and a command name, this returns a `Command` object if it exists or returns *None*.

**get\_help (ctx)**

Formats the help into a string and returns it.

Calls [format\\_help \(\)](#) internally.

**get\_help\_option (ctx)**

Returns the help option object.

**get\_help\_option\_names (ctx)**

Returns the names for the help option.

**get\_params (ctx)**

**get\_short\_help\_str (limit=45)**

Gets short help for the command or makes it by shortening the long help string.

```
get_usage (ctx)
    Formats the usage line into a string and returns it.

    Calls format\_usage \(\) internally.

group (*args, **kwargs)
    A shortcut decorator for declaring and attaching a group to the group. This takes the same arguments as group \(\) but immediately registers the created command with this instance by calling into add\_command \(\).

ignore_unknown_options = False
    the default for the Context.ignore_unknown_options flag.

invoke (ctx)
    Given a context, this invokes the attached callback (if it exists) in the right way.

list_commands (ctx)
    Returns a list of subcommand names in the order they should appear.

list_commands_for_help (ctx)
    reorder the list of commands when listing the help

main (args=None, prog_name=None, complete_var=None, standalone_mode=True, **extra)
    This is the way to invoke a script with all the bells and whistles as a command line application. This will always terminate the application after a call. If this is not wanted, SystemExit needs to be caught.

    This method is also available by directly calling the instance of a Command.
```

New in version 3.0: Added the `standalone_mode` flag to control the standalone mode.

#### Parameters

- `args` – the arguments that should be used for parsing. If not provided, `sys.argv[1:]` is used.
- `prog_name` – the program name that should be used. By default the program name is constructed by taking the file name from `sys.argv[0]`.
- `complete_var` – the environment variable that controls the bash completion support. The default is "`_<prog_name>_COMPLETE`" with `prog_name` in uppercase.
- `standalone_mode` – the default behavior is to invoke the script in standalone mode. Click will then handle exceptions and convert them into error messages and the function will never return but shut down the interpreter. If this is set to `False` they will be propagated to the caller and the return value of `invoke ()`.
- `extra` – extra keyword arguments are forwarded to the context constructor. See `Context` for more information.

```
make_context (info_name, args, parent=None, **extra)
```

This function when given an info name and arguments will kick off the parsing and create a new `Context`. It does not invoke the actual command callback though.

#### Parameters

- `info_name` – the info name for this invocation. Generally this is the most descriptive name for the script or command. For the toplevel script it's usually the name of the script, for commands below it it's the name of the script.
- `args` – the arguments to parse as list of strings.
- `parent` – the parent context if available.
- `extra` – extra keyword arguments forwarded to the context constructor.

```
make_parser (ctx)
```

Creates the underlying option parser for this command.

**name**

the name the command thinks it has. Upon registering a command on a Group the group will default the command name with this information. You should instead use the Context's `info_name` attribute.

**params**

the list of parameters for this command in the order they should show up in the help page and execute. Eager parameters will automatically be handled before non eager ones.

**parse\_args (ctx, args)**

Given a context and a list of arguments this creates the parser and parses the arguments, then modifies the context as necessary. This is automatically invoked by `make_context ()`.

**resolve\_command (ctx, args)**

**result\_callback**

The result callback that is stored. This can be set or overridden with the `resultcallback ()` decorator.

**resultcallback (replace=False)**

Adds a result callback to the chain command. By default if a result callback is already registered this will chain them but this can be disabled with the `replace` parameter. The result callback is invoked with the return value of the subcommand (or the list of return values from all subcommands if chaining is enabled) as well as the parameters as they would be passed to the main callback.

Example:

```
@click.group()
@click.option('-i', '--input', default=23)
def cli(input):
    return 42

@cli.resultcallback()
def process_result(result, input):
    return result + input
```

New in version 3.0.

**Parameters** `replace` – if set to `True` an already existing result callback will be removed.

## 12.1.4 examples

### Modules

---

`glotaran.examples.sequential`

---

**sequential****12.1.5 io**

Functions for data IO

**Modules**

---

`glotaran.io.prepare_dataset`

---

`glotaran.io.reader`

---

**prepare\_dataset****Functions****Summary**

---

<code>prepare_time_trace_dataset</code>	Prepares a time trace for global analysis.
---	--

---

**prepare\_time\_trace\_dataset**

```
glotaran.io.prepare_dataset.prepare_time_trace_dataset(dataset:  
    Union[xarray.core.dataarray.DataArray,  
          xar-  
          ray.core.dataset.Dataset],  
    weight:      Op-  
    tional[numpy.ndarray]  
    = None, irf: Op-  
    tional[Union[numpy.ndarray,  
               xar-  
               ray.core.dataarray.DataArray]]  
    = None) → xar-  
    ray.core.dataset.Dataset
```

Prepares a time trace for global analysis.

**Parameters**

- **dataset** – The dataset.
- **weight** – A weight for the dataset.
- **irf** – An IRF for the dataset.

## reader

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`file_reader`

---

`read_data_file`

---

#### `file_reader`

`glotaran.io.reader.file_reader(extension: Optional[str] = None, name: Optional[str] = None)`

#### `read_data_file`

`glotaran.io.reader.read_data_file(filename: str, fmt: Optional[str] = None) → xarray.core.dataset.Dataset`

## Classes

#### Summary

---

`Reader`

---

#### `Reader`

`class glotaran.io.reader.Reader(extension, name, reader)`  
Bases: `object`

#### Methods Summary

---

## Methods Documentation

### 12.1.6 model

#### Glotaran Model Package

This package contains the Glotaran's base model object, the model decorators and common model items.

#### Modules

<code>glotaran.model.attribute</code>	The model attribute decorator.
<code>glotaran.model.base_model</code>	A base class for global analysis models.
<code>glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor</code>	The DatasetDescriptor class.
<code>glotaran.model.decorator</code>	The model decorator.
<code>glotaran.model.property</code>	The model property class.
<code>glotaran.model.util</code>	Helper functions.
<code>glotaran.model.weight</code>	The Weight property class.

#### attribute

The model attribute decorator.

#### Functions

##### Summary

<code>model_attribute</code>	The <code>@model_attribute</code> decorator adds the given properties to the class.
<code>model_attribute_typed</code>	The <code>model_attribute_typed</code> decorator adds attributes to the class to enable the glotaran model parser to infer the correct class for an item when there are multiple variants.

##### model\_attribute

```
glotaran.model.attribute.model_attribute(properties: Any | dict[str, dict[str, Any]] = {}, has_type: bool = False, no_label: bool = False) → Callable
```

The `@model_attribute` decorator adds the given properties to the class. Further it adds classmethods for deserialization, validation and printing.

By default, a `label` property is added.

The `properties` dictionary contains the name of the properties as keys. The values must be either a `type` or dictionary with the following values:

- `type`: a `type` (required)
- `doc`: a string for documentation (optional)
- `default`: a default value (optional)

- `allow_none`: if *True*, the property can be set to None (optional)

Classes with the `model_attribute` decorator intended to be used in glotaran models.

#### Parameters

- `properties` – A dictionary of property names and options.
- `has_type` – If true, a type property will be added. Used for model attributes, which can have more than one type.
- `no_label` – If true no label property will be added.

### `model_attribute_typed`

```
glotaran.model.attribute.model_attribute_typed(types: dict[str, Any],  
                                              no_label=False)
```

The `model_attribute_typed` decorator adds attributes to the class to enable the glotaran model parser to infer the correct class for an item when there are multiple variants.

#### Parameters

- `types` – A dictionary of types and options.
- `no_label` – If *True* no label property will be added.

### `base_model`

A base class for global analysis models.

## Classes

### Summary

---

<code>Model</code>	A base class for global analysis models.
--------------------	--

---

### `Model`

```
class glotaran.model.base_model.Model  
Bases: object
```

A base class for global analysis models.

### Attributes Summary

---

`index_dependent_matrix`

---

<code>model_type</code>	The type of the model as human readable string.
-------------------------	---

---

## `index_dependent_matrix`

`Model.index_dependent_matrix`

## `model_type`

`Model.model_type`

The type of the model as human readable string.

## Methods Summary

<code>from_dict</code>	Creates a model from a dictionary.
<code>markdown</code>	Formats the model as Markdown string.
<code>problem_list</code>	Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.
<code>simulate</code>	Simulates the model.
<code>valid</code>	Returns <code>True</code> if the number problems in the model is 0, else <code>False</code>
<code>validate</code>	Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

### `from_dict`

`classmethod Model.from_dict(model_dict_ref: dict) → glotaran.model.base_model.Model`

Creates a model from a dictionary.

**Parameters** `model_dict` – Dictionary containing the model.

### `markdown`

`Model.markdown(parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None, initial_parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str`

Formats the model as Markdown string.

Parameters will be included if specified.

#### Parameters

- `parameter` – Parameter to include.
- `initial` – Initial values for the parameters.

## problem\_list

```
Model.problem_list (parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → list[str]
```

Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

## simulate

```
Model.simulate (dataset: str, parameters: ParameterGroup, axes: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None, clp: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, noise: bool = False, noise_std_dev: float = 1.0, noise_seed: int = None) → xr.Dataset
```

Simulates the model.

### Parameters

- `dataset` – Label of the dataset to simulate.
- `parameter` – The parameters for the simulation.
- `axes` – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
- `clp` – Conditionally linear parameters. Used instead of `model.global_matrix` if provided.
- `noise` – If `True` noise is added to the simulated data.
- `noise_std_dev` – The standard deviation of the noise.
- `noise_seed` – Seed for the noise.

## valid

```
Model.valid (parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool
```

Returns `True` if the number problems in the model is 0, else `False`

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

## validate

```
Model.validate (parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
```

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to validate.

## Methods Documentation

```
classmethod from_dict (model_dict_ref: dict) → glotaran.model.base_model.Model
```

Creates a model from a dictionary.

**Parameters** `model_dict` – Dictionary containing the model.

### property index\_dependent\_matrix

```
markdown (parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None, initial_parameters: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str
```

Formats the model as Markdown string.

Parameters will be included if specified.

### Parameters

- `parameter` – Parameter to include.

- **initial** – Initial values for the parameters.

**property model\_type**

The type of the model as human readable string.

**problem\_list** (*parameters*: ParameterGroup = None) → list[str]

Returns a list with all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters parameter** – The parameter to validate.

**simulate** (*dataset*: str, *parameters*: ParameterGroup, *axes*: dict[str, np.ndarray] = None, *clp*: np.ndarray | xr.DataArray = None, *noise*: bool = False, *noise\_std\_dev*: float = 1.0, *noise\_seed*: int = None) → xr.Dataset

Simulates the model.

**Parameters**

- **dataset** – Label of the dataset to simulate.
- **parameter** – The parameters for the simulation.
- **axes** – A dictionary with axes for simulation.
- **clp** – Conditionally linear parameters. Used instead of *model.global\_matrix* if provided.
- **noise** – If *True* noise is added to the simulated data.
- **noise\_std\_dev** – The standard deviation of the noise.
- **noise\_seed** – Seed for the noise.

**valid** (*parameters*: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → bool

Returns *True* if the number problems in the model is 0, else *False*

**Parameters parameter** – The parameter to validate.

**validate** (*parameters*: Optional[glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup] = None) → str

Returns a string listing all problems in the model and missing parameters if specified.

**Parameters parameter** – The parameter to validate.

## dataset\_descriptor

The DatasetDescriptor class.

### Classes

#### Summary

---

*DatasetDescriptor*

A *DatasetDescriptor* describes a dataset in terms of a glotaran model.

---

## DatasetDescriptor

```
class glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor  
Bases: object
```

A *DatasetDescriptor* describes a dataset in terms of a glotaran model. It contains references to model items which describe the physical model for a given dataset.

A general dataset descriptor assigns one or more megacomplexes and a scale parameter.

### Attributes Summary

---

`label`

---

`megacomplex`

---

`scale`

---

#### `label`

`DatasetDescriptor.label`

#### `megacomplex`

`DatasetDescriptor.megacomplex`

#### `scale`

`DatasetDescriptor.scale`

### Methods Summary

---

`fill`

---

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

---

`from_dict`

---

`from_list`

---

`mprint`

---

`validate`

---

**fill**

```
DatasetDescriptor.fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

```
classmethod DatasetDescriptor.from_dict (values: dict) → cls
```

**from\_list**

```
classmethod DatasetDescriptor.from_list (values: list) → cls
```

**mprint**

```
DatasetDescriptor.mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

**validate**

```
DatasetDescriptor.validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

**Methods Documentation**

```
fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

```
classmethod from_dict (values: dict) → cls
```

```
classmethod from_list (values: list) → cls
```

```
property label
```

```
property megacomplex
```

```
mprint (parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str
```

```
property scale
```

```
validate (model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]
```

## decorator

The model decorator.

### Functions

#### Summary

---

*model*

---

The `@model` decorator is intended to be used on subclasses of `glotaran.model.Model`.

---

## model

```
glotaran.model.decorator.model(model_type: str, attributes: Optional[Dict[str, Any]] = None, dataset_type: Type[glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor] = <class 'glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor'>, megacomplex_type: Optional[Any] = None, matrix: Optional[Union[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor], xarray.core.dataset.Dataset], Tuple[List[str], numpy.ndarray]], Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor], xarray.core.dataset.Dataset, Any], Tuple[List[str], numpy.ndarray]]]] = None, global_matrix: Optional[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor], numpy.ndarray], Tuple[List[str], numpy.ndarray]]] = None, model_dimension: Optional[str] = None, global_dimension: Optional[str] = None, has_matrix_constraints_function: Optional[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model]], bool]] = None, constrain_matrix_function: Optional[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model], glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup, List[str], numpy.ndarray, float], Tuple[List[str], numpy.ndarray]]] = None, retrieve_clp_function: Optional[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model], glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup, Dict[str, Union[List[str], List[List[str]]]], Dict[str, Union[List[str], List[List[str]]]], Dict[str, List[numpy.ndarray]], Dict[str, xarray.core.dataset.Dataset]], Dict[str, List[numpy.ndarray]]]] = None, has_additional_penalty_function: Optional[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model]], bool]] = None, additional_penalty_function: Optional[Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model], glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup, Dict[str, Union[List[str], List[List[str]]]], Dict[str, List[numpy.ndarray]], Dict[str, xarray.core.dataset.Dataset], float], numpy.ndarray]]] = None, finalize_data_function: Optional[Callable[[glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem, Dict[str, xarray.core.dataset.Dataset]], None]] = None, grouped: Union[bool, Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model]], bool]] = False, index_dependent: Union[bool, Callable[[Type[glotaran.model.base_model.Model]], bool]] = False) → Callable
```

The `@model` decorator is intended to be used on subclasses of `glotaran.model.Model`. It creates properties for the given attributes as well as functions to add access them. Also it adds the functions (e.g. for `matrix`) to the model ensures they are added wrapped in a correct way.

## Parameters

- **model\_type** (`str`) – Human readable string used by the parser to identify the correct model.
- **attributes** (`Dict[str, Any]`, *optional*) – A dictionary of attribute names and types. All types must be decorated with the `glotaran.model.model_attribute()` decorator, by default `None`.
- **dataset\_type** (`Type[DatasetDescriptor]`, *optional*) – A subclass of `DatasetDescriptor`, by default `DatasetDescriptor`
- **megacomplex\_type** (`Any`, *optional*) – A class for the model mega-complexes. The class must be decorated with the `glotaran.model.model_attribute()` decorator, by default `None`
- **matrix** (`Union[MatrixFunction, IndexDependentMatrixFunction]`, *optional*) – A function to calculate the matrix for the model, by default `None`
- **global\_matrix** (`GlobalMatrixFunction`, *optional*) – A function to calculate the global matrix for the model, by default `None`
- **model\_dimension** (`str`, *optional*) – The name of model matrix row dimension, by default `None`
- **global\_dimension** (`str`, *optional*) – The name of model global matrix row dimension, by default `None`
- **has\_matrix\_constraints\_function** (`Callable[[Type[Model]], bool]`, *optional*) – True if the model has a `constrain_matrix_function` set, by default `None`
- **constrain\_matrix\_function** (`ConstrainMatrixFunction`, *optional*) – A function to constrain the global matrix for the model, by default `None`
- **retrieve\_clp\_function** (`RetrieveClpFunction`, *optional*) – A function to retrieve the full clp from the reduced, by default `None`
- **has\_additional\_penalty\_function** (`Callable[[Type[Model]], bool]`, *optional*) – True if model has a `additional_penalty_function` set, by default `None`
- **additional\_penalty\_function** (`PenaltyFunction`, *optional*) – A function to calculate additional penalties when optimizing the model, by default `None`
- **finalize\_data\_function** (`FinalizeFunction`, *optional*) – A function to finalize data after optimization, by default `None`
- **grouped** (`Union[bool, Callable[[Type[Model]], bool]]`, *optional*) – True if model described a grouped problem, by default `False`
- **index\_dependent** (`Union[bool, Callable[[Type[Model]], bool]]`, *optional*) – True if model described a index dependent problem, by default `False`

**Returns** Returns a decorated model function

**Return type** Callable

**Raises**

- **ValueError** – If model implements meth:*has\_matrix\_constraints\_function* but not meth:*constrain\_matrix\_function* and meth:*retrieve\_clp\_function*
- **ValueError** – If model implements meth:*has\_additional\_penalty\_function* but not meth:*additional\_penalty\_function*

## property

The model property class.

## Classes

### Summary

---

*ModelProperty*

---

### ModelProperty

**class** glotaran.model.property.**ModelProperty**(*cls, name, prop\_type, doc, default, allow\_none*)  
Bases: `property`

#### Attributes Summary

---

*allow\_none*

---

*fdel*

---

*fget*

---

*fset*

---

#### allow\_none

`ModelProperty.allow_none`

### fdel

`ModelProperty.fdel`

### fget

`ModelProperty.fget`

### fset

`ModelProperty.fset`

## Methods Summary

<code>deleter</code>	Descriptor to change the deleter on a property.
<code>fill</code>	
<code>getter</code>	Descriptor to change the getter on a property.
<code>setter</code>	Descriptor to change the setter on a property.
<code>validate</code>	

### deleter

`ModelProperty.deleter()`

Descriptor to change the deleter on a property.

### fill

`ModelProperty.fill(value, model, parameter)`

### getter

`ModelProperty.getter()`

Descriptor to change the getter on a property.

### setter

`ModelProperty.setter()`

Descriptor to change the setter on a property.

## validate

ModelProperty.validate (value, model, parameters=None) → List[str]

### Methods Documentation

**property allow\_none**

**deleter()**

Descriptor to change the deleter on a property.

**fdel**

**fget**

**fill (value, model, parameter)**

**fset**

**getter()**

Descriptor to change the getter on a property.

**setter()**

Descriptor to change the setter on a property.

**validate (value, model, parameters=None) → List[str]**

## util

Helper functions.

### Functions

#### Summary

---

<a href="#"><u>wrap_func_as_method</u></a>	A decorator to wrap a function as class method.
--	---

---

#### [wrap\\_func\\_as\\_method](#)

```
glotaran.model.util.wrap_func_as_method(cls: Any, name: Optional[str] = None, annotations: Optional[str] = None, doc: Optional[str] = None) → Callable
```

A decorator to wrap a function as class method.

## Notes

Only for internal use.

## Parameters

- **cls** – The class in which the function will be wrapped.
- **name** – The name of method. If *None*, the original function’s name is used.
- **annotations** – The annotations of the method. If *None*, the original function’s annotations are used.
- **doc** – The documentation of the method. If *None*, the original function’s documentation is used.

## weight

The Weight property class.

## Classes

### Summary

---

<i>Weight</i>	The <i>Weight</i> class describes a value by which a dataset will scaled.
---------------	---

---

## Weight

**class** glotaran.model.weight.**Weight**  
Bases: `object`

The *Weight* class describes a value by which a dataset will scaled.

*global\_interval* and *model\_interval* are optional. The whole range of the dataset will be used if not set.

### Attributes Summary

---

*datasets*

---

*global\_interval*

---

*model\_interval*

---

*value*

---

**datasets**

```
Weight.datasets
```

**global\_interval**

```
Weight.global_interval
```

**model\_interval**

```
Weight.model_interval
```

**value**

```
Weight.value
```

**Methods Summary**

---

<i>fill</i>	Returns a copy of the {cls._name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.
<i>from_dict</i>	
<i>from_list</i>	
<i>mprint</i>	
<i>validate</i>	

---

**fill**

```
Weight.fill (model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup) → cls
```

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (ParameterGroup) – The parameter group to fill from.

**from\_dict**

**classmethod** `Weight.from_dict(values: dict) → cls`

**from\_list**

**classmethod** `Weight.from_list(values: list) → cls`

**mprint**

`Weight.mprint(parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None) → str`

**validate**

`Weight.validate(model: Model, parameters=None) → list[str]`

## Methods Documentation

**property datasets**

**fill** (`model: Model, parameters: ParameterGroup`) → `cls`

Returns a copy of the {cls.\_name} instance with all members which are Parameters are replaced by the value of the corresponding parameter in the parameter group.

**Parameters**

- **model** – A glotaran model.
- **parameter** (`ParameterGroup`) – The parameter group to fill from.

**classmethod from\_dict** (`values: dict`) → `cls`

**classmethod from\_list** (`values: list`) → `cls`

**property global\_interval**

**property model\_interval**

**mprint** (`parameters: ParameterGroup = None, initial_parameters: ParameterGroup = None`) → `str`

**validate** (`model: Model, parameters=None`) → `list[str]`

**property value**

## 12.1.7 parameter

### Modules

<code>glotaran.parameter.parameter</code>	The parameter class.
<code>glotaran.parameter.parameter_group</code>	The parameter group class

## parameter

The parameter class.

## Classes

### Summary

<i>Keys</i>	Keys for parameter options.
<i>Parameter</i>	A parameter for optimization.

### Keys

```
class glotaran.parameter.parameter.Keys
Bases: object
```

Keys for parameter options.

#### Attributes Summary

---

*EXPR*

---

*MAX*

---

*MIN*

---

*NON\_NEG*

---

*VARY*

---

#### EXPR

```
Keys.EXPR = 'expr'
```

## MAX

```
Keys.MAX = 'max'
```

## MIN

```
Keys.MIN = 'min'
```

## NON\_NEG

```
Keys.NON_NEG = 'non-negative'
```

## VARY

```
Keys.VARY = 'vary'
```

## Methods Summary

---

### Methods Documentation

```
EXPR = 'expr'  
MAX = 'max'  
MIN = 'min'  
NON_NEG = 'non-negative'  
VARY = 'vary'
```

## Parameter

```
class glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter(label: str = None, full_label:  
                                             str = None, expression: str =  
                                             None, maximum: int | float =  
                                             inf, minimum: int | float = -  
                                             inf, non_negative: bool = False,  
                                             value: float = None, vary: bool  
                                             = True)
```

Bases: `object`

A parameter for optimization.

### Parameters

- `label` – The label of the parameter.
- `full_label (str)` – The label of the parameter with its path in a parameter group prepended.

## Attributes Summary

<code>expression</code>	The expression of the parameter.
<code>full_label</code>	The label of the parameter with its path in a parameter group prepended.
<code>label</code>	Label of the parameter
<code>maximum</code>	The upper bound of the parameter.
<code>minimum</code>	The lower bound of the parameter.
<code>non_negative</code>	Indicates if the parameter is non-negativ.
<code>standard_error</code>	The standard error of the optimized parameter.
<code>transformed_expression</code>	The expression of the parameter transformed for evaluation within a <i>ParameterGroup</i> .
<code>value</code>	The value of the parameter
<code>vary</code>	Indicates if the parameter should be optimized.

### `expression`

Parameter.**expression**

The expression of the parameter.

### `full_label`

Parameter.**full\_label**

The label of the parameter with its path in a parameter group prepended.

### `label`

Parameter.**label**

Label of the parameter

### `maximum`

Parameter.**maximum**

The upper bound of the parameter.

### `minimum`

Parameter.**minimum**

The lower bound of the parameter.

### **non\_negative**

#### **Parameter.non\_negative**

Indicates if the parameter is non-negative.

If true, the parameter will be transformed with  $p' = \log p$  and  $p = \exp p'$ .

Always *False* if *expression* is not *None*.

### **standard\_error**

#### **Parameter.standard\_error**

The standard error of the optimized parameter.

### **transformed\_expression**

#### **Parameter.transformed\_expression**

The expression of the parameter transformed for evaluation within a *ParameterGroup*.

### **value**

#### **Parameter.value**

The value of the parameter

### **vary**

#### **Parameter.vary**

Indicates if the parameter should be optimized.

Always *False* if *expression* is not *None*.

## **Methods Summary**

<code>from_list_or_value</code>	Creates a parameter from a list or numeric value.
<code>get_value_and_bounds_for_optimization</code>	Gets the parameter value and bounds with expression and non-negative constraints applied.
<code>set_from_group</code>	Sets all values of the parameter to the values of the corresponding parameter in the group.
<code>set_value_from_optimization</code>	Sets the value from an optimization result and reverses non-negative transformation.
<code>valid_label</code>	Returns true if the <i>label</i> is valid string.

**from\_list\_or\_value**

```
classmethod Parameter.from_list_or_value(value: int | float | list, default_options: dict = None, label: str = None) → Parameter
```

Creates a parameter from a list or numeric value.

**Parameters**

- **value** – The list or numeric value.
- **default\_options** – A dictionary of default options.
- **label** – The label of the parameter.

**get\_value\_and\_bounds\_for\_optimization**

```
Parameter.get_value_and_bounds_for_optimization() → tuple[float, float, float]
```

Gets the parameter value and bounds with expression and non-negative constraints applied.

**set\_from\_group**

```
Parameter.set_from_group(group: ParameterGroup)
```

Sets all values of the parameter to the values of the corresponding parameter in the group.

**Notes**

For internal use.

**Parameters** **group** – The `glotaran.parameter.ParameterGroup`.

**set\_value\_from\_optimization**

```
Parameter.set_value_from_optimization(value: float)
```

Sets the value from an optimization result and reverses non-negative transformation.

**valid\_label**

```
classmethod Parameter.valid_label(label: str) → bool
```

Returns true if the *label* is valid string.

**Methods Documentation****property expression**

The expression of the parameter.

```
classmethod from_list_or_value(value: int | float | list, default_options: dict = None, label: str = None) → Parameter
```

Creates a parameter from a list or numeric value.

**Parameters**

- **value** – The list or numeric value.
- **default\_options** – A dictionary of default options.
- **label** – The label of the parameter.

**property full\_label**

The label of the parameter with its path in a parameter group prepended.

**get\_value\_and\_bounds\_for\_optimization() → tuple[float, float, float]**

Gets the parameter value and bounds with expression and non-negative constraints applied.

**property label**

Label of the parameter

**property maximum**

The upper bound of the parameter.

**property minimum**

The lower bound of the parameter.

**property non\_negative**

Indicates if the parameter is non-negative.

If true, the parameter will be transformed with  $p' = \log p$  and  $p = \exp p'$ .

Always *False* if *expression* is not *None*.

**set\_from\_group(group: ParameterGroup)**

Sets all values of the parameter to the values of the corresponding parameter in the group.

## Notes

For internal use.

**Parameters** `group` – The `glotaran.parameter.ParameterGroup`.

**set\_value\_from\_optimization(value: float)**

Sets the value from an optimization result and reverses non-negative transformation.

**property standard\_error**

The standard error of the optimized parameter.

**property transformed\_expression**

The expression of the parameter transformed for evaluation within a *ParameterGroup*.

**classmethod valid\_label(label: str) → bool**

Returns true if the *label* is valid string.

**property value**

The value of the parameter

**property vary**

Indicates if the parameter should be optimized.

Always *False* if *expression* is not *None*.

## parameter\_group

The parameter group class

## Classes

### Summary

<i>ParameterGroup</i>	Represents are group of parameters.
-----------------------	-------------------------------------

### ParameterGroup

```
class glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup() -> new empty
dictionary
dict(mapping)
-> new dictionary initialized from
a mapping object's (key,
value) pairs
dict(iterable)
-> new dictionary initialized
as if via: d = {}
for k, v in iterable: d[k] = v
dict(**kwargs)
-> new dictionary initialized
with the
name=value
pairs in the
keyword argument
list.
For example:
dict(one=1,
two=2)
```

Bases: `dict`

Represents are group of parameters. Can contain other groups, creating a tree-like hierarchy.

**Parameters** `label` – The label of the group.

### Attributes Summary

<code>label</code>	Label of the group.
<code>root_group</code>	Root of the group.

## label

ParameterGroup.**label**

Label of the group.

## root\_group

ParameterGroup.**root\_group**

Root of the group.

## Methods Summary

<code>add_group</code>	Adds a <i>ParameterGroup</i> to the group.
<code>add_parameter</code>	Adds a <i>Parameter</i> to the group.
<code>all</code>	Returns a generator over all parameter in the group and it's subgroups together with their labels.
<code>clear</code>	
<code>copy</code>	
<code>from_csv</code>	Creates a <i>ParameterGroup</i> from a CSV file.
<code>from_dataframe</code>	Creates a <i>ParameterGroup</i> from a pandas.DataFrame
<code>from_dict</code>	Creates a <i>ParameterGroup</i> from a dictionary.
<code>from_file</code>	
<code>from_list</code>	Creates a <i>ParameterGroup</i> from a list.
<code>from_yaml</code>	Creates a <i>ParameterGroup</i> from a YAML string.
<code>from_yaml_file</code>	Creates a <i>ParameterGroup</i> from a YAML file.
<code>fromkeys</code>	Create a new dictionary with keys from iterable and values set to value.
<code>get</code>	Gets a <i>Parameter</i> by its label.
<code>get_label_value_and_bounds_arrays</code>	Returns arrays of all parameter labels, values and bounds.
<code>get_nr_roots</code>	Returns the number of roots of the group.
<code>groups</code>	Returns a generator over all groups and their subgroups.
<code>has</code>	Checks if a parameter with the given label is in the group or in a subgroup.
<code>items</code>	
<code>keys</code>	
<code>known_formats</code>	

continues on next page

Table 147 – continued from previous page

<code>markdown</code>	Formats the <code>ParameterGroup</code> as markdown string.
<code>pop</code>	If key is not found, d is returned if given, otherwise <code>KeyError</code> is raised
<code>popitem</code>	Remove and return a (key, value) pair as a 2-tuple.
<code>set_from_label_and_value_arrays</code>	Updates the parameter values from a list of labels and values.
<code>setdefault</code>	Insert key with a value of default if key is not in the dictionary.
<code>to_csv</code>	Writes a <code>ParameterGroup</code> to a CSV file.
<code>to_dataframe</code>	
<code>update</code>	If E is present and has a <code>.keys()</code> method, then does: for k in E: D[k] = E[k] If E is present and lacks a <code>.keys()</code> method, then does: for k, v in E: D[k] = v In either case, this is followed by: for k in F: D[k] = F[k]
<code>update_parameter_expression</code>	Updates all parameters which have an expression.
<code>values</code>	

### add\_group

`ParameterGroup.add_group(group: glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)`

Adds a `ParameterGroup` to the group.

**Parameters** `group` – The group to add.

### add\_parameter

`ParameterGroup.add_parameter(parameter: Parameter | list[Parameter])`

Adds a `Parameter` to the group.

**Parameters** `parameter` – The parameter to add.

### all

`ParameterGroup.all(root: str = None, separator: str = '.') → Generator[tuple[str, Parameter], None, None]`

Returns a generator over all parameter in the group and it's subgroups together with their labels.

**Parameters**

- `root` – The label of the root group
- `separator` – The separator for the parameter labels.

## clear

ParameterGroup.**clear**() → None. Remove all items from D.

## copy

ParameterGroup.**copy**() → a shallow copy of D

## from\_csv

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_csv(filepath: str, delimiter: Optional[str] = None) → glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
```

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a CSV file.

### Parameters

- **filepath** – The path to the CSV file.
- **delimiter** – The delimiter of the CSV file.

## from\_dataframe

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_dataframe(df: das.core.frame.DataFrame, source: str = 'DataFrame') → glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
```

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a pandas.DataFrame

## from\_dict

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_dict(parameter_dict: dict[str, dict | list], label: str = None, root_group: ParameterGroup = None) → ParameterGroup
```

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a dictionary.

### Parameters

- **parameter\_dict** – A parameter dictionary containing parameters.
- **label** – The label of root group.
- **root\_group** – The root group

## from\_file

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_file(filepath: str, fmt: Optional[str] = None)
```

**from\_list**

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_list (parameter_list: list[float | list], label: str = None, root_group: ParameterGroup = None) → ParameterGroup
```

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a list.

**Parameters**

- **parameter\_list** – A parameter list containing parameters
- **label** – The label of the root group.
- **root\_group** – The root group

**from\_yaml**

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_yaml (yaml_string: str) → glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
```

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a YAML string.

**Parameters** **yaml\_string** – The YAML string with the parameters.

**from\_yaml\_file**

```
classmethod ParameterGroup.from_yaml_file (filepath: str) → glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
```

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a YAML file.

**Parameters** **filepath** – The path to the YAML file.

**fromkeys**

```
ParameterGroup.fromkeys (iterable, value=None, /)
```

Create a new dictionary with keys from iterable and values set to value.

**get**

```
ParameterGroup.get (label: str) → glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
```

Gets a Parameter by its label.

**Parameters** **label** – The label of the parameter.

**get\_label\_value\_and\_bounds\_arrays**

```
ParameterGroup.get_label_value_and_bounds_arrays (exclude_non_vary: bool = False) → tuple[[list[str], np.ndarray, np.ndarray, np.ndarray]]
```

Returns arrays of all parameter labels, values and bounds.

**Parameters** **exclude\_non\_vary** (*bool* = *False*) – If true, parameters with *vary=False* are excluded.

## get\_nr\_roots

ParameterGroup.**get\_nr\_roots**() → int

Returns the number of roots of the group.

## groups

ParameterGroup.**groups**() → Generator[*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup*,

*None*, *None*]

Returns a generator over all groups and their subgroups.

## has

ParameterGroup.**has**(label: str) → bool

Checks if a parameter with the given label is in the group or in a subgroup.

**Parameters** **label** – The label of the parameter.

## items

ParameterGroup.**items**() → a set-like object providing a view on D's items

## keys

ParameterGroup.**keys**() → a set-like object providing a view on D's keys

## known\_formats

**classmethod** ParameterGroup.**known\_formats**() → dict[str, Callable]

## markdown

ParameterGroup.**markdown**() → str

Formats the *ParameterGroup* as markdown string.

## pop

ParameterGroup.**pop**(k[, d]) → v, remove specified key and return the corresponding

value.  
If key is not found, d is returned if given, otherwise KeyError is raised

## popitem

ParameterGroup.**popitem**(/)

Remove and return a (key, value) pair as a 2-tuple.

Pairs are returned in LIFO (last-in, first-out) order. Raises KeyError if the dict is empty.

## set\_from\_label\_and\_value\_arrays

ParameterGroup.**set\_from\_label\_and\_value\_arrays**(labels: *list[str]*, values:

*np.ndarray*)

Updates the parameter values from a list of labels and values.

## setdefault

ParameterGroup.**setdefault**(key, default=None, /)

Insert key with a value of default if key is not in the dictionary.

Return the value for key if key is in the dictionary, else default.

## to\_csv

ParameterGroup.**to\_csv**(filename: *str*, delimiter: *str* = ',')

Writes a *ParameterGroup* to a CSV file.

### Parameters

- **filepath** – The path to the CSV file.
- **delimiter** (*str*) – The delimiter of the CSV file.

## to\_dataframe

ParameterGroup.**to\_dataframe**() → pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

## update

ParameterGroup.**update**([E], \*\*F) → None. Update D from dict/iterable E and F.

If E is present and has a .keys() method, then does: for k in E: D[k] = E[k] If E is present and lacks a .keys() method, then does: for k, v in E: D[k] = v In either case, this is followed by: for k in F: D[k] = F[k]

## update\_parameter\_expression

ParameterGroup.**update\_parameter\_expression**()

Updates all parameters which have an expression.

## values

ParameterGroup.**values**() → an object providing a view on D's values

## Methods Documentation

**add\_group** (group: *glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup*)

Adds a *ParameterGroup* to the group.

**Parameters** **group** – The group to add.

**add\_parameter** (parameter: *Parameter* | *list[Parameter]*)

Adds a Parameter to the group.

**Parameters** **parameter** – The parameter to add.

**all** (root: *str* = *None*, separator: *str* = '.') → *Generator[tuple[str, Parameter], None, None]*

Returns a generator over all parameter in the group and it's subgroups together with their labels.

**Parameters**

- **root** – The label of the root group
- **separator** – The separator for the parameter labels.

**clear**() → *None*. Remove all items from D.

**copy**() → a shallow copy of D

**classmethod from\_csv** (filepath: *str*, delimiter: *Optional[str]* = *None*) → *glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup*

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a CSV file.

**Parameters**

- **filepath** – The path to the CSV file.
- **delimiter** – The delimiter of the CSV file.

**classmethod from\_dataframe** (df: *pandas.core.frame.DataFrame*, source: *str* = 'DataFrame') → *glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup*

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a pandas.DataFrame

**classmethod from\_dict** (parameter\_dict: *dict[str, dict | list]*, label: *str* = *None*, root\_group: *ParameterGroup* = *None*) → *ParameterGroup*

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a dictionary.

**Parameters**

- **parameter\_dict** – A parameter dictionary containing parameters.
- **label** – The label of root group.
- **root\_group** – The root group

**classmethod from\_file** (filepath: *str*, fmt: *Optional[str]* = *None*)

**classmethod from\_list** (parameter\_list: *list[float | list]*, label: *str* = *None*, root\_group: *ParameterGroup* = *None*) → *ParameterGroup*

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a list.

**Parameters**

- **parameter\_list** – A parameter list containing parameters
- **label** – The label of the root group.
- **root\_group** – The root group

**classmethod from\_yaml** (yaml\_string: *str*) → *glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup*

Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a YAML string.

**Parameters** **yaml\_string** – The YAML string with the parameters.

**classmethod from\_yaml\_file** (*filepath: str*) → *glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup*  
Creates a *ParameterGroup* from a YAML file.  
**Parameters** **filepath** – The path to the YAML file.

**fromkeys** (*iterable, value=None, /*)  
Create a new dictionary with keys from iterable and values set to value.

**get** (*label: str*) → *glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter*  
Gets a Parameter by its label.  
**Parameters** **label** – The label of the parameter.

**get\_label\_value\_and\_bounds\_arrays** (*exclude\_non\_vary: bool = False*) →  
*tuple[list[str], np.ndarray, np.ndarray, np.ndarray]*  
Returns a arrays of all parameter labels, values and bounds.  
**Parameters** **exclude\_non\_vary** (*bool = False*) – If true, parameters with  
*vary=False* are excluded.

**get\_nr\_roots** () → *int*  
Returns the number of roots of the group.

**groups** () → Generator[*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup, None, None*]  
Returns a generator over all groups and their subgroups.

**has** (*label: str*) → *bool*  
Checks if a parameter with the given label is in the group or in a subgroup.  
**Parameters** **label** – The label of the parameter.

**items** () → a set-like object providing a view on D's items

**keys** () → a set-like object providing a view on D's keys

**classmethod known\_formats** () → *dict[str, Callable]*

**property label**  
Label of the group.

**markdown** () → *str*  
Formats the *ParameterGroup* as markdown string.

**pop** (*k[, d]*) → *v*, remove specified key and return the corresponding value.  
If key is not found, d is returned if given, otherwise KeyError is raised

**popitem** (/)  
Remove and return a (key, value) pair as a 2-tuple.  
Pairs are returned in LIFO (last-in, first-out) order. Raises KeyError if the dict is empty.

**property root\_group**  
Root of the group.

**set\_from\_label\_and\_value\_arrays** (*labels: list[str], values: np.ndarray*)  
Updates the parameter values from a list of labels and values.

**setdefault** (*key, default=None, /*)  
Insert key with a value of default if key is not in the dictionary.  
Return the value for key if key is in the dictionary, else default.

**to\_csv** (*filename: str, delimiter: str = ','*)  
Writes a *ParameterGroup* to a CSV file.  
**Parameters**  
• **filepath** – The path to the CSV file.

- **delimiter** (*str*) – The delimiter of the CSV file.

**to\_dataframe()** → pandas.core.frame.DataFrame

**update** ([*E*], \*\**F*) → None. Update *D* from dict/iterable *E* and *F*.

If *E* is present and has a *.keys()* method, then does: for *k* in *E*: *D[k] = E[k]* If *E* is present and lacks a *.keys()* method, then does: for *k, v* in *E*: *D[k] = v* In either case, this is followed by: for *k* in *F*: *D[k] = F[k]*

**update\_parameter\_expression()**

Updates all parameters which have an expression.

**values()** → an object providing a view on *D*'s values

## Exceptions

### Exception Summary

ParameterNotFoundException	Raised when a Parameter is not found in the Group.
----------------------------	--

### ParameterNotFoundException

```
exception glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterNotFoundException(path,  
label)
```

Raised when a Parameter is not found in the Group.

## 12.1.8 parse

Glotarans parsing package

## Modules

<i>glotaran.parse.parser</i>	Functions for reading and parsing models from serialized representations.
------------------------------	---

<i>glotaran.parse.register</i>	A register for models
--------------------------------	-----------------------

## parser

Functions for reading and parsing models from serialized representations.

### Functions

#### Summary

---

`load_yaml`

---

`load_yaml_file`

---

`parse_spec`

---

`parse_yaml`

---

<code>parse_yaml_file</code>	parse_yaml_file reads the given file and parses its content as YML.
------------------------------	---

---

#### load\_yaml

glotaran.parse.parser.**load\_yaml** (*data*: str)

#### load\_yaml\_file

glotaran.parse.parser.**load\_yaml\_file** (*filename*: str)

#### parse\_spec

glotaran.parse.parser.**parse\_spec** (*spec*: Dict)

#### parse\_yaml

glotaran.parse.parser.**parse\_yaml** (*data*: str)

#### parse\_yaml\_file

glotaran.parse.parser.**parse\_yaml\_file** (*filename*: str) → Dict  
parse\_yaml\_file reads the given file and parses its content as YML.

**Parameters** `filename` (str) – filename is the of the file to parse.

**Returns** `content` – The content of the file as dictionary.

**Return type** Dict

## register

A register for models

### Functions

#### Summary

<code>get_model</code>	get_model gets a model from the register.
<code>known_model</code>	known_model returns True if the model_type is in the register.
<code>known_model_names</code>	
<code>register_model</code>	register_model registers a model.

#### get\_model

`glotaran.parse.register.get_model(model_type: str) → Model`  
get\_model gets a model from the register.

**Parameters** `model_type` – model\_type is type of the model.

#### known\_model

`glotaran.parse.register.known_model(model_type: str) → bool`  
known\_model returns True if the model\_type is in the register.

**Parameters** `model_type` – model\_type is type of the model.

#### known\_model\_names

`glotaran.parse.register.known_model_names() → list[str]`

#### register\_model

`glotaran.parse.register.register_model(model_type: str, model: Model)`  
register\_model registers a model.

**Parameters**

- `model_type` – model\_type is type of the model.
- `model` – model is the model to be registered.

**util****Functions****Summary**

<code>list_string_to_tuple</code>	Converts a list of strings (representing tuples) to a list of tuples
<code>sanitize_dict_keys</code>	Sanitize the stringified tuple dict keys in a yaml parsed dict
<code>sanitize_dict_values</code>	Sanitizes a dict with broken tuples inside modifying it in-place Broken tuples are tuples that are turned into strings by the yaml parser.
<code>sanitize_list_with_broken_tuples</code>	Sanitize a list with ‘broken’ tuples
<code>sanitize_yaml</code>	Sanitize a yaml-returned dict for key or (list) values containing tuples
<code>string_to_tuple</code>	[summary]

**list\_string\_to\_tuple**

`glotaran.parse.util.list_string_to_tuple(a_list: List[str]) → List[Union[str, float]]`

Converts a list of strings (representing tuples) to a list of tuples

**Parameters** `a_list` (`List[str]`) – A list of strings, some of them representing (numbered) tuples

**Returns** A list of the (numbered) tuples represented by the incoming `a_list`

**Return type** `List[Union[float, str]]`

**sanitize\_dict\_keys**

`glotaran.parse.util.sanitize_dict_keys(d: dict) → dict`

Sanitize the stringified tuple dict keys in a yaml parsed dict

**Keys representing a tuple, e.g. ‘(s1, s2)’ are converted to a tuple of strings** e.g. (‘s1’, ‘s2’)

**Parameters** `d` (`dict`) – A dict containing tuple-like string keys

**Returns** A dict with tuple-like string keys converted to tuple keys

**Return type** `dict`

## sanitize\_dict\_values

```
glotaran.parse.util.sanitize_dict_values(d: dict)
```

Sanitizes a dict with broken tuples inside modifying it in-place Broken tuples are tuples that are turned into strings by the yaml parser. This functions calls `sanitize_list_with_broken_tuples` to glue the broken strings together and then calls `list_to_tuple` to turn the list with tuple strings back to number tuples.

**Args:** d (dict): A (complex) dict containing (possibly nested) values of broken tuple strings

## sanitize\_list\_with\_broken\_tuples

```
glotaran.parse.util.sanitize_list_with_broken_tuples(mangled_list:  
          List[Union[str,  
                     float]]) → List[str]
```

Sanitize a list with ‘broken’ tuples

A list of broken tuples as returned by yaml when parsing tuples. e.g parsing the list of tuples [(3,100), (4,200)] results in a list of str [‘(3’, ‘100)’, ‘(4’, ‘200)’] which can be restored to a list with the tuples restored as strings [‘(3, 100)’, ‘(4, 200)’]

**Parameters** `mangled_list` (`List[Union[str, float]]`) – A list with strings representing tuples broken up by round brackets.

**Returns** A list containing the restores tuples (in string form) which can be converted back to numbered tuples using `list_string_to_tuple`

**Return type** `List[str]`

## sanitize\_yaml

```
glotaran.parse.util.sanitize_yaml(d: dict, do_keys: bool = True, do_values: bool  
                                  = False) → dict
```

Sanitize a yaml-returned dict for key or (list) values containing tuples

**Parameters** `d` (`dict`) – a dict resulting from parsing a pyglotaran model spec yml file

**Returns** a sanitized dict with (broken) string tuples restored as proper tuples

**Return type** `dict`

## string\_to\_tuple

```
glotaran.parse.util.string_to_tuple(tuple_str: str, from_list=False) →  
          Union[Tuple[float], Tuple[str], float, str]
```

[summary]

**Parameters**

- `tuple_str` (`str`) – A string representing some tuple to convert the numbers inside the string tuple are mapped to float
- `from_list` (`bool, optional`) – only if true will a single number string be converted to float, otherwise returned as-is since it may represent a label, by default False

**Returns** Returns the tuple intended by the string

**Return type** Union[Tuple[float], Tuple[str], float, str]



## CONTRIBUTING

Contributions are welcome, and they are greatly appreciated! Every little bit helps, and credit will always be given.

You can contribute in many ways:

### 13.1 Types of Contributions

#### 13.1.1 Report Bugs

Report bugs at <https://github.com/glotaran/pyglotaran/issues>.

If you are reporting a bug, please include:

- Your operating system name and version.
- Any details about your local setup that might be helpful in troubleshooting.
- Detailed steps to reproduce the bug.

#### 13.1.2 Fix Bugs

Look through the GitHub issues for bugs. Anything tagged with “bug” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

#### 13.1.3 Implement Features

Look through the GitHub issues for features. Anything tagged with “enhancement” and “help wanted” is open to whoever wants to implement it.

#### 13.1.4 Write Documentation

pyglotaran could always use more documentation, whether as part of the official pyglotaran docs, in docstrings, or even on the web in blog posts, articles, and such. If you are writing docstrings please use the [NumPyDoc](#) style to write them.

### 13.1.5 Submit Feedback

The best way to send feedback is to file an issue at <https://github.com/glotaran/pyglotaran/issues>.

If you are proposing a feature:

- Explain in detail how it would work.
- Keep the scope as narrow as possible, to make it easier to implement.
- Remember that this is a volunteer-driven project, and that contributions are welcome :)

## 13.2 Get Started!

Ready to contribute? Here's how to set up pyglotaran for local development.

1. Fork the pyglotaran repo on GitHub.
2. Clone your fork locally:

```
$ git clone https://github.com/<your_name_here>/pyglotaran.git
```

3. Install your local copy into a virtualenv. Assuming you have `virtualenvwrapper` installed, this is how you set up your fork for local development:

```
$ mkvirtualenv pyglotaran
(pyglotaran)$ cd pyglotaran
(pyglotaran)$ python -m pip install -r requirements_dev.txt
(pyglotaran)$ pip install -e . --process-dependency-links
```

4. Install the pre-commit hooks, to automatically format and check your code:

```
$ pre-commit install
```

5. Create a branch for local development:

```
$ git checkout -b name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

Now you can make your changes locally.

6. When you're done making changes, check that your changes pass flake8 and the tests, including testing other Python versions with tox:

```
$ pre-commit run -a
$ pytest
```

Or to run all at once:

```
$ tox
```

7. Commit your changes and push your branch to GitHub:

```
$ git add .
$ git commit -m "Your detailed description of your changes."
$ git push origin name-of-your-bugfix-or-feature
```

8. Submit a pull request through the GitHub website.

## 13.3 Pull Request Guidelines

Before you submit a pull request, check that it meets these guidelines:

1. The pull request should include tests.
2. If the pull request adds functionality, the docs should be updated. Put your new functionality into a function with a *docstring*.
3. The pull request should work for Python 3.8 Check your Github Actions [https://github.com/<your\\_name\\_here>/pyglotaran/actions](https://github.com/<your_name_here>/pyglotaran/actions) and make sure that the tests pass for all supported Python versions.

## 13.4 Docstrings

We use [numpy](#) style docstrings, which can also be autogenerated from function/method signatures by extensions for your editor.

Some extensions for popular editors are:

- [autodocstring](#) (VS-Code)
- [vim-python-docstring](#) (Vim)

---

**Note:** If your pull request improves the docstring coverage (check `pre-commit run -a interrogate`), please raise the value of the `interrogate` setting `fail-under` in `pyproject.toml`. That way the next person will improve the docstring coverage as well and everyone can enjoy a better documentation.

---

**Warning:** As soon as all our docstrings in proper shape we will enforce that it stays that way. If you want to check if your docstrings are fine you can use `pydocstyle` and `darglint`.

## 13.5 Tips

To run a subset of tests:

```
$ py.test tests.test_pyglotaran
```

## 13.6 Deploying

A reminder for the maintainers on how to deploy. Make sure all your changes are committed (including an entry in `HISTORY.rst`). Then run:

```
$ bumpversion patch # possible: major / minor / patch
$ git push
$ git push --tags
```

Github Actions will then deploy to PyPI if the tests pass.



---

CHAPTER  
**FOURTEEN**

---

## **INDICES AND TABLES**

- genindex
- modindex
- search



## **BIBLIOGRAPHY**

[1] [https://glotaran.github.io/legacy/file\\_formats](https://glotaran.github.io/legacy/file_formats)



## PYTHON MODULE INDEX

### g

glotaran, 31  
glotaran.analysis, 31  
glotaran.analysis.nnls, 32  
glotaran.analysis.optimize, 33  
glotaran.analysis.problem, 33  
glotaran.analysis.result, 49  
glotaran.analysis.scheme, 56  
glotaran.analysis.simulation, 59  
glotaran.analysis.variable\_projection,  
    60  
glotaran.builtin, 61  
glotaran.builtin.file\_formats, 61  
glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii, 61  
glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wave~~length~~\_exp~~line~~models\_file, 61  
    152  
glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.sdt, 71  
glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.sdt.sdt\_file\_reader,  
    71  
glotaran.builtin.models, 72  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image,  
    72  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.in~~glotaran~~it~~client~~format,  
    73  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.ir~~glotaran~~it~~client~~format,  
    76  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k~~glotaran~~matrix,  
    85  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k~~glotaran~~image\_dataset~~descriptor~~,  
    91  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k~~glotaran~~image\_matrix,  
    95  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k~~glotaran~~image\_reader~~descriptor~~,  
    96  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k~~glotaran~~model\_attribute,  
    99  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k~~glotaran~~model\_dataset\_descriptor,  
    107  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum~~descriptor~~,  
    108  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum~~descriptor~~,  
    109  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_sp~~ector~~,  
    112  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_sp~~ector~~,  
    112  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_sp~~ector~~,  
    128  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_c~~onfig~~,  
    129  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_c~~onfig~~,  
    135  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_r~~esult~~,  
    149  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_r~~esult~~,  
    149  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_r~~esult~~,  
    152  
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_s~~pectrum~~,  
    158  
glotaran.cli, 166  
glotaran.cli.commands, 167  
glotaran.cli.commands.explore, 167  
glotaran.cli.commands.export, 167  
glotaran.cli.commands.optimize, 167  
glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist, 168  
glotaran.cli.commands.print, 168  
glotaran.cli.commands.util, 168  
glotaran.cli.main, 173  
glotaran.examples, 182  
glotaran.examples.sequential, 183  
glotaran.io, 183  
glotaran.io.prepare\_dataset, 183  
glotaran.io.reader, 184  
glotaran.model, 185  
glotaran.model.attribute, 185  
glotaran.model.base\_model, 186  
glotaran.model.dataset\_descriptor, 189  
glotaran.model.decorator, 192  
glotaran.model.property, 195  
glotaran.model.util, 197  
glotaran.model.weight~~descriptor~~, 198  
glotaran.parameter, 200

glotaran.parameter.parameter, 201  
glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group, 206  
glotaran.parse, 216  
glotaran.parse.parser, 217  
glotaran.parse.register, 218  
glotaran.parse.util, 219

# INDEX

## A

a\_matrix() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrix method*), 90  
a\_matrix\_as\_markdown() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrix additional\_penalty\_function method*), 90  
a\_matrix\_non\_unibranch() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrix additional\_penalty\_function method*), 90  
a\_matrix\_unibranch() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrix additional\_penalty\_function method*), 90  
add\_command() (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 179  
add\_data\_row() (*glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.TimeExplicitFile method*), 68  
add\_data\_row() (*glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.WavelengthExplicitFile method*), 70  
add\_equal\_area\_penalties() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum.additional\_penalty function method*), 126  
add\_group() (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup method*), 214  
allow\_extra\_args (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli attribute*), 179  
allow\_interspersed\_args (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli attribute*), 179  
allow\_none() (*glotaran.model.property.ModelProperty property*), 197  
apply() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraints module*), 131  
apply() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraints module*), 134  
apply() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_penalties module*), 151  
apply\_kinetic\_spectrum\_model() (*in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum module*), 113  
apply\_spectral\_constraints() (*in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum module*), 153  
apply\_spectral\_relations() (*in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum module*), 129  
apply\_shape() (*in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum module*), 153  
apply\_weights() (*in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KineticImageModel module*), 114  
apply\_spectral\_relations() (*in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum module*), 153  
axis (*glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor attribute*), 37  
additional\_penalty() (*glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem prop*-erty), 45  
attribute), 106  
property), 54  
ParameterGroup method), 214  
Cli attribute), 179  
ModelProperty property), 197  
KineticSpectrumModel  
KineticSpectrumModel  
spectral\_shape module

**B**

- backswEEP () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian) calculate\_coherent\_artifact ()  
property), 79 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method), 139
- backswEEP () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian) calculate\_dispersion ()  
property), 85 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method)
- backswEEP () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact) calculate\_dispersion ()  
property), 139 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method)
- backswEEP () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian) calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_matrices ()  
method), 143 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method)
- backswEEP () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianMultiGaussian) calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_matrices ()  
property), 148 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method)
- backswEEP\_periOD () calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_residual ()  
property), 79 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian method), 45
- backswEEP\_periOD () calculate\_index\_dependent\_grouped\_residual ()  
property), 85 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian method), 45
- backswEEP\_periOD () calculate\_index\_dependent\_ungrouped\_matrices ()  
property), 139 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact method), 45
- backswEEP\_periOD () calculate\_index\_dependent\_ungrouped\_residual ()  
property), 143 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method), 45
- backswEEP\_periOD () calculate\_index\_independent\_grouped\_matrices ()  
property), 148 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian method), 45
- bag () (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), calculate\_index\_independent\_grouped\_residual ()  
45 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method)
- baseline () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_kinetic\_imAGeDatasetDescriptor) calculate\_index\_independent\_ungrouped\_matrices ()  
property), 94 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 45
- baseline () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_dataset\_descriptor.KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor) calculate\_index\_independent\_ungrouped\_matrices ()  
property), 112 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 45

**C**

- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian) calculate\_index\_independent\_ungrouped\_residual ()  
method), 79 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 46
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian) calculate\_kinetic\_matrix\_gaussian\_irf ()  
method), 85 (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_irf)
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact) calculate\_kinetic\_matrix\_no\_irf ()  
method), 139 (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_irf)
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectralGaussian) calculate\_matrices ()  
method), 143 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 46
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussian) calculate\_matrices ()  
method), 148 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 46
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeGaussian) calculate\_residual ()  
method), 161 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 46
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeOne) calculate\_residual ()  
method), 164 (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 46
- calculate () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeZero) center ()  
method), 166 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian property), 79
- calculate\_additional\_penalty () center ()  
(glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 45 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian property), 85
- center () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussiAn

```

    property), 139
center() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGlotaran6builtinmodels.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_mod
    property), 143
center() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGlotaran.cli.main.Cli attribute),
    property), 148
center_dispersion()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianAnalysis.problem.GroupedProblem
    property), 139
center_dispersion()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussiananalysis.problem.GroupedProblem
    property), 143
center_dispersion()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussian
    property), 148
chi_square() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result prop
    erty), 54
clear() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 214
cli (class in glotaran.cli.main), 173
clp_label (glotaran.analysis.problem.LabelAndMatrix
    attribute), 38
clp_labels() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem
    property), 46
clp_labels() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact
    method), 139
clps() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property),
    46
coherent_artifact_order()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact.problem.GroupedProblem
    property), 139
coherent_artifact_width()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact
    property), 139
collect_usage_pieces() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli
    method), 180
combine() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
    method), 90
command() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 180
commands (glotaran.cli.main.Cli attribute), 180
compartment() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact
    property), 131
compartment() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact
    property), 134
compartment() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact
    property), 158
compartments() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_initial_concentration.InitialConcentration
    property), 75
compartments() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_initial_concentration.InitialConcentration
    method), 94
compartments() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifact
    method), 112
constrain_matrix_function()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_mode
    attribute), 106
    constrain_matrix_function()
        (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_mod
        method), 126
    convert() (glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList
    property), 180
    copy() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 214
    count() (glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor
    method), 35
    count() (glotaran.analysis.problem.LabelAndMatrix
    method), 38
    count() (glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor
    method), 48
    covariance_matrix()
        (glotaran.analysis.result.Result
        property), 54
    create_result_data()
        (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem
        method), 46
    spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCohherentArtifactMatrix() (in
        module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relati
    method), 154

```

**D**

```

    data (glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor at
    tribute), 35
    data () (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property),
    46
    data () (glotaran.analysis.result.Result property), 54
    data () (KMatrix
    glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme property), 59
    data_sizes (glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem
    attribute), 35
    DataFileType (class
    in
    DataFileFormat)
        (glotaran.builtin.OnfileFormat
        for main ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file),
        63
    DataFileFormat
        (glotaran.builtin.OnfileFormat
        for main ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_
    method), 65
    DataFileFormat
        (glotaran.builtin.OnfileFormat
        for main ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_
    method), 68
    DataFileFormat
        (glotaran.builtin.OnfileFormat
        for main ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_
    method), 70
    DataFileFormat
        (glotaran.builtin.OnfileFormat
        for main ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_
    method), 106
    dataset() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_mod
    property), 106
    KineticImageModel

```

```

DatasetDescriptor      (class      in   file_reader () (in module glotaran.io.reader), 184
                      glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor), 190
datasets () (glotaran.model.weight.Weight property),    fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.Initial
                     200                                         method), 75
degrees_of_freedom () (glotaran.analysis.result.Result   fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfGaussian
                      property), 54                                         method), 79
deleter () (glotaran.model.propertyModelProperty      fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMeasured
                      method), 197                                         method), 81
descriptor (glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
                     attribute), 35                                         method), 85
dispersion_center () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact
                      property), 139
dispersion_center () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralGaussian
                      property), 143
dispersion_center () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussian
                      property), 148
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
                     method), 90
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_des
                     method), 98
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacompl
                     method), 112
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.O
                     method), 134
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                     method), 139
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectra
                     method), 143
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectra
                     method), 148
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.Equ
                     method), 151
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.Spec
                     method), 158
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.Spectr
                     method), 160
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.Spectr
                     method), 164
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.Spectr
                     method), 166
fill () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.Initial
                     property), 75
fill () (glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor
                     method), 191
fill () (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time.Explicit_file,
                     method), 197
filled_dataset_descriptors () (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem
                     property), 46
finalize_data () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_im
                     method), 106
finalize_data () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_sp
                     method), 126
finalize_kinetic_image_result () (in mod
                     108
finalize_kinetic_spectrum_result () (in
                     module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum
                     method), 128
fail () (glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList
                     method), 172
fdel (glotaran.model.propertyModelProperty      at-
                     attribute), 197
fget (glotaran.model.propertyModelProperty      at-
                     attribute), 197

```

128  
`format_commands()` (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 180  
`format_epilog()` (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 180  
`format_help()` (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 180  
`format_help_text()` (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 180  
`format_options()` (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 180  
`format_usage()` (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 180  
`free_parameter_labels()` (*glotaran.analysis.result.Result property*), 54  
`from_csv()` (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup class method*), 214  
`from_dataframe()` (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup class method*), 214  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 75  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMeasured class method*), 75  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian class method*), 85  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMeasured class method*), 81  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_data class method*), 94  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_k\_matrix*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_meg class method*), 90  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_spectral*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image\_irf.KineticImageKineticSpectrum.spectral\_constraint class method*), 112  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_spectral*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image\_irf.KineticImageKineticSpectrum.spectral\_constraint class method*), 132  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_spectral*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image\_irf.KineticImageKineticSpectrum.spectral\_constraint class method*), 106  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 112  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 126  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 132  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 135  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 139  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 144  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 148  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 152  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 158  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 162  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianMultiGaussian*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 164  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_penalty*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 166  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_penalty*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 151  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_penalty*, *glotaran.builtin.models.dataset\_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor class method*), 191  
`from_dict()` (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape*, *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum\_irf.IrfGaussian class method*), 200

```

from_list() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
    at_name() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
        class method), 214
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
from_list_or_value()
    Parameter (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
        class method), 205
    get_format_name() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
from_yaml() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
    method), 68
    class method), 214
    get_format_name() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
from_yaml_file() (glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme)
    class method), 59
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
from_yaml_file() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
    method), 180
    class method), 214
    get_help_option() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 180
fromkeys() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
    method), 215
    get_help_option_names() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli
fset (glotaran.model.property.ModelProperty) at_
    tribute), 197
    get_initial_concentration()
ftol() (glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme property), 59
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.Kine
full() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KMatrix)
    KMatrix method), 106
    method), 91
    get_initial_concentration()
full_k_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 98
    (glotaran.builtin.impl.KineticImageModelAndKinetic_
full_label() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
    get_interval_number() (in module
        property), 205
        glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file),
full_penalty() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem)
    property), 46
    get_irf() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.
        method), 106
    get_irf() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_
get() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup)
    method), 215
    get_k_matrices() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_im
get_command() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 180
get_data_file_format() (in module
    glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file),
    method), 112
    get_k_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_im
get_data_row() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_
    method), 65
    get_k_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spe
get_data_row() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_
    method), 68
    get_label_value_and_bounds_arrays()
get_data_row() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_
    method), 70
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.Kine
get_dataset() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result)
    method), 54
    get_megacomplex() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_im
get_dataset() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_
    method), 106
    get_megacomplex()
get_dataset() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 126
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_modu
get_explicit_axis()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
        method), 65
    get_missing_message() (glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList
get_explicit_axis()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
        method), 68
    get_model() (in module glotaran.parse.register), 218
get_explicit_axis()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.
        method), 70
    get_nr_roots() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
        method), 215
    get_observations() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.

```

```

        method), 65
get_observations()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.TimeExplicitFile
        method), 68
get_observations()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.WavelengthExplicitFile
        method), 70
get_params() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 180
get_scheme() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result
    method), 54
get_secondary_axis()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.ExplicitFile_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.TimeExplicitFile
        method), 65
get_secondary_axis()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.WavelengthExplicitFile
        method), 68
get_secondary_axis()
    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.WavelengthExplicitFile
        method), 70
get_shape() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.KineticSpectrumModel.KineticSpectrumModel.image
    method), 126
get_short_help_str() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli
    method), 180
get_usage() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 180
get_value_and_bounds_for_optimization()
    (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
        method), 206
getter() (glotaran.model.propertyModelProperty
    method), 197
global_axis(glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor
    attribute), 48
global_dimension(glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KineticImageModel.KineticImageModel.image
    attribute), 106
global_dimension(glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.KineticSpectrumModel.KineticSpectrumModel.image
    attribute), 126
global_interval() (glotaran.model.weight.Weight
    property), 200
global_matrix(glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KineticImageModel.KineticImageModel.image
    attribute), 106
global_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.KineticSpectrumModel.KineticSpectrumModel
    static method), 126
glotaran
    module, 31
glotaran.analysis
    module, 31
glotaran.analysis.nnls
    module, 32
glotaran.analysis.optimize
    module, 33
glotaran.analysis.problem
    module, 33
glotaran.analysis.result
    module, 49
glotaran.analysis.scheme
    module, 56
glotaran.analysis.simulation
    glotaran.analysis.variable_projection
        module, 60
    glotaran.builtin.file_formats
        module, 61
    glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii
        module, 61
    glotaran.builtin.file_formats.sdt
        module, 71
    glotaran.builtin.file_formats.sdt.sdt_file_reader
        module, 72
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration
        module, 73
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf
        module, 76
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix
        module, 85
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image
        module, 91
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image
        module, 95
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KineticImageModel.KineticImageModel.image
        module, 96
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.KineticSpectrumModel.KineticSpectrumModel.image
        module, 99
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image
        module, 107
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KineticImageModel.KineticImageModel.image
        module, 108
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.KineticSpectrumModel.KineticSpectrumModel.image
        module, 109
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum
        module, 112
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum
        module, 112
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum
        module, 128
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral
        module, 129
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral
        module, 135
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral
        module, 149
    glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral
        module, 150

```

```
    module, 149
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrumg$parameter_group
    module, 152
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrumg$parameter_group
    module, 158
glotaran.cli
    module, 166
glotaran.cli.commands
    module, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.explore
    module, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.export
    module, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.optimize
    module, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist
    module, 168
glotaran.cli.commands.print
    module, 168
glotaran.cli.commands.util
    module, 168
glotaran.cli.commands.validate
    module, 172
glotaran.cli.main
    module, 173
glotaran.examples
    module, 182
glotaran.examples.sequential
    module, 183
glotaran.io
    module, 183
glotaran.io.prepare_dataset
    module, 183
glotaran.io.reader
    module, 184
glotaran.model
    module, 185
glotaran.model.attribute
    module, 185
glotaran.model.base_model
    module, 186
glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor
    module, 189
glotaran.model.decorator
    module, 192
glotaran.model.property
    module, 195
glotaran.model.util
    module, 197
glotaran.model.weight
    module, 198
glotaran.parameter
    module, 200
glotaran.parameter.parameter
    module, 201
glotaran.parse.parser
    module, 206
glotaran.parse.register
    module, 216
glotaran.parse.util
    module, 219
group (glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem attribute), 35
group() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 181
group_tolerance()
    (glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme property), 59
grouped() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46
grouped() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.method), 106
grouped() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.method), 126
grouped() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model)
    115
GroupedProblem (class in glotaran.analysis.problem), 34
GroupedProblemDescriptor (class in glotaran.analysis.problem), 36
groups() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46
groups() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup method), 215
gtol() (glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme property), 59
```

## H

```
has() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup method), 215
has_additional_penalty_function
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.KineticImageModel attribute), 106
has_additional_penalty_function()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.KineticSpectrumModel method), 126
has_kinetic_model_constraints() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model)
    115
has_matrix_constraints_function
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.KineticImageModel attribute), 106
has_matrix_constraints_function()
    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_model.KineticSpectrumModel method), 126
```

has\_scaling (*glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem attribute*), 35

has\_spectral\_penalties () (in module *interval () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint.glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_property)*), 132  
115

|

ignore\_unknown\_options (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli attribute*), 181

index (*glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor attribute*), 37

index () (*glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem method*), 35

index () (*glotaran.analysis.problem.LabelAndMatrix method*), 38

index () (*glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor method*), 48

index\_dependent () (*glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property*), 46

index\_dependent () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_database method*), 106

index\_dependent () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_property*), 127

index\_dependent () (in module *glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_model*), 115

index\_dependent\_matrix () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model.KineticImageModel property*), 106

index\_dependent\_matrix () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_property*), 127

index\_dependent\_matrix () (*glotaran.model.base\_model.Model property*), 188

initial\_concentration () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_dataset.KineticImageDatasetDescriptor property*), 94

initial\_concentration () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model.KineticImageModel property*), 106

initial\_concentration () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_property*), 112

initial\_concentration () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model.KineticImageModel property*), 127

initial\_parameters () (*glotaran.analysis.result.Result property*), 55

InitialConcentration (class) in

*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration*, 73

*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint.interval () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_property)*, 135

*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraint.interval () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_relations\_property)*, 158

*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_invoke () (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method)*, 181

*involved\_compartments () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_megacompartments)*, 91

*involved\_compartments () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_property)*, 98

*Irf (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf)*, 76

*irf () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_dataset\_descproperty)*, 94

*irf () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model.KineticImageModel property)*, 106

*irf () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_database\_property)*, 112

*irf () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_model.KineticSpectrumModel)*, 115

*IrfGaussian (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.KineticSpectrumModel)*, 127

*IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf)*, 135

*IrfMeasured (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.KineticImageModel)*, 136

*IrfMultiGaussian (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf)*, 140

*IrfSpectralGaussian (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf)*, 140

*IrfSpectralMultiGaussian (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf)*, 141

*is\_composite (glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList attribute)*, 172

*J*

*jacobian () (glotaran.analysis.result.Result property)*, 55

**K**

label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.IrfMeasuredProperty), 81  
k\_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_property), 98  
k\_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_property), 106  
k\_matrix() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_property), 91  
Keys (class in glotaran.parameter.parameter), 201  
keys() (glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup\_label()), 215  
kinetic\_image\_matrix() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model), 99  
kinetic\_image\_matrix() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_matrix), 112  
kinetic\_image\_matrix() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian), 95  
kinetic\_image\_matrix\_implementation() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_matrix), 140  
kinetic\_matrix() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectra), 148  
kinetic\_spectrum\_matrix() (in module glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_matrix), 115  
KineticImageDatasetDescriptor (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_datasetDescriptor), 166  
KineticImageMegacomplex (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_megacomplex), 191  
KineticImageModel (class in glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup), 215  
KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor (class in glotaran.analysis.problem), 37  
KineticSpectrumModel (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum), 181  
KMatrix (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_k\_matrix), 219  
known\_formats() (glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup\_class method), 215  
known\_model() (in module glotaran.parse.register), 218  
known\_model\_names() (in module glotaran.parse.register), 218

**L**

label(glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblemDescriptor\_attribute), 37  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration.InitialConcentration\_property), 75  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian\_property), 79

**M**

label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMeasuredProperty), 81  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.IrfMultiGaussianProperty), 98  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrixProperty), 106  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image\_dataset\_property), 94  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image\_megacomplex\_property), 98  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_data\_property), 112  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianProperty), 140  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectraProperty), 144  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeProperty), 148  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeProperty), 162  
label() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeProperty), 164  
label() (glotaran.model.dataset\_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor), 166  
LabelAndMatrix (class in glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 181  
load\_dataset\_file() (in module glotaran.cli.commands.util), 169  
load\_model\_file() (in module glotaran.cli.commands.util), 169  
load\_parameter\_file() (in module glotaran.cli.commands.util), 169  
load\_scheme\_file() (in module glotaran.cli.commands.util), 169  
load\_yaml() (in module glotaran.parse.parser), 217  
load\_yaml\_file() (in module glotaran.parse.parser), 217  
location() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.SpectralShapeProperty), 162  
main() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 181

make\_context() (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 181  
 make\_parser() (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli method*), 181  
 markdown() (*glotaran.analysis.result.Result method*), 55  
 markdown() (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme method*), 59  
 markdown() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image method*), 106  
 markdown() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum method*), 127  
 markdown() (*glotaran.model.base\_model.Model method*), 188  
 markdown() (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup method*), 215  
 matrices() (*glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property*), 46  
 matrix (*glotaran.analysis.problem.LabelAndMatrix attribute*), 38  
 matrix() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrix property*), 91  
 matrix() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image model*), 106  
 matrix() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum static method*), 127  
 matrix\_as\_markdown() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.KMatrix method*), 91  
 MAX (*glotaran.parameter.parameter.Keys attribute*), 202  
 maximum() (*glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter property*), 206  
 maximum\_number\_function\_evaluations() (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme property*), 59  
 megacomplex() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image property*), 94  
 megacomplex() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image model*), 106  
 megacomplex() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum property*), 112  
 megacomplex() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum model*), 127  
 megacomplex() (*glotaran.model.dataset\_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor property*), 191  
 MIN (*glotaran.parameter.parameter.Keys attribute*), 202  
 minimum() (*glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter property*), 206  
 Model (*class in glotaran.model.base\_model*), 186  
 model() (*glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property*), 46  
 model() (*glotaran.analysis.result.Result property*), 55  
 model() (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme property*), 59  
 model() (*in module glotaran.model.decorator*), 193  
 model\_attribute() (*in module*  
*glotaran.model.attribute*), 185  
 model\_attribute\_typed() (*in module*  
*glotaran.model.attribute*), 186  
 model\_axis (*glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor attribute*), 48  
 model\_dimension (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image model*), 106  
 model\_dimension (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum model*), 127  
 model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian property*), 140  
 model\_groupdispersion\_with\_wavenumber() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectral property*), 144  
 model\_dispersion\_with\_wavenumber() (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectral property*), 148  
 model\_type() (*glotaran.model.base\_model.Model property*), 189  
 ModelProperty (*class in glotaran.model.property*), 195  
 module  
 glotaran, 31  
 glotaran.analysis, 31  
 glotaran.analysis.nnls, 32  
 glotaran.analysis.optimize, 33  
 glotaran.analysis.result, 49  
 glotaran.analysis.simulation, 59  
 60  
 glotaran.builtin.file\_formats, 61  
 glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii, 61  
 glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength, 61  
 glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.sdt, 71  
 glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.sdt.sdt\_file\_read, 71  
 glotaran.builtin.models, 72  
 glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image, 72  
 glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_c, 73

```
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irfglotaran.model.base_model, 186
    76
        glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor,
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrixglotaran.model.dataset_descriptor, 189
    85
        glotaran.model.decorator, 192
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kigglotaran.magedataprepedescriptor, 195
    91
        glotaran.model.util, 197
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kigglotaran.magedataprepedescriptor, 198
    95
        glotaran.parameter, 200
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kigglotaran.magedataprepedescriptor, 201
    96
        glotaran.parameter.parameter_group,
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetglotaran.image_model, 206
    99
        glotaran.parse, 216
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kigglotaran.magedataprepedescriptor, 217
    107
        glotaran.parse.register, 218
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrumglotaran.parse.util, 219
    108
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration.In
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinmethod, 75
    109
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfGaussian
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinmethod, 79
    112
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMeasured
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinmethod, 81
    112
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinmethod, 85
    128
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.k_matrix.KMatrix
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spmethod, 91
    129
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_dataset_
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spmethod, 94
    135
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_megacon
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spmethod, 98
    149
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_da
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spmethod, 102
    149
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints_
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spmethod, 102
    152
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints_
glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spmethod, 135
    158
        mprint () (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGauss
glotaran.cli, 166
glotaran.cli.commands, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.explore, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.export, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.optimize, 167
glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist, 168
glotaran.cli.commands.print, 168
glotaran.cli.commands.util, 168
glotaran.cli.commands.validate, 172
glotaran.cli.main, 173
glotaran.examples, 182
glotaran.examples.sequential, 183
glotaran.io, 183
glotaran.io.prepare_dataset, 183
glotaran.io.reader, 184
glotaran.model, 185
glotaran.model.attribute, 185
glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor, 186
    76
        glotaran.model.decorator, 192
glotaran.model.dataset_descriptor, 189
    85
        glotaran.model.util, 197
glotaran.model.parameter, 200
glotaran.model.weight.Weight method), 200
```

**N**

name (*glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList* attribute), 172  
 name (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli* attribute), 182  
 nnls () (*glotaran.analysis.result.Result* property), 55  
 NON\_NEG (*glotaran.parameter.parameter.Keys* attribute), 202  
 non\_negative () (*glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter* property), 206  
 non\_negative\_least\_squares () (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme* property), 59  
 normalize () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian* method), 148  
 property), 79  
 normalize () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian* property), 152  
 property), 85  
 normalize () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian* property), 140  
 property), 144  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 148  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 152  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 155  
 parameter\_group (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 155  
 parameter\_group (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 155  
 parameters () (*glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem* property), 207  
 parameters () (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme* property), 148  
 parameters () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration* property), 75  
 parameters () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentrat*  
 property), 75  
 params (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli* attribute), 182  
 parse\_args () (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli* method), 182  
 parse\_spec () (*in module glotaran.parse.parser*), 217  
 parse\_yaml () (*in module glotaran.parse.parser*), 217  
 parse\_yaml\_file () (*in module glotaran.parse.parser*), 217  
 plugin\_list\_cmd () (*in module glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist*), 168  
 pop () (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup* method), 215  
 popitem () (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup* method), 215  
 prepare\_time\_trace\_dataset () (*in module glotaran.io.prepare\_dataset*), 183  
 print\_constraint () (*in module glotaran.cli.commands.print*), 168  
 Problem (*class in glotaran.analysis.problem*), 38  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme* method), 59  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image* method), 106  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spe*  
 module), 127  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.model.base\_model.Model* method), 189  
 ProblemDescriptor (*class in glotaran.analysis.problem*), 47  
 property), 55

**P**

Parameter (*class in glotaran.parameter.parameter*), 202  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian* method), 79  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian* method), 85  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian* method), 140  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 148  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 152  
 parameter () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 155  
 ParameterGroup (*class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfS*  
 property), 155  
 parameters () (*glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem* property), 207  
 parameters () (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme* property), 148  
 parameters () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentration* property), 75  
 parameters () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.initial\_concentrat*  
 property), 75  
 params (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli* attribute), 182  
 parse\_args () (*glotaran.cli.main.Cli* method), 182  
 parse\_spec () (*in module glotaran.parse.parser*), 217  
 parse\_yaml () (*in module glotaran.parse.parser*), 217  
 parse\_yaml\_file () (*in module glotaran.parse.parser*), 217  
 plugin\_list\_cmd () (*in module glotaran.cli.commands.pluginlist*), 168  
 pop () (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup* method), 215  
 popitem () (*glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup* method), 215  
 prepare\_time\_trace\_dataset () (*in module glotaran.io.prepare\_dataset*), 183  
 print\_constraint () (*in module glotaran.cli.commands.print*), 168  
 Problem (*class in glotaran.analysis.problem*), 38  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.analysis.scheme.Scheme* method), 59  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image* method), 106  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spe*  
 module), 127  
 problem\_list () (*glotaran.model.base\_model.Model* method), 189  
 ProblemDescriptor (*class in glotaran.analysis.problem*), 47  
 property), 55

## R

    retrieve\_decay\_associated\_data() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KMatrix`)  
rates() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k\_matrix.KMatrix method), 91  
read() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.ExplicitFile retrieve\_file\_explicit\_file (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
read() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.TimeExplicitFile retrieve\_related\_clps() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
read() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.TimeExplicitFile retrieve\_spectral\_clps() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations`), 155  
read\_ascii\_time\_trace() (in module `glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file`, retrieve\_species\_associated\_data() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
62  
read\_data\_file() (in module `glotaran.io.reader`), retrieve\_spectral\_clps() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_mode` 184  
read\_sdt() (in module `glotaran.builtin.file_formats.sdt.sdt_file_reader`), root\_group() (glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup property), 215  
71  
Reader (class in `glotaran.io.reader`), 184  
reduced() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.k\_matrix.KMatrix property), 55  
method), 91  
reduced\_chi\_square() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result property), 55  
reduced\_clp\_labels() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46  
reduced\_clps() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46  
reduced\_matrices() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46  
register\_model() (in module `glotaran.parse.register`), 218  
reset() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem method), 46  
residual\_nnls() (in module `glotaran.analysis.nnls`), 32  
residual\_variable\_projection() (in module `glotaran.analysis.variable_projection`), 60  
residuals() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46  
resolve\_command() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 182  
Result (class in `glotaran.analysis.result`), 49  
result\_callback (glotaran.cli.main.Cli attribute), 182  
resultcallback() (glotaran.cli.main.Cli method), 182  
retrieve\_clp\_function (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_clp.Function attribute), 107  
retrieve\_clp\_function() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_clp.Function attribute), 127  
retrieve\_decay\_associated\_data() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
retrieve\_file\_explicit\_file (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
retrieve\_related\_clps() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
retrieve\_spectral\_clps() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations`), 155  
retrieve\_species\_associated\_data() (in module `glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_result`), 108  
root\_group() (glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup property), 215  
root\_mean\_square\_error()  
glotaran.analysis.result.Result property), 55  
sanitize\_dict\_keys() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 219  
sanitize\_dict\_values() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 220  
sanitize\_list\_with\_broken\_tuples() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 220  
sanitize\_yaml() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 220  
save() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result method), 55  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian property), 79  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian property), 85  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_dataset\_property), 94  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_megacomplex\_property), 98  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_data\_property), 112  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian property), 140  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectra property), 144  
scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectra property), 148  
scale() (glotaran.model.dataset\_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor property), 191  
Schema (class in `glotaran.analysis.scheme`), 56  
scheme() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46  
spectral\_meaning\_resolution\_property), 55

## S

    sanitize\_dict\_keys() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 219  
    sanitize\_dict\_values() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 220  
    sanitize\_list\_with\_broken\_tuples() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 220  
    sanitize\_yaml() (in module `glotaran.parse.util`), 220  
    save() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result method), 55  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian property), 79  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian property), 85  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_dataset\_property), 94  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_megacomplex\_property), 98  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_data\_property), 112  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian property), 140  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectra property), 144  
    scale() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectra property), 148  
    scale() (glotaran.model.dataset\_descriptor.DatasetDescriptor property), 191  
    Schema (class in `glotaran.analysis.scheme`), 56  
    scheme() (glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 46  
    spectral\_meaning\_resolution\_property), 55

```

select_data()           (in      module      property), 127
    glotaran.cli.commands.util), 169
select_name()           (in      module      signature_analysis()      (in      module
    glotaran.cli.commands.util), 169
set_dataset()           (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_
    method), 107
set_dataset()           (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
set_explicit_axis()    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_
    method), 65
set_explicit_axis()    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_
    method), 68
set_explicit_axis()    (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_
    method), 70
set_from_group()        (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
    method), 206
set_from_label_and_value_arrays() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 215
set_initial_concentration() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 107
set_initial_concentration() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
set_irf()               (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 107
set_irf()               (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
set_k_matrix()          (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 107
set_k_matrix()          (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
set_megacomplex()       (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 107
set_megacomplex()       (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
set_shape()              (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
set_value_from_optimization() (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
    method), 206
setdefault()             (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 215
setter()                (glotaran.model.propertyModelProperty
    method), 197
shape()                 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    property), 112
shape()                 (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 127
module      property), 127
    signature_analysis()      (in      module
        glotaran.cli.commands.util), 170
simulate()              (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_
        method), 107
simulate()              (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_
        method), 127
simulate()              (glotaran.model.base_model.Model
        method), 189
source()                (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.E
    ExplicitFile), 60
source()                (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.E
    ExplicitFile), 68
source()                (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.E
    ExplicitFile), 70
spectral_matrix()        (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_
    method), 116
spectral_relations()    (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 128
SpectralConstraint        (class      in
    SpectralShape), 132
SpectralShape            (class      in
    SpectralShape), 159
spectral_shape()          (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_
    method), 159
spectral_shape()          (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_
    method), 159
split_envvar_value()     (glotaran.cli.commands.util.ValOrRangeOrList
    method), 172
standard_error()          (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
    method), 206
string_to_tuple()         (in module glotaran.parse.util),
    220
success()                (glotaran.analysis.result.Result
    property), 220
dataset_descriptor.KineticSpectrumDatasetDescriptor
    220
KineticSpectrumModel
    220

```

## T

```

target() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.EpsilonAraPenalty.Scheme method),
    property), 152                                         59
target() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_relations.SpectralRelationmodels.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_model.KineticImageModel method), 107
target_intervals() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_penalties.Eta2AreaPenalty
    property), 152                                         valid() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_mod
                                                               eticalScheme method), 128
termination_reason() (glotaran.analysis.result.Result
    property), 56                                         valid_label() (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
                                                               class method), 206
time_explicit (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.DtandFileTypes.scheme.Scheme
    attribute), 63                                         method), 59
TimeExplicitFile (class
    in validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.initial_concentration
        glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file), 75
                                                               validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 66
times() (glotaran.builtin.file_formats.ascii.wavelength_time_explicit_file.WavelengthExplicitFile
    method), 70                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMeasured
                                                               method), 70
to_csv() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 215                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
                                                               method), 81
to_dataframe() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 216                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.KMatrix
                                                               method), 85
transformed_expression() (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter
    property), 206                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_data
                                                               method), 91
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfGaussian
    property), 79                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_mega
                                                               method), 98
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMeasured
    property), 81                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.kinetic_image_mode
                                                               method), 107
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian
    property), 85                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_
                                                               method), 112
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.OnlyGaussians
    property), 132                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.kinetic_spectrum_
                                                               method), 128
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints.ZerGaussians
    property), 135                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_constraints
                                                               method), 132
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
    property), 140                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 135
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralGaussian
    property), 144                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 140
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussian
    property), 148                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 144
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralShape
    property), 162                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 148
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralShape
    property), 164                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 152
type() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfSpectralShapeZero
    property), 166                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_irf.IrfGaussian
                                                               method), 158

```

## V

```

validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape
    method), 162
update() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 216                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape
                                                               method), 164
update_parameter_expression() (glotaran.parameter.parameter_group.ParameterGroup
    method), 216                                         validate() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic_spectrum.spectral_shape.SpectralShape
                                                               method), 166
                                                               validate() (glotaran.model.base_model.Model
                                                               method), 166

```

*method), 189*  
*validate() (glotaran.model.dataset\_descriptor.DatasetDescriptorproperty), 162*  
*method), 191*  
*validate() (glotaran.model.propertyModelProperty), 197*  
*method), 197*  
*validate() (glotaran.model.weight.Weight method), 200*  
*validate\_cmd() (in module glotaran.cli.commands.validate), 173*  
*ValOrRangeOrList (class in glotaran.cli.commands.util), 170*  
*value() (glotaran.model.weight.Weight property), 200*  
*value() (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter property), 206*  
*values() (glotaran.parameter.parameter\_group.ParameterGroup method), 216*  
*VARY (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Keys attribute), 202*  
*vary() (glotaran.parameter.parameter.Parameter property), 206*

**W**

*wavelength\_explicit*  
*(glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.attribute), 63*  
*WavelengthExplicitFile (class in glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file), 68*  
*wavelengths() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file.WavelengthExplicitFile method), 70*  
*Weight (class in glotaran.model.weight), 198*  
*weight (glotaran.analysis.problem.GroupedProblem attribute), 35*  
*weight (glotaran.analysis.problem.ProblemDescriptor attribute), 48*  
*weight() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_penalties.EqualAreaPenalty property), 152*  
*weighted\_residuals()*  
*(glotaran.analysis.problem.Problem property), 47*  
*weights() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.kinetic\_image\_model.KineticImageModel property), 107*  
*weights() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.kinetic\_spectrum\_model.KineticSpectrumModel property), 128*  
*width() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfGaussian property), 79*  
*width() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_image.irf.IrfMultiGaussian property), 85*  
*width() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussianCoherentArtifact property), 140*  
*width() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectralGaussian property), 144*  
*width() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectralMultiGaussian property), 148*

**X**

*width() (glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_shape.Spectrum property), 140*  
*width\_dispersion()*  
*(glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfGaussian property), 140*  
*width\_dispersion()*  
*(glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectral property), 144*  
*width\_dispersion()*  
*(glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_irf.IrfSpectral property), 148*  
*wrap\_func\_as\_method() (in module glotaran.model.util), 197*  
*write() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file method), 66*  
*write() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file method), 68*  
*write() (glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file method), 71*  
*write\_ascii\_time\_trace() (in module glotaran.builtin.file\_formats.ascii.wavelength\_time\_explicit\_file), 62*  
*write\_explicit\_file.DataFileType (in module glotaran.cli.commands.util), 170*

**Z**

*ZeroConstraint (class in glotaran.builtin.models.kinetic\_spectrum.spectral\_constraints), 132*